





Lesson (1) Pages 2-5

A Vicebulely

	aparent and a second
sports event الماضي على الماضي الماض	run 🗶 run
ار (الممر حول الملب) المامر حول الملب)	العرب الجري المحاسبة running مس
athlete من العاب قوى	بننف - برمي 🐧 throw لاء
compete in initial compete	يتنز jump يتن
competition رابقة	الوثب الطويل معرفة long jump
race John Jan	الوثب العالي high jump سي
ر - يكسب 👙 سنم	بنیس measure ین
ز - کسبان نام	distance فان
medal الية	میدان - ملعب field مید
NNNNNNNN	STATOLATOLATOLATOLATOL

NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN

exciting	9	مثير	different schools	res th	مدارس مختلفة
amazing		مدهش	hope		يأمل
tired	A	متعب - مجهد	think	4	يعتقد
easy		سهل	wear	*	يرتدي
difficult		صعب	get	AN	يحصل على

Connect Plus 3



co Niep X Alboard



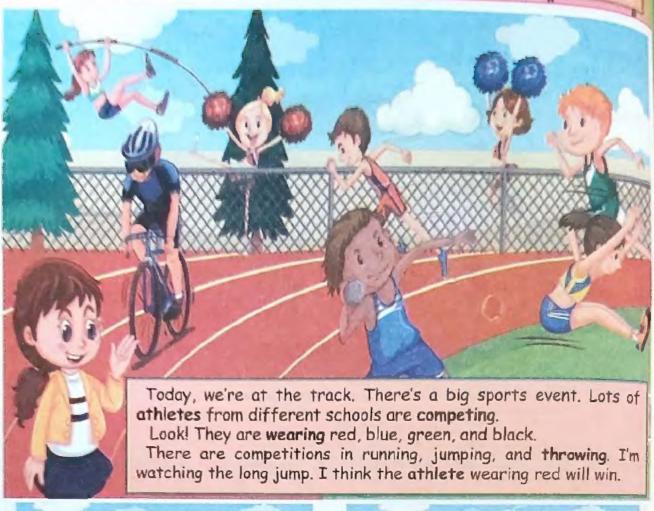
happy		سعيد	hear
quickly	This	بسرعة	today اليوم
Who	34	من	meter مثر معر
How far	2	ما بُعد (مسافة)	second فاثنية
How high	The state of the s	ما ارتفاع	كرة 🚇 تر
How long	-0-0-1	ما طول ا	as far as you can بعيدًا بقدر الإمكان

MANANANANANANANANAN

fast	سريع	faster	أسرع	the fastest	الأسرع
slow	بطيئ	slower	أبطأ	the slowest	الأبطأ
high	عالٍ	higher	أعلى	the highest	الأعلى
far	بعيد	farther	أيعد	the farthest	الأبعد



event	: a thing that happens, especially one of importance.			
track	: a bath all around the field.			
athlete	a person who is good at sports and other forms of physical exercise.			
competition	a contest in which people or teams compete against each other in a particular sport.			
race	: an event in which people compete to know the fastest.			
win	to get a prize or a medal in a competition.			
medal	: a metal disk with a design, made as a prize.			
measure	: to calculate the distance.			
field	: an outdoor area provided for children to play in, especially at a school or public park.			
amazing	: causing great surprise or wonder.			





I think the athlete wearing the green T-shirt will win.



I think our school will get a medal today!



Will it be a good competition?



It won't be easy today!



What sports do you like?I like jumping.







زمن المستقبل البسيط Future Simple Tense

Ī	Affire	الإنبات Affirmative		النفى Negative		ogative	الإستفهام
	1)		1			(1	see
	He		He			he	see
	She	will see	She	will not see		she	see
	It		It		Will	it	see
	You	'll see	You	won't see		you	see
	We		We			we	see
	They		They			they	see



will + المصدر (The bare verb)

تکون من

- Our school will get a medal today.
- The event will be amazing.
- ★We use it to express actions that will happen in the future.

پستخدم للتعبير عن أحداث سوف تحدث في المستقبل.

- He will win the next race.
- *We sometimes use some words with the future simple as:

★ توجد كلمات دالة على زمن المستقبل البسيط مثل:

tomorrow

غدًا

- next (month) (الشهر) القادم

- *It will be a good competition next month.
- *In the negative form, we use (will not (won't)) before the bare verb. * ننفى المستقبل البسيط باستخدام (will not -won't) ثم الفعل في المصدر.
- I won't go to school tomorrow.
- *In the interrogative form, we use (will) at the beginning of the question or after the question word with the bare verb.
- * عند عمل سؤال على المستقبل البسيط ، نبدأ السؤال بـ (will) أو نضعها بعد أداة الاستفهام مع الفعل في المصدر.
- *Will you go to school tomorrow?

No. I won't.

*Will he be tired?

Yes, he will.

★What will you do tomorrow?

I'll go shopping.

« لا تنسَ أن (will - won't) لابد أن يتبعا بالمصدر.

(Adjectives) Comparison المقارنة

Comparative degree:

◆ We use the comparative form to compare two people, two animals or two things.

إن الدرجة الثانية من المقارنة (الصفات) لنقارن بين شخص وشخص أو ميوان وحيوان أو شئ وشئ وهكذا.

- Dina jumped high<u>er than</u> Yara.
- Was Amir faster than Adam?
- We add (er) to the short adjective and use the word (than) after it.

🛪 نضيف للصفة القصيرة (er) ونضع بعدها كلمة (than مِن) .

تلاحظ أن صفة (far) صفة شاذة والدرحة الثانية منها (farther) .

- Youssef jumped farther than Seleem.

Superlative degree:

We use the superlative form to compare more than two people, animals or things.

 • تستخدم الدرجة الثالثة من المقارنة (الصفات) للمقارنة بين شخص ومجموعة
 من الاشخاص او حيوان ومجموعة من الحيوانات او شئ ومجموعة من الاشياء
 وهكذا.

- Talia ran the fastest.
- Who was the slowest?
- ♦ We add (est) to the short adjective and use the word (the) before it.
 * نضيف للصفة القصيرة (est) ونضع قبلها كلمة (the).
 - * لاحظ أن صفة (far) صفة شاذة والدرحة الثالثة منها (farthest).
 - Ramy jumped the farthest.





Exercises on Lesson 1

1 Supply	the miss	ing parts ir	n the followi	ng dialogue
----------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------

Hani : What sports events do you like?

Fady :.....

Hani : Are you a fast runner?

Fady :.....

Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 The (athlete track event) around the field is very long.
- (2) He can (throw jump run) the ball very far.
- 3 Lots of (medals sports athletes) are competing in the race.
- 4 I can (run jump hear) very high.
- 5 The (race winner track) is exciting. The fastest one will win.
- 6 The first winner will get a gold (medal competition race).
- (7) He (competed measured heard) in a jumping competition and won.
- (8) The first athlete will (measure compete win) a medal.
- (9) The (distance athlete medal) is very long. He's very tired.
- 10) He (throws measures jumps) how far he runs in one minute.
- 11 How (far fast old) can he jump? He can jump four meters.
- 12) How (high far fast) can he run? He can run 100 meters in 15 seconds.
- (How Who Where) was the fastest? Sherif was the fastest.
- 14 How (fast old high) can she jump? She can jump one meter.

Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- I think the athlete wearing red (win will win winning).
- 2 I think the event (was be will be) amazing tomorrow.
- 3 It (will won't is) be easy to win today. It will be difficult.
- 4 I think our school will (gets getting get) a medal.

- Unit (I)
- 5 We (will aren't won't) be sad after the race. We will be happy.
- 6 (Did Will Is) he come first in the competition? Yes, he will.
- Will she (run runs running) fast in the race?
- 8 Will you play football? No, I (will won't am).
- The winner (are will won't) be happy.
- 10 Will you wear a green T-shirt? Yes, I (won't do will).

Choose the correct word(s): Adjectives

- 1 Dina jumped (high higher the highest) than Lara.
- 2 Rana is (fast faster the fastest) girl in the class.
- 3 Who is the (slow slower slowest) boy?
- 4 Youssef jumped (farther farthest far) than Seleem.
- 5 Was Tarek (faster fast the fastest) than Amir.
- 6 Ramy jumped (the farthest far farther) of his three friends.
- The tortoise is (slow slower than the slowest) the rabbit.
- 8 Amira jumped (the highest high higher). She came first and won a medal.

6 Choose the correct word(s):

I'm at a sports event today with Mommy and my brother. Some (athletes — medals) are running. The (track — athlete) is 800 meters around the field. The (race — throw) is exciting — the athletes are running very quickly. I hope Waleed (wins — throws) today! There is a throwing competition, too. You have to (throw — jump) the ball as far as you can. Three meters is a good (race — distance) for throwing the ball. Someone (measures — competes) how far the athletes throw the ball.

That athlete (competed – measured) in a sports event and won. He can (jump – distance) really high! Now, he is getting a (track – medal)!



Supply the missing letters:



















Read and enaplete

compete - win - measuring - jump - distance - throw

- 1 The race track is a of 800 meters.
- 2 Youssef can the ball a long way.
- Salma wants to the 100 meter race.
- Miss Mona is how for you jumped.
- **5** Ten athletes will in the 200 meter race this afternoon.
- 6 Dalia can really high.



Rewrite the following sentences using the words in bra	ekets#
He got a medal.	(will)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
No, he won't play tennis.	(Will)
•	
Will he be happy?	(Yes,)

She can jump three meters.	(How far)
He's wearing a red T-shirt.	(tomorrow)
6 He can run 200 meters in one minute.	(Have foot)
The Can run 200 meters in one minute.	(How fast)
Yes, she will throw the ball.	(Will)
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
Will you compete in the sports event?	(No,)
\$	
It will be difficult to win today.	(easy)
The winner won't be sad.	(happy)
1	
Copy the following sentence:	
Just do your best and God will do	the rest.
Comost Ping 3	- 11 hours





Carried Annual Control	
do exercise المران الم	بجا نظر ما harder
عداء - متسابق على runner	work hard معز بد
train (v) بندرب	بحضر pring بحضر
يدعم - بسائد support	dealthy food معار صحی
warm up	snack رجبهٔ خفیفهٔ
record (v) المجلل record	problem
احافظ على نياقتي المجاوة get fit	about منان مانن
rrieria	parents الوالدين
ناتي إلى هنا 👼 🔭 come here	مباق ۲۰۰ م race
حصل على المركز الثاني came second	try try
مرة واحدة مرة واحدة	get your مجهز جست body ready
3 times a 🕌 مرات في week	as much as المكان I can
on the في عطلة نهاية والمستوع weekend	رنهي آيا
have fun پستمتع	together في المعاد سوزا

T3

Course Plus 3



and)) (better	أفضل
or) 	How often	کم مرة
because	614	لأن	What	ما - ماذا
SO	*	ر ندنك	Why	،لماذا
but	Fi) نکن ا	Which	أي هـ
Macabella		I NOT I SE	A TOMOTOM TOMOTOM C.	



exerci se	: activity requiring physical effort, carried out to improve health and fitness.		
runner	: a person who runs, especially in a race.		
train (v)	: to practise a particular skill.		
support a friend	to help your friend.		
warm up	: a get your body ready to do exercise.		
record (v)	to set down in writing for later reference.		
get fit	to have a healthy and sportive body.		
try harder	to work hard to do better.		
healthy food	the food that's good to your body.		
snack	: a small amount of food eaten between meals.		
worried	: anxious or troubled about actual or potential problems.		
come second	to be the next person to finish after the winner.		

B Structures

(and - or - because - so - but)

and

تربط بین جملتین مثبتتین.

♦ I like science and maths.

OF

تربط بیں جملتین منفیتین،

I don't like long jump or high jump.

تربط بين جملتين إحداهما سبب والأخرى نتيجة وتتبع بالسبب.

✦ He won the race because he ran the fastest.

تربط بين جملتين إحداهما سبب والأخرى نتيجة وتتبع بالنتبجة.

→ He ran the fastest so he won the race.

but

تربط بين جملتين يعبرا عن التناقض.

+ They played well, but they didn't win the match.

Reading

Hello! My name's Nesma and I'm at the track with my friend, Sara. Sara is an athlete, so she oes a lot of exercise. We come here three times a week. She comes with her parents once on the weekend, too.

Sara is a runner, and she has a big competition next month. I think she'll win! I'm training with her to support her, and it helps me get fit. We warm up together and we have fun! I record her race times, too.

Her best event is the 200-meter race.

She's very fast! Sara was in a race last month, but she didn't win. She came second, so she wants to try harder. She finished in 35 seconds. She wants to be faster next time. Sara always eats healthy food. We bring some fruit to the track to have a snack, and we drink lots of water.

I like helping Sara because she's a really good friend to me. She always listens when I have a problem, or if I'm worried about something. So that's why I want to help her as much as I can!





Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue

Magdy: How fast can you run?

Athlete:.....

Magdy: Do you enjoy running.

Magdy :?

Athlete: Yes, I will win the next race.

Supply the missing letters:



Choose the furred word(u) Vocabulary

- 1 You should (train sleep draw) hard to win the next race
- 2 Players usually (wony support tournup) before they start the match.
- 3 Doing (tests exercise exams) helps you to get fit.
- 4 You should (support throw shout) your friend when he needs help.
- 5 I (bring work record) her race times every time we train.
- 6 We should eat (unheart ty healthy fast) food.
- 7 I do a lot of exercise to get ($\iota p fat fit$).
- § You should support your friend when he has a (problem meal shower)

Choose the correct word(s) Structures

- 1) I like throwing (or and but) jumping.
- 2 Sara was in a race last month (but because so) she didn't win.
- 3 I can't go to the club today (so but because) I have much homework.
- 4 I don't like pizza (and or but) pasta.
- 5 He wants to come first (so because but) he trains hard.
- 6 How (high -fast -often) does Sara go to the track? Four times a week.
- 7 I think she (wins will win won) the race next month.
- 8 (Which Why How) sport do you think is easy? Running.

Complete the table using the following words:

and - but - because - so - or

- 1. I like runningjumping.
- 2. It's hard to run today it's hot.
- 3 I like running I'm not very fast.
- 4. He has a race next week he trains every day.
- 5/ She doesn't like throwing jumping.

Choose the correct word(s):

Hello! My name's Nesma and I'm at the track with my friend, Sara. Sara is an athlete, so she does a lot of exercise. We come here three times a week. She comes with her parents once on the weekend, too.

Sara is a runner, and she has a big competition next month. I think she'll win! I'm training with her to support her, and it helps me get fit. We warm up together and we have fun! I record her race times, too.

Her best event is the 200-meter race. She's very fast! Sara was in a race last month, but she didn't win. She came second, so she wants to try harder. She finished in 35 seconds. She wants to be faster next time.

Sara always eats healthy food. We bring some fruit to the track to have a snack, and we drink lots of water.

I like helping Sara because she's a really good friend to me. She always listens when I have a problem, or if I'm worried about something. So that's why I want to help her as much as I can!

Approper the northerning of the lands:

- How often does Sara go to the track?
- Why does Nesma want to help Sara?

Becheres where e ensurement ceres in ex-

- Sara (recorded won didn't win) her last race.
- They bring (chips fruit vegetables) to the track to have a snack.

i granda and an	
Write a paragraph of four-sentences on: "My far	vorite sport"
The two boarding gapus:	
What's the sport?	
Rewrite the following sentences using the words in bra	ickets:
I like fish and chicken.	(don't like)
He didn't work hard. He came fourth in the race.	(because)
Football is my favorite sport. I'm not a good footballe	r. (but)
I was hungry. I ate all my sandwiches.	(so)
He isn't good at throwing or jumping.	(is good)
She's training hard so she will win the first medal.	(because)
Copy the following sentence:	
People in glass houses, never throv	v stones.
Con To	neck Rlus (3)



the "" sounds:

c + [e - i - v]

→ (s) sound

(+ [any other letter] → (k) sound

٭ لاحظ أن في الغالب لو أتبع حرف الـ (c) بـ [e − i − y] ينطق (s) ولو اتبع بأي حرف آخر ينطق (k)،

race

space سباق

distance

bicycle مسافة

دراجة

city

ice) مدينة

ثلج

citadel

ice cream قلعة

آیس کریم

(C) sounds like (s) (C) sounds like (k) sports center جزرة carrot mice بسکوته فنران cookie policeman camera face بلاستيك plastic pencil کیك قلم رصاص cake ice جمل ثلج camel rice قهوة أرز coffee قلعة citadel بارد cold فضاء space موسيقى music

21

(Value)

My rules for being a good friend!

Never make fun of your friends! It isn't kind to laugh at people.

Never tell your friend's secrets to other people.

Never spread rumors about your friends.

Never pressure your friend to do something he or she doesn't want to do.

S Listen to your friend's ideas.

Support your friend.

If you make your friend sad, it's good to apologize. Saying sorry is important.

Have fun together!





	rules	one of a set of understood regulations or principles governing conduct within a particular activity.
2	have fun	to enjoy.
	make fun of - laugh at	to make someone angry or challenge him with insulting remarks.
		something that is kept or meant to be kept unknown or unseen by others.
ı	spread	extend over a large or increasing area or among a
ŀ	rumors	a currently circulating story or report of uncertain or
ļ	pressure (v):	to attempt to persuada (a-
C	apologize :	express regret for something that
	citadel	a fortress, typically on high ground, protecting or
		a large town.
	spread rumors pressure (v) : apologize : citadel	extend over a large or increasing area or among a great number of people. a currently circulating story or report of uncertain or doubtful truth. to attempt to persuade (someone) into doing something. express regret for something that one has done wrong. a fortress, typically on high ground, protecting or dominating a city.





Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Heba: Do you have friends?

Marwa:.....

Heba :?

Marwa: Hagar is my best friend.

Heba: How can you be a good friend?

Marwa:

Write the correct word under each picture:

apologize – swimming – scared – secrets – competition – smile



Complete the table using the following words:

spread rumors - make fun of - listen - tell secrets - pressure someone - support - have fun - apologize

Good	Bad
1	CIB
	(A)
· ·	
	CI.

Circle III

23

Connectibles 3

Choose the correct word(3) Vocabulary

- 1 Never make (sad happy fun) of your friends.
- 2 Always (support pressure listen) your friend.
- 3 Never tell your friend's (name secrets medals) to other people
- 4 Always (have do make) fun with your friends.
- (5) Never (measure spread win) rumors about your friends.
- (6) Listen to your friend's (books homework ideas).
- 7 Never (pressure measure try) your friend to do something he or she doesn't want to do.
- 8 If you make your friend sad, it's good to (laugh make fun apologize). Saying sorry is important.
- 9 He's (scared happy funny) of water. He can't do the swimming competition.
- 10 It wasn't very (sad bad kind) of him to tell your secret.

Read the passage and answer the questions

One day, Tamer was sad when he came home from school. "What's the matter?" asked his mom.

"Sherif asked me why I didn't want to do the swimming competition. I told him that I'm scared of water, but it was a secret. He told Adam and Wael, and now everyone knows. They are making fun of me."

"That wasn't very kind of Sherif," said Tamer's mom. The next day,

"That wasn't very kind of Sherif," said Tamer's mom. The next day, Tamer was a lot happier.

"How was school today, Tamer?" his mom asked.

"It was better!" said Tamer, smiling. "Sherif apologized for telling my secret. Adam and Wael said sorry for making fun of me. We're all friends again!"

Answer the following que come

- Why was Tamer sad?
- Why didn't Tamer want to do the swimming competition?

B Choose the correct ausaci:

- The next day, Tamer was a lot (sadder scared happier).
- Sherif (apologized measured spread) for telling Tamer's secret.

Connect Plus 3

24





sort and complete the table

cake - camel - citadel - city - coffee - cold - face - fact - ice - music - pencil - rice

c sounds like k	c sounds like s
	419
-	(a)
	· ·
	· ·
	⑤ · ·
	⑥ .

Copy the following sentences

Don't judge a book by its cover.







cyclists راكبوا الدراجات	countries وول
cycle معدد دراجة معادد دراجة دراجة معادد دراجة معادد دراجة معادد دراجة معادد دراجة	the Great الأهر امت الكبرى
direction اتجاه	journey رحلة
وسه (GPS) (GPS) رسه	shape منكل
the largest	شریطة صلح
challenge تعدي	keep healthy
break the بالمانية بالمانية record	heart بنة
Egyptian الشعب المصري والمصري المصري	run up to يجري حتى
Egyptian القط المصري	an hour في الساعة المساعة المساعة الساعة المساعة المس



sixtieth of a minute of time. second minute the period of 60 seconds. : the period of 60 minutes. hour centimeter: a metric unit of length, equal to one hundredth of a meter. the length of 100 centimeters. meter the length of 1000 meters. kilometer : a diagram showing the relation between variable quantities. graph : the best global and most important performance that is record (n) ever recorded. known about by many people. famous the number of points or goals achieved in a game. Score : a length or portion of time. season : a person who rides a bicycle. Cyclist

: a course along which someone or something moves.

: a call to take part in a contest or competition. direction

: an act of traveling from one place to another. challenge journey

World records

MISALAH

What is a world record? It's something which is the fastest, biggest, oldest, or smallest in the world. People in many different countries like trying to make new world records all the time.

some are Here Egyptian famous world records.

Did you know ...?

In 2017 / 2018, the Egyptian footballer Mohamed Salah set a world record when he played for the English

team, Liverpool. He scored the highest number of goals in one season - 32 goals!

Egypt's national football team has a world record too. It is for winning the Africa Cup of Nations the most times. It won seven times, in 1957, 1959, 1986,

1998, 2006, 2008, and 2010!

in 2018, cyclists And in Egypt made a new world record. They made the largest GPS drawing by bicycle! The challenge was to cycle 761 km around Egypt, and record the direction of the race. The

cyclists started at the Great Pyramids of Giza and it took three days

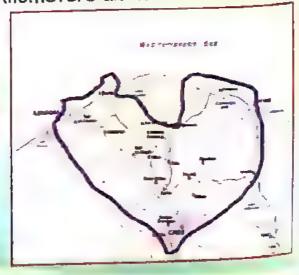
to finish.

The picture of their journey made the shape of a heart on the map! It was important because it made people think

about how important it is to keep your heart healthy.

It isn't just Egyptian people who break world records. The Egyptian Mau is the fastest cat in the world. It can run up to 48 kilometers an hour!









Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Omar :?

Adel: I'm reading a book.

Omar :?

Adel : It's about famous Egyptian world records.

Omar : Can you tell me one of these records?

Adel :

Supply the missing letters:



Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 The (second hour day) is smaller than the minute.
- 2 They made a new world (map country record). They made the largest GPS drawing.
- 3 The (centimeter kilometer millimeter) is bigger than a meter.

Step & Ahead S

Ž9

- Unit (1)
- There are three great (teams pyramids journeys) in Giza.
- (5) There are 60 seconds in a (minute hour day).
- 6 He is a fast (footballer runner cyclist). He rides his bike very fast
- 7 Messi (played scored ran) two goals in the last match.
- 8 There are 100 centimeters in a (kilometer millimeter meter).
- Mohamed Salah is a famous (cyclist athlete footballer).
- 10 The Egypt's national football team won the Africa (Ball Cup Medal) of Nations 7 times.
- 11) It was a great (challenge medal cup) to cycle 761 km around Egypt
- 12 The Egyptian Mau can run up to 48 kilometers (a an the) hour.

Read the passage and answer the questions:

In 2018, cyclists in Egypt made a new world record. They made the largest GPS drawing by bicycle! The challenge was to cycle 761 km around Egypt, and record the direction of the race. The cyclists started at the Great Pyramids of Giza, and it took three days to finish.

The picture of their journey made the shape of a heart on the map! It was important because it made people think about how important it is to keep your heart healthy.

It isn't just Egyptian people who break world records. The Egyptian Mau is the fastest cat in the world. It can run up to 48 kilometers an hour!

A Manswer the following questions:

- What's the new world record they made?
- Where did the cyclists start?



Choose the correct answer:

- The Egyptian Mau is the fastest (lion tiger cat) in the world.
- The picture made the shape of a (star heart circle) on the map.



"The Egyptian footballer you like"



→ Who's he?

- Where does he play?
- Why do you like him?
 What cups and medals he won.



Copy the following sentence:

know, the more you go. you The more









Unit

Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

(2Ms)

Hani :

Fady: Running is my favorite sport.

Fady: I go to the track 3 times a week.

Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



B Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- I think he (won wins will win) a medal next month.
- (2) Was Adam (fast faster the fastest) than Tarek?
- (3) It's hard to run today (because so but) it's raining.
- 4 You should always (support pressure measure) your friend.
- Solution Street Street
 (5) Will she (comes come came) first in the competition?
- 6 Taha jumps the (high higher highest) in the class.
- 7 I don't like high jump (and or but) long jump.
- 8 He (will won't is) do the swimming competition because he's scared of water.

Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

No, I won't make fun of my friend. (Will)

2 He can run 150 meters in 40 seconds.

(How)

Connect Plas 3

32

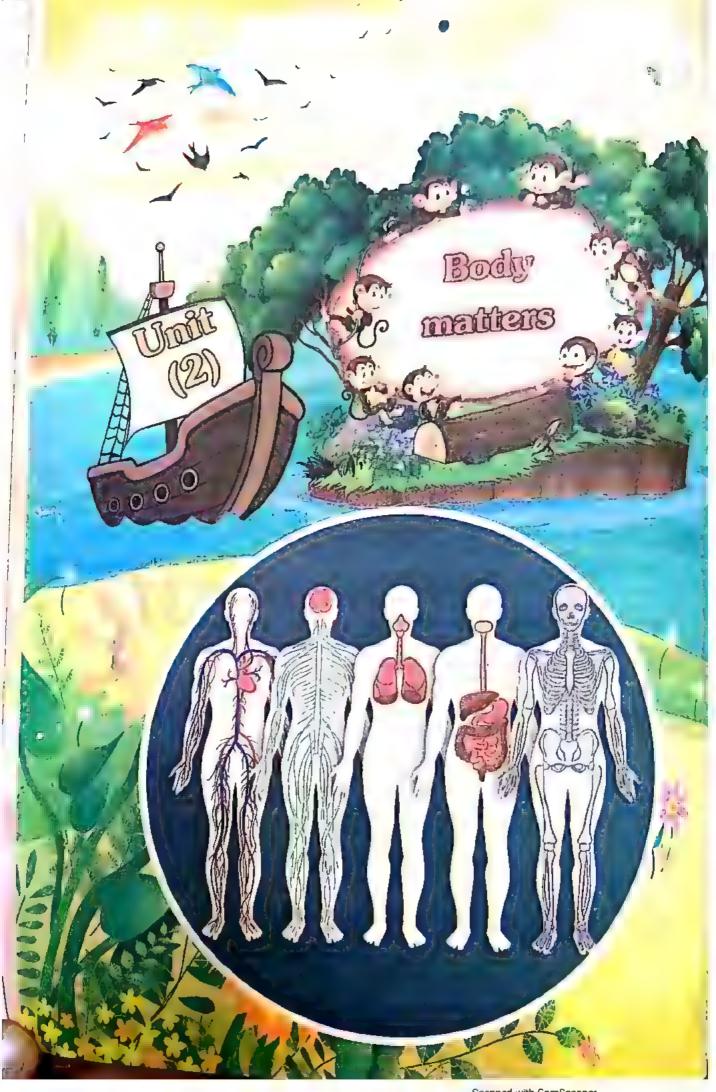




144		
Mazen can jump far. Ali can jump very far.	(than)	
What will you do tomorrow?	(1)	
and collection.		
Read the following passage and answer the questions below	(4Ms)	
What is a world record? It's something which is the fastest, oldest, or smallest in the world. People in many different of like trying to make new world records all the time. Here are some famous Egyptian world records. In 2017 / 2018, the Egyptian footballer Mohamed Salah set record when he played for the English team, Liverpool. He the highest number of goals in one season – 32 goals! Egypt's national football team has a world record too. winning the Africa Cup of Nations the most times. It wo times, in 1957, 1959, 1986, 1998, 2006, 2008, and 2010!	t a world e scored	
What's the world record?		
What record did Salah set?	• • •	
	times	
Egypt's team won the Africa Cup (six – seven – eight) Salah is a (basketball – handball – football) player.	umos.	
Write a paragraph of four someness on:	(4Ms)	
"How can you get ready for a competition"		
rideas to help you:		
Training hard. Training hard. Eating healthy food. Support from other people.	1	
***************************************	1	
Control of the state of the sta		
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)	
Actions speak louder than words.		
	}	
The same of the sa		

Chappy Intall Sala

33



Scanned with CamScanner



LEXXXXIII 1 1 Rages 17-10



~~~	~~~~	~~~~	man.		
arteries	*	شرايين	brain		المئخ.
veins	VE.	اوردة	skeleton	i de est	هرکل عظمی
blood v	essels	اوعية دموية	pump it o	it. 9	يضخه للفارج
beat	A PART	ينبض (للقلب)	oxygen	Q I	اكسجين
lungs	مستان	الرنتين	nutrients		، مواد مغذیة
	NN	NONNANN	NUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNUNU	N	
living organis	ms 💮	كانثات حية	control		بتحكم في
gas		غاز	grow		تنمو
liquid	Par 19	سانل	away from	37	بعيدًا عن
look da	rker	يبدو اغمق	without		ىدون 🐧
travel b	ack	پعود - برجع	interesting	2 sum	ممتع

Expressions

how the heart works

كيف يعمل القلب

moves blood around our body

يلقل الدم لكل أجزاء الجسم

70 times a minute

٥٠ مرة في النقيقة

make us strong

يجعلنا أقوياء



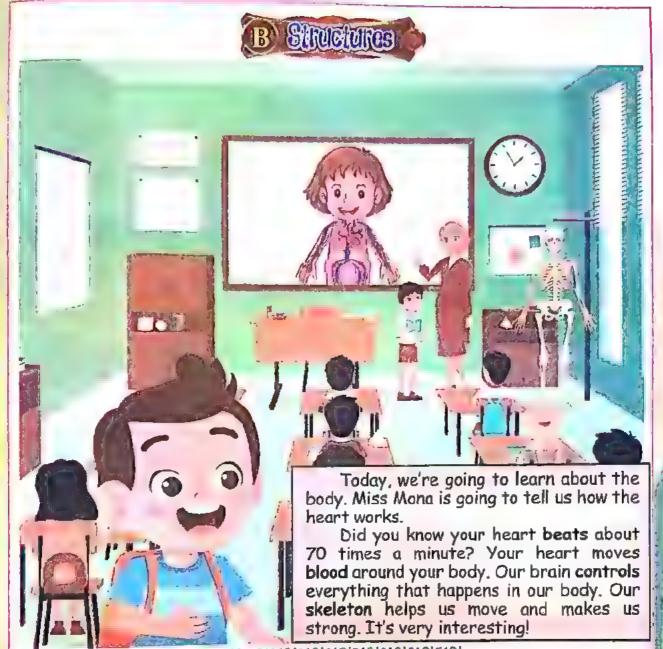


all parts of the body	كل أجزاء الجسم
the rest of the body	بقية الجسم
it was used	كبان بمستخدم
is added to the blood	يضاف للدم
That is why	لهذا السبب
pushes the blood to the lungs	يدفع الدم للرنتين
oxygenated blood	دم محمل بالأكسجين
There isn't a lot of oxygen left.	لا يوجد الكثير من الأكسجين متبقى



arteries	: these carry blood with oxygen in it away from the heart.	
veins	: these carry blood without a lot of oxygen in it to the heart.	
blood vesse	ls : veins and arteries.	
beat (v)	to strike repeatedly.	
lungs	the pair of organs situated within the rib cage, consisting of passages into which air is drawn, so that oxygen can pass into the blood and carbon dioxide be removed.	
brain	; an organ of soft nervous tissue contained in the skull.	
skeleton : all the bones that keep us strong and help us move.		
exygen : a gas which all living organisms need.		
nutrients	: we need these to help us grow.	
living organis	ms: all things that live, eat and grow.	
gas	: a substance or matter in a state in which it will expand freely to fill the whole of a container, having no fixed shape and no fixed volume.	
lquid		
blood: a liquid that cames oxygen and nutrients around your		





The heart is very important because it moves blood around your body. Blood carries oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.

Veins carry blood from the body to the heart. There isn't a lot of oxygen left in this blood because it was used in the body. That is why the blood looks darker.

The heart pushes this blood to the lungs.
In the lungs, oxygen is added to the blood.
The oxygenated blood (now with oxygen in it)
travels back to the heart and then the heart
pumps it out to the rest of the body in the arteries.





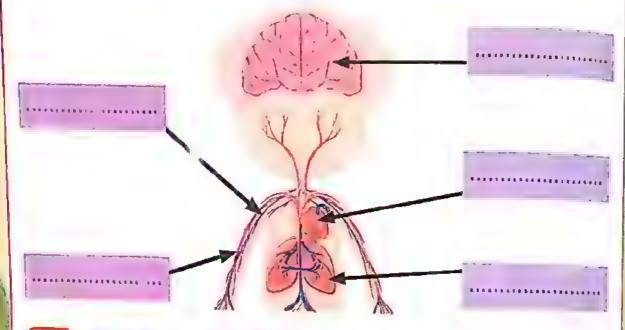




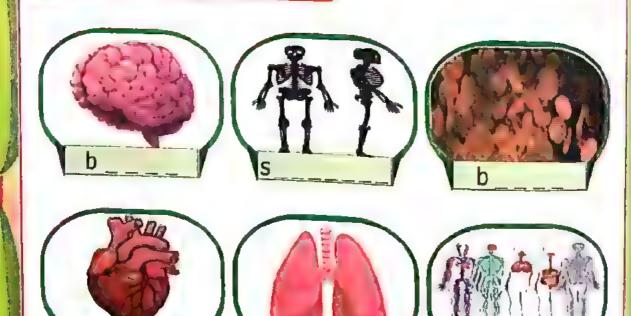


# Write using the following words:

heart - lungs - veins - arteries - brain



# Nupply the missing letters:



Connect Plus 3

38-

Along Hilland



#### Match "A" with "B"

A Town or or owner (all the	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T
'A'	<b>'B'</b>
oxygen	a) These carry blood with oxygen in it away from the heart.
nutrients 0	b) A gas which all living organisms need.
8 veins	c) A liquid that carries oxygen and nutrients around your body.
1 arteries	d) Veins and arteries.
6 blood	e) We need these to help us grow.
⁽³⁾ blood vessels	f) These carry blood without a lot of oxygen in it to the heart.

#### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Today, we're going to learn about the body. Miss Mona is going to tell us how the heart works.

Did you know your heart beats about 70 times a minute? Your heart moves blood around your body. Our brain controls everything that happens in our body. Our skeleton helps us move and makes us strong. It's very interesting!

# Answer the following questions:

- How many times does your heart beat?
- How can your heart help your body?

# Choose the correct auswer

- Our (lungs brain veins) controls everything in the body.
- Our (skeleton arteries vessels) helps us move.







# Read the following possure and absver the questions:

The heart is very important because it moves blood around your body. Blood carries oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.

Veins carry blood from the body to the heart. There isn't a lot of oxygen left in this blood because it was used in the body. That is why the blood looks darker.

The heart pushes this blood to the lungs. In the lungs, oxygen is added to the blood. The oxygenated blood (now with oxygen in it) travels back to the heart and then the heart pumps it out to the rest of the body in the arteries.

# Answer the following questions:

- How does blood help your body?
- Objective to the Heart pump blood to the body?

# B Choose the correct answer:

- (Arteries Veins Vessels) carry blood from the body to the heart.
- In the (brain arteries lungs), oxygen is added to the blood.

# Copy the following contenue

A good book is a good friend.





# (A) thealting

skeleton	南京	هیکل عظمی	organs	45 GP	أعضاء الج
bones		عظام	knee		ركية
muscles	M M	عضلات	elbow	i di	کوع ک
ribs		ضلوع	jaw	The same	- ਕੂਰ (
skull		ٔ جمنجمة ا	leg	- { {	( ر <b>جل</b>
brain		مخ	arm		نراع

keep us strong	تجعلنا أقوياء	chew food مصغ الطعام ا
attached	مرتبطیہ مرتبطیہ l to	يحمي protect
lift (v)	ترفع 🚰 🏰	hard ملب بلص
turn	يلف - يستدير	ین soft
kick	يركل - يشوط	safe آمن نمآ
dance	يرقص يرقص	up and down اعلى وأسفل بم

ייותו מיועו נייעו נייעו ייינון זייעו יייעו ני עו יי עו יי

		خوذة	wear		Krs
helmet	كبة او	واقي (الر الكوع)	The state of the s	L.	قلن
pad		الكوع) النظارة شد	go to bed	1 C 12 2	1
sunglasses			early	A STATE OF THE STA	١٤
rock			ride a hors	يان 🤲 se	1. to
mountain	ASS			\$ . t	
park	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		have		تناول
eyes			for dinner		بشاء ~~
WINDHAMMINNIN WANNA					

bones	the hard pieces that make up the skeleton.
muscles	: tissues in a human or animal body that has the ability to contract, producing movement in or maintaining the position of parts of the body.
ribs	the curved bones (twelve pairs in humans) in the chest, protecting the organs like the heart and lungs.
skull	: a framework of bone or the head that enclose the brain.
organs	: parts of the body such as the heart or liver in humans.
knee	: the joint between the thigh and the lower leg in humans.
elbow	: the joint between the forearm and the upper arm.
jaw	: each of the upper and lower bony structures forming the framework of the mouth and containing the teeth.
chew	: bite and work (food) in the mouth with the teeth to make I easier to swallow.
protect	to keep safe from harm or injury.
hard	: solid; not easily broken or bent.
soft	: easy to bend or compress; not hard.
helmet	: a hard protective hat.
pad	: the soft protective lined cloth that protects the knee or elbow.



# B) Sheddies

## مغة المستقبل القريب Near Future

Af	Affirmative பெய்ய		Negative النبي		rrogative
	am going to buy.	1	am not going to buy.	Am {	I going to buy?
Не	í	He			he going to buy?
She	is going to buy	She	isn't going to buy.	ls	she going to buy?
it		lt ,			it going to buy?
You	j	You \			you going to buy.?
We	are going to buy	We	aren't going to buy.	Are	we going to buy?
The	y	They			they going to buy?

حول عن

# (am – is – are) + going to + (bare verb) المصدر

- He's going to wear a helmet.
- We use it to express intentions and plans in the future.
  - 🔿 نستخدم صيغة المستقبل القريب للتعبير عن نيات وخطط في المستقبل .
  - They are going to go to the park today.
- In the negative form, we add (not) after (am is are).
  - 🔾 عند النفى نضع (not) بعد (are is am).
  - She isn't going to climb the rock.
- OIn the interrogative form, we use (am is are) at the beginning of the question or after the question word with (going to + bare verb).
  - − is am) عند عمل سؤال على صيغة المستقبل القريب , نبدأ السؤال بـ (is am are), أو نضع إحداهم بعد أداة الاستفهام مع (المصدر + going to ←).
- What are you going to do after school?
- him going to do some exercise.
- * Is she going to wear her sunglasses? So, she isn't.
- *Are you going to go to bed early?
- 🔖 Yes, I am.





Our skeleton is all the bones that keep us strong and help us move. We need muscles to move our bones. Muscles are attached to bones and they lift and turn bones so we can walk, run, dance - anything! When we kick a ball, muscles make the bones in our leg and knee move.

Muscles in our arms and elbows move when you play tennis. We use muscles when we chew food, to move the jaw bone up and down.

Bones are hard, and they protect our soft organs.
Our brain, heart and lungs are important organs that
need to be safe.

# Exercises on Lesson 2

# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Nada: Are you going to watch tonight's film?

Nada :.....?

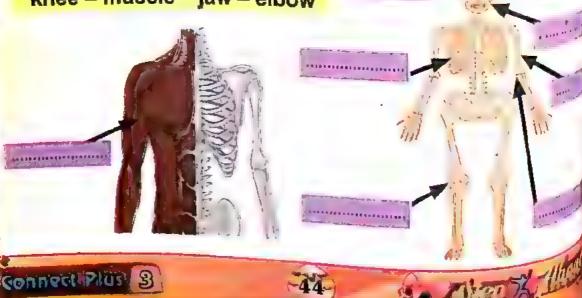
Rana: Because I'm going to go to bed early.

Nada: What are you going to do tomorrow?

Rana : ....

# Write using the following words:

skeleton – brain – skull – rib – knee – muscle – jaw – elbow



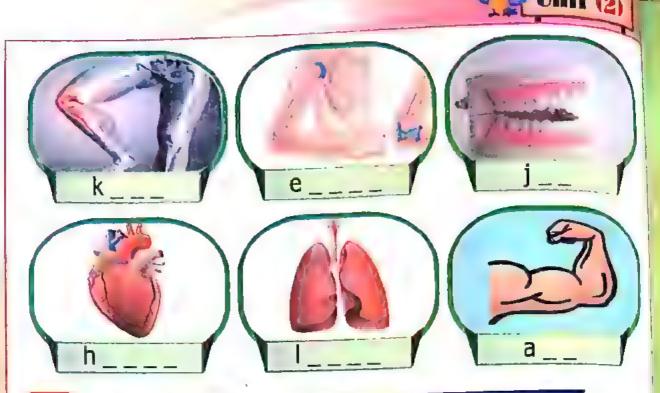


#### Choose the correct word in brackets:

- 1 He (am is are) going to watch the match.
- 2 They (am is are) going to help us.
- 3 I (am is are) going to have fish for lunch.
- 4 You (am is are) going to drop the glass.
- She (am is are) going to come with us.
- ⑥ We (am − is − are) going to visit our grandparents.
- I'm (go goes going) to wear a helmet.
- 8 She isn't going to (go goes going) to the park.
- Manar (wears wore is going to wear) her blue dress for tomorrow's party.
- 10 He (buy is going to buy buys) a new bike next week.
- (I) (Are Have Do) you going to wear your helmet?
- 12 Is he going to (climb climbs climbing) the mountain? ...
- Is she going to play video games? No, she (doesn't is isn't).
- 4 Are they going to (has have had) chicken for dinner?
- 15 We are (go goes going) to go to the park after school.
- (16) (Is Has Does) he going to go to bed early?

#### Supply the missing letters:





# Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Our skeleton is all the bones that keep us strong and help us move. We need muscles to move our bones. Muscles are attached to bones and they lift and turn bones so we can walk, run, dance – anything! When we kick a ball, muscles make the bones in our leg and knee move.

Muscles in our arms and elbows move when you play tennis. We use muscles when we chew food, to move the jaw bone up and down.

Bones are hard, and they protect our soft organs. Our brain, heart and lungs are important organs that need to be safe.

# Answer the following questions:

- Why is our skeleton important?
- Why do we need muscles?

# Choose the correct answer:

- Muscles in our arms and (knees jaws elbows) move when we play tennis.
- Our bones are (soft hard liquid).

Connect-Plus 3



Wigp & Alhand



# Write a paragraph of four sentences on:

"What are you going to do tomorrow?"		
eat – play – watch – visit – go		
Rewrite the following sentences using the words	III DISCHELS	
1 She plays with her friends.	(tomorrow)	
We ride our bikes on Friday.	(going to)	
3 He's going to go to the club.	(not)	
Yes, she's going to wear her sunglasses.	(Is) 	
What are you going to do tomorrow?	(I)	
No, I'm not going to watch TV.	(Are)	
Does he help at home?	(going to)	
We go to Alexandria every year.	(next week)	
Are you going to have fish for dinner?	(No,)	
Ts she going to wear pads?	(Yes,)	

# LUSSUU 3 Pages 10-28

Unit (2)



tired	Ja .	مجهد – متعب	enough nutrients	5	تغنية كافية
cross (ad	i) Man	غاضب	changes		،تغيرات
positive	W C R. A	ايجابي - واثق من نفس	mostly		في الغالب
relaxed	86	مسترخ	right ide	as 🏺	أفكار جيدة
mood	I & A	حالة مزاجية	agree		پقبل - يوافق
argumen	N M		face	hana	. <b>بواجه</b> نه محمد محمد
	15 N 1	, N , N , N ,	WIN IN IN	. N	
meal	A	وجية	forget	n	ينسى
hungry	R	جوعان	get	10 A T	يحصل على
fruit		فاكهة	try		احاول
vegetable	es	خضراوات	prefer	7 0	يفضل
piece	MA	قطعة	tell	(T)(B)	يخبر
sweet - candy		حلوی	cycling	200000	ركوب الدراجات
snack	STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVICE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN T	وجبة خفيفة	always	5	داندًا
juice	RCK	عصير '	usually		عادة

Connect Plus 3

48



cup	, <del></del>	فنجان	sometimes	1. V. ess 457 . 5	احياتًا
soda	5:4 5	مياه غازية	ever		دومًا
lunch	2	الغداء	never	Single	. أبدًا - مطلقًا
dinner	8-2	العثباء	Brilliant!	05	رانع!

# Dispressions

skip breakfast	لا يتثاول طعام الإقطار
stay up late	يظل متيقظا حتى وقت متأخر ليلأ
How often	كم مرة - كم عدد المرات
How much sleep	ما كمية الثوم
healthy lifestyle	نمط حياة صحي
healthy choices	خیارات صحیحة
a glass of water	كوب من الماء
Keep trying!	داوم على المحاولة. لا تياس.
Well done!	حسنًا فعلت. برافو.
on a school night	في ليلة يكون هناك مدرسة صباحًا
on the weekend	في عطلة نهاية الأسبوع









7	
take a walk outside	يقوم بتمشية خارج البيت
feel calm	يشعر بالهدوء
feel angry	يشعر بالغضب
at the right time	في الوقت المناسب
do exercise	بقوم بعمل تمريثات
play football	يلعب كرة قدم
go swimming	يذهب للسباحة



tired : in need of sleep or rest. cross (adj) : annoyed. : constructive, optimistic, or confident. positive : free from tension and anxiety; at ease. relaxed calm : not showing or feeling anger, or other strong emotions. : having a strong feeling of or showing annoyance. angry mood : a temporary state of mind or feeling. an exchange of diverging or opposite views, typically a heated or angry one. argument : be positioned with the face or front toward (someone or face something). changes : the act or instance of making or becoming different. healthy : in good health. lifestyle the way in which a person lives.



# B Structures

#### أضف إلى معلوماتك Enrich your knowledge

like - love - prefer → [v. + ing] or [noun]

کے الأفعال [prefer – love – like] يتبعوا بـ [ing + فعل] أو اسم.

- → I like (eating) fruit and vegetables.
- ◆ I prefer watching TV.
- ◆ I love playing video games.

#### feel -> adj

کھ فعل (feel) 🗲 يتبع بصفة.

- ◆ I feel tired and cross.
- → I feel hungry.
- ♦ I feel happy and calm.
- + I feel relaxed.

#### How often

* كم مرة - كم عدد المرات

کے الْبِجابِة علی السؤال البادئ بـ (How often) تکون بإحدی طریقتین، إما باستخدام کلمات مثل : (not very often – never – usually – sometimes – always) او بذکر عدد المرات، میں کطبیاء معلی معربی است کا سات

- How often do you go to the club?
  - I usually go to the club.
  - 4 I go to the club three times a week.
- How often do you drink water?
  - Not very often.
  - 5 I drink one glass of water with my lunch and dinner.

(always - usually - sometimes - never)

ک هذه الكلمات توضع قبل الفعل الأساسي أو بعد (v. to be) ← (v. to be).

- ♦ I never eat in the morning.
- ♦ She's never late for school.
- I always eat five pieces of fruit a day.
- ◆ I'm always in a good mood.
- ♦ I usually sleep for seven hours.
- I sometimes stay up late on a school night.
- ◆ Sometimes I feel tired.

على العظال (sometimes) يمكن أيضًا أن تأتي في بداية أو نهاية الجملة. ﴿ ﴾ الله على الماد ال







play -> ball games

(ing) games

other games do

🗲 تتبع بالرياضات التى تلعب بالكرة خ تتبع بالرياضات المنتهية بـ (ing) م تتبع ببقية الرياضات

- I play football in the club.
- I go swimming once a week.
- I do [sport exercise judo karate] with my friends.



#### Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Ayman: Do you ever skip breakfast?

Ehab

Ayman: What do you usually have for lunch?

Ehab Ayman

********

: I always eat five pieces of fruit a day. Ehab

Sometimes six or seven.

#### Supply the missing letters:

















## If now healthy are you?

#### ① Do you ever skip breakfast?

- a) Yes, every day. I never eat in the morning.
- b) Sometimes, but I try not to.
- c) No, I always eat breakfast. It's my favorite meal!

## ② How much sleep do you get every night?

- a) I usually sleep for seven hours.
- b) Between seven and nine hours.
- c) I get nine or ten hours every night.

# O pou play outside every day?

- a) No, I prefer watching TV or playing video games.
- b) I sometimes play outside after school or on the weekend.
- c) Yes, I love being outside.

# 4 How often do you eat fruit and vegetables?

- a) I have one or two pieces a day.
- b) I try to eat five pieces a day, but I don't every day.
- c) I always eat five pieces a day, sometimes six or seven!

# 6 How often do you drink water?

- a) Not very often I prefer juice and soda.
- b) I drink one glass of water with my lunch and dinner.
- c) I have about six cups a day, and more when it's hot.

thep Hineral





be calm – be in a good mood – be positive – have an argument – skip breakfast – stay up late













#### Complete the sentences using the following words:

is calm – is in a good mood – be positive – have an argument – skip breakfast – stay up late

① I don't	*************	because the next day
feel tired and angry.		

- When I feel worried I try to ...... and think of nice things.
- Nora does exercise every morning so that she ...... all day.
- I feel unhappy when I ...... with my friend.
- **1** get hungry and tired if I .....
- **6** Wael doesn't shout or cry when things go wrong. He ......







Put a (√) or (x):	
Laila: I sometimes stay up late on a school night because I like watching TV and playing video games.  In the morning I feel tired and cross!	
Adam: When I find things difficult at school, or I have arguments with my friends, I try to stay positive. I like taking a walk outside, because it helps me feel happy and calm.	
Dareen: I do exercise every day – I play football or go swimming. I like cycling too. I'm always in a good mood after I do exercise.	
Zain: I like fruit, but I eat a lot of sweet snacks too.  Sometimes I feel tired, so I have candy and snacks.  My mom says I don't get enough nutrients.	
Malak: I like school, but I sometimes worry because I have arguments with my friends. Then I feel angry and sad. I don't tell anyone. I play video games and try to forget about it.	
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	
"How healthy are you?"	
Ideas to help you:	
How often do you (exercise – sleep – watch TV – play video games – eat healthy food)?	
	7











# Woeabulary Study

skin	the thin layer of tissue forming the natural outer covering of the body of a person or animal.
dirt	: to enjoy.
germs	: a substance, such as mud or dust, that stains someone or something.
layer	: a covering, typically one of several, covering a surface or body.
sunburn	: harm of the skin caused by overexposure to the ultraviolet rays of the sun.
sunscreen	: a cream or lotion rubbed on to the skin to protect it from the sun.
damage (v)	: to cause harm to something.
weather	: the state of the atmosphere at a place and time.

# Reading

Our skin is the largest organ in our body, and it's very important. It protects us from the sun, as well as from dirt and germs. It keeps you cool in hot weather, and warm in cold weather! We need to look after our skin to keep it healthy. Our skin has got lots of layers - look:

1. Top layer : This is strong. Water can't get through it!

2. Middle layer: We can feel hot and cold

things here. This has got

blood vessels.

3. Bottom layer: This attaches your skin to your bones and

muscles. The sun can damage our skin. We can get sunburn. It's important to wear sunscreen to protect our skin. Do your

wear sunscreen?







# Exercises on Lesson 4

# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Dina : Do you know what the largest organ in our body is?

Ola : Is it our brain?

Dina :......

Ola :....?

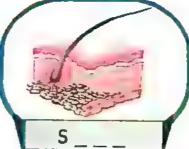
Dina : No, it isn't our lungs.

Ola : .....?

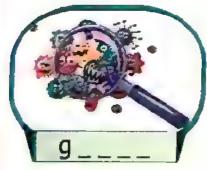
Dina : Yes, it's our skin.

#### Supply the missing letters:







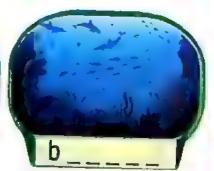












ConnectiPlus 3

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Wiep K Albert



#### Read the passage and answer the questions:

Our skin is the largest organ in our body, and it's very important. It protects us from the sun, as well as from dirt and germs. It keeps you cool in hot weather, and warm in cold weather! We need to look after our skin to keep it healthy. Our skin has got lots of layers — look:

The top layer is strong. Water can't get through it! The middle layer helps us to feel hot and cold things. It has got blood vessels. The bottom layer attaches your skin to your bones and muscles. The sun can damage our skin. We can get sunburn. It's important to wear sunscreen to protect our skin.

- Our skin keeps us ...... in hot weather and ..... in cold weather.
- 2 ...... can't get through our top layer of skin.
- We have got ..... in the middle layer of skin.
- Our bottom layer of skin is attached to our ...... and ........
- 6 We can get ..... from the sun.

# Copy the following sentence:

Don't put all your eggs in one basket.



Citiep of Alberta



# Lesson 5 Pages 26-27

# A) Vacabulary

human body mouth /الجسم البش stomach acid teeth )حمض المعدة إسنان swallow tongue) يبتلع لسان chew jaw ايمضغ فك absorb change ايمتص break down push it down پیملل saliva get rid of النعاب يتخلص من digestion Have a look. إلق نظرة. unhealthy سائل خاص special liquid غيرص called طاقة energy



stomach
 stomach
 stomach
 a chemical substance in the stomach that helps to digest food.
 swallow
 cause or allow foods or drinks to pass down the throat.

absorb: to take in or soak up (energy or a liquid or other substance) by chemical or physical action.



break down: to change the food inside the stomach into a liquid.

saliva: the liquid into the mouth chewing and swallowing, and helping digestion.

the process of breaking down food into substances that can be used by the body.

energy: the strength needed for physical or mental activity.

tongue: the fleshy muscular organ in the mouth, used for tasting, licking, swallowing.....

get rid of: to throw away things that are unwanted.

unhealthy: not healthy, harmful to health.

NANANANANANANANAN

We know it's important to eat healthy food. But do you know what happens to food after you eat it?

When we swallow food, it goes to our teeth stomach. We get energy and nutrients from mouths the food we eat. But our bodies have to tongue change the food so it can use it. It has to break down the food before it can absorb it. stomach We chew food in our mouths, using our teeth, tongue and jaw. We need saliva to help us do this. This is a liquid made in our mouth. Then we swallow the food. Muscles help to push it down to our stomach. When the food is in our stomach, another special liquid called 'stomach acid' breaks down the food. This is called digestion. Now the body can absorb the nutrients it needs from the food, and get rid of the things it



# Complete the sentences using the following words:

stomach – chew – swallow – breaks down – teeth – tongue – saliva – absorb – mouth

- 1 First, we put food in our ......
- 2 We make food smaller with our ......
- We ..... our food with our teeth, ..... and jaw.
- 4 We have a liquid called ..... in our mouth to help.

Man & Allward

doesn't need.

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When our food is smaller, we can ...... it.

6 When we eat, food goes to our ......

7 In the stomach, our body ..... the food.

1 Then we can ...... the nutrients we need.

# Supply the missing letters:



# Read the following passage and answer the questions:

We know it's important to eat healthy food. But do you know what happens to food after you eat it?

When we swallow food, it goes to our stomach. We get energy and nutrients from the food we eat. But our bodies have to change the food so it can use it. It has to break down the food before it can absorb it. We chew food in our mouths, using our teeth, tongue and jaw. We need saliva to help us do this. This is a liquid made in our mouth. Then we swallow the food. Muscles help to push it down to our stomach. When the food is in our stomach, another special digestion. Now the body can absorb the nutrients it needs from the food, and get rid of the things it doesn't need.







# Answer the following questions: What do we get from the food we eat? What's saliva?

# Choose the correct answer:

- 6 We chew food in our (stomach lungs mouth).
- Our bodies can (absorb break down get rid of) the nutrients it needs from the food.

# Number in order:

<ul> <li>a) Muscles help push food from our mouths into our stomach.</li> </ul>
b) The body absorbs nutrients from our food.
c) Saliva helps break down the food in our mouths.

- d) Stomach acid breaks down the food in our stomach.
- e) We swallow the food.
- f) We chew food in our mouths.

## Copy the following sentence:

Better late than never come.







#### Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue (2Ms)

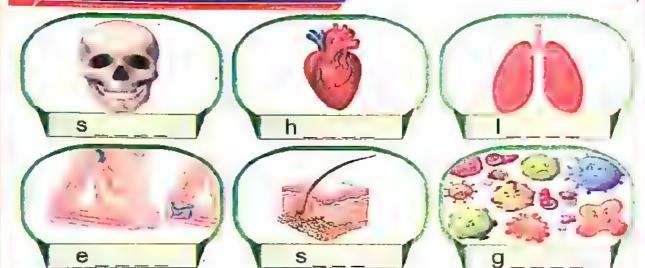
: I usually sleep for six hours every night.

: Do you ever stay up late?

Fady

#### Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



#### Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1 He's (go going goes) to climb the rock.
- ② I (never usually always) eat in the morning. I love breakfast.
- (3) (Is Has Does) she going to drink juice or soda?
- (4) Muscles are attached (at to for) bones.
- (5) They are going to (go goes going) swimming.
- 6 We need (veins arteries nutrients) to help us grow.
- (7) Are they going to (wear wears wearing) their pads?
- (8) Your heart moves (vessels blood stomach) around your body.

#### Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

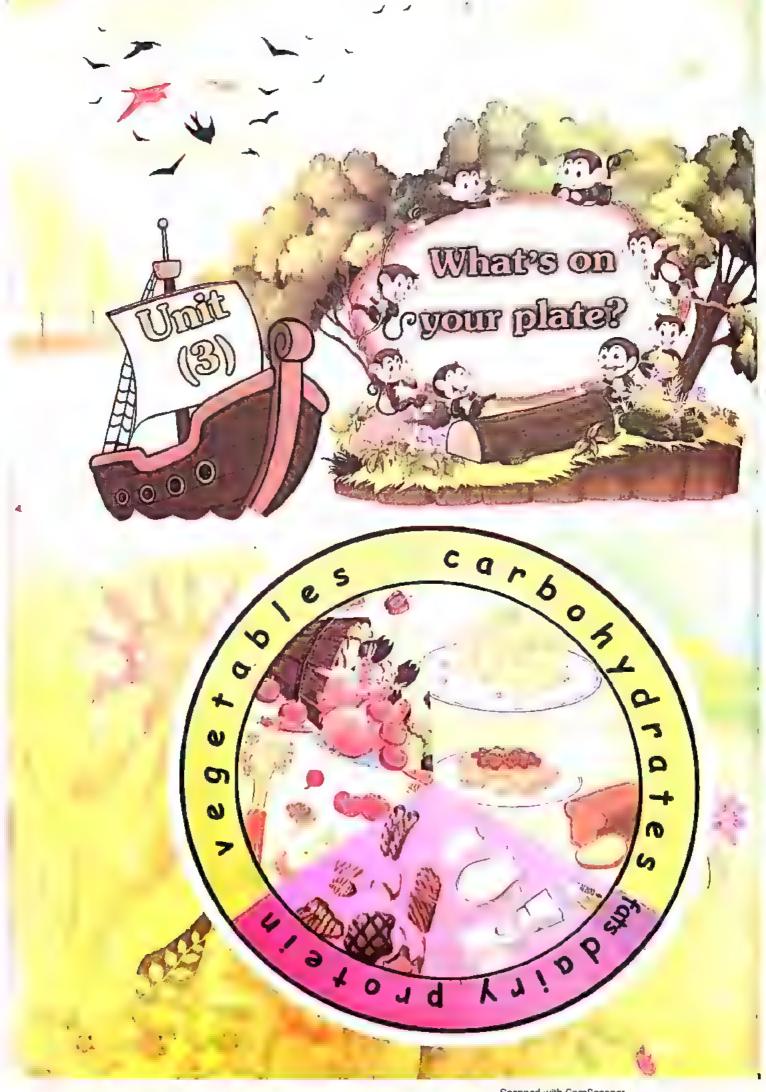
(4Ms)

1 Yes, he's going to ride a horse. (Is)

What are you going to do next Friday?

(I .....)

Unit (2)	
② Are they going to drink soda?	(No,)
We're going to do exercise after school.	(not)
÷	
Read the following passage and answer the questions	below: (4Ms)
Tomorrow is a holiday. I'm going to watch TV. My is going to read some books. My sister Mai is going to friends. My friend Sameh is going to go to the cinem Ahmed and Gamal are going to ride their bikes.	play with her
Answer the following questions:	
What's Hady going to do tomorrow?	
6 14/h/- Ch	
Where's Sameh going to go tomorrow?	To the state of th
B Choose the correct answer:	
Hady has (no sisters - one sister - two sisters	s).
Tomorrow is a (Monday - Wednesday - holida	
Writera paragraph of four sentences on	(4Ms)
"The organs in your body and why they are imp	ortant"
Ideas to help you:	
heart – move blood – skeleton – strong – stomach – digestion – skin – protect – bones – move	
Copy the following sentence: (2Ms)	
A liar isn't believed when he tells the	ie truth.
Wan Hand Son Go	nnect Plus 3





# Lesson | The Rages 80-61



carbohydrates

منتجات ألبان 🛜 🚓 🤟 🖟 منتجات ألبان

protein

calcium ﴿بروتينُ ﴿**

vitamins

👬 nutrients کفیتامینات

fats

balance دهون

توازن

minerals

energy معادن

طاقة

sugar

delicious ﴿سكريات ـ سكر

نذيذ

fiber



الياف healthy diet 🖔

make you strong







right kinds

muscles أنواع صحيحة إي



important •



heart هام - م



قلب

different

skin مختلف

جلد



🧽 bones پیمل بجد

67







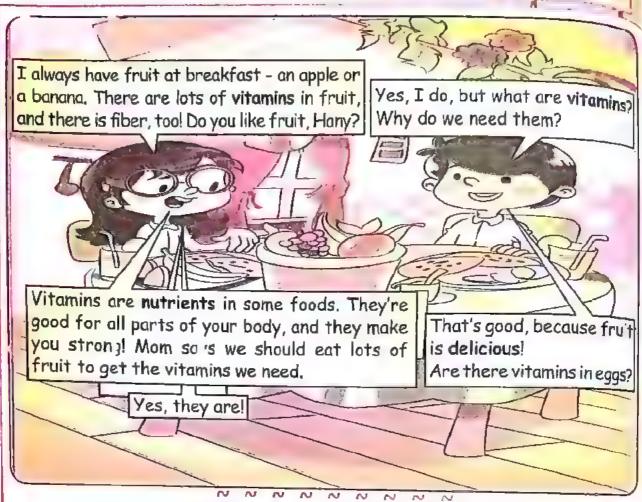
fish	2500 4	spread 🚝	ل ا	معجون للأك
meat	لحمة المالية	milk		لين
oils		cheese	0000	جبن
olive oil	زيت زيتون ح	cake	44-20-	كيك
soda	مشروب غازي المهادة	biscuit		\ پسكويت 

# Vicabulary Study

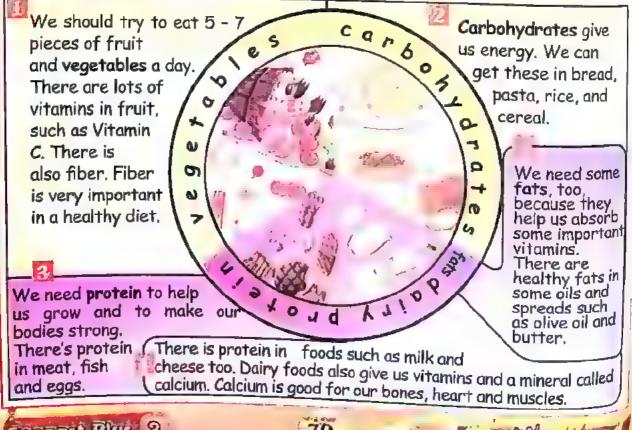
carbohyd	rates: a nutrient that gives us energy. We can get it in bread, pasta, rice, and cereal.	
protein	: a nutrient that helps us grow and to make our bodies strong. It's in meat, fish and eggs.	
fats	: a nutrient that helps us absorb some important vitamins. It's in some oils and spreads such as olive oil and butter.	
vitamins	: a nutrient that we can get in fruit and vegetables.	
minerals	: a nutrient such as calcium and zinc.	
sugar	: a nutrient that we can get in sweet foods and drinks.	
fiber	: a nutrient from which a vegetable or fruit tissue, mineral substance	
dairy	: foods and drinks that come from milk like cheese.	
calcium	: One of the minerals that our bodies need.	
nutrients	: substance that provides food important for growth and keeping someone alive.	
balance	: a condition in which different elements are equal or in the correct proportions.	
energy	: the strength and power needed for physical or mental activity.	
delicious	: tastes good.	
healthy	good and right to eat.	
section	: One part from many parts.	







It's important to get a balance of the right kinds of food. Our bodies need lots of different nutrients, including vitamins and minerals, to work well and be healthy. This healthy eating plate is a good way to think about what we need.



Connect Plus 3:

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# en Lesson 1

# अमुक्षेत्र क्षेत्र माहलीक्ष्य हक्ष्मान स्वाहत है।

Samy :.....

Hosam: Yes, I eat healthy food.

Samy : Can you remember a food in the dairy section?

Hosam : .....

Samy : Can you remember a food in the carbohydrate section?

Hosam :

## and his great representation of the second



#### Recal the following passage and answer the questions

It's important to get a balance of the right kinds of food. Our bodies need lots of different nutrients, including vitamins and minerals, to work well and be healthy. We should try to eat 5 – 7 pieces of fruit and vegetables a day. There are lots of vitamins in fruit, such as Vitamin C. There is also fiber. Fiber is very important in a healthy diet. Carbohydrates give us energy. We can get these in bread, pasta, rice,

and cereal. We need protein to help us grow and to make our bodies strong. There's protein in meat, fish and eggs. There is protein in dairy foods such as milk and cheese too. Dairy foods also give us vitamins and a mineral called calcium. Calcium is good for our bones, heart and muscles. We need some fats, too, because they help us absorb some important vitamins. There are healthy fats in some oils and spreads such as olive oil and butter.

# A Choose the correct answer:

- There are lots of (carbohydrates fats vitamins) in fruit.
- There's (protein fiber calcium) in meat and fish.
- Milk and cheese are (daily diary dairy) foods.
- There are (vitamins fats carbohydrates) in olive oil and butter.
- (Fiber Calcium Cereal) is good for our bones.
- We can get (carbohydrates protein vitamins) in bread, pasta and rice.
- There's (fat protein fiber) in fruit.
- Calcium is a (vitamin mineral protein).
- We need (protein fiber vitamins) to help us grow.
- (Vitamins Carbohydrates Fiber) give us energy.
- (Protein Fats Sugar) help us absorb some important vitamins.
- @ Cakes, biscuits and soda contain (sugar protein fiber).

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences on:

"The foods and drinks you have every day"



breakfast - lunch - dinner



#### Copy the following sentence:

The sooner the better.







## LESSON (2) Rages 32-33

## A) Vicabulary



organs عضاء الجسم الم	do exercise يتمرن
عية دموية تعلق الموية	do a race پشارك في سباق
oxygen المحين	athlete کوی athlete ا
stomach 539	ما hot country









### Prepositions

good for us





break down into



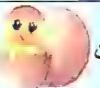
get rid of يتحلل إلى



help with



come out of پساعد فی



يخرج من

around the body



get it from





living things: anything that live, eat and grow.

humans : a man, woman, or child.

: not mixed or adulterated with any other substance or material. pure

: the upper layer of earth in which plants grow. soil

: the part of a plant which attaches it to the ground. roots

hydrated ; when your body gets enough water.

dehydrated: when your body doesn't get enough water.

: the parts of your body that move. ioints

: a liquid that comes out of your skin when you are hot. **Sweat** 

temperature: how hot or cold you feel.

: things you don't want in your body; they can make you ill. toxins

: the state of being free from illness or injury. health



#### Why do we need water?



All living things need water. Animals and humans drink water. Plants get it from the soil in their roots.

We all know water is good for us, but do you know how important it is for our health? Our blood is about 82% water. Blood carries oxygen and nutrients around the body. We eat food, and it breaks down into nutrients in our stomach. Water helps with this, and it also helps carry the nutrients around the body in our blood vessels.

Our brains are made up of about 75% wa-ter.



If you drink enough brain water, your works better. If you don't drink enough water, you get dehydrated. You feel tired and you don't have a lot of energy. You can get a headache or find it difficult to think! When you are hydrated it means you are. aetting enough water: It's good for your joints, your bones and your body temperature.



Water also helps your body to get rid of toxins from your body, helps the other organs in your body to work well. Children should drink about 1.5 litres of water Most day. pure water, but we can also get water from other drinks such as milk, tea fruit juices, and fruits and vegetables. We should drink more water in hot weather, because we lose water when we sweat.

## B Structures

#### should yes

shouldn'tune Y

- ♦ We can give advice by using (should shouldn't).
  - ♦يمكن إسداء النصح باستخدام (shouldn't –should) ويتبعا بالمصدر.
- ◆ You should drink enough water every day.
- ◆ You shouldn't eat cookies every day.
- ♦ Should I drink milk every day?
- Yes, you should.
- ♦ Should he eat lots of candies and cakes?
- No, he shouldn't.





# Exercises on Lesson 2

#### Match With With Bu

**'A'** 

'R'

- hydrated
- a) a liquid that comes out of your skin when you are hot.
- dehydrated
- b) when your body gets enough water.
- joints
- c) the parts of your body that move.
- toxins
- d) how hot or cold you feel.
- **6** temperature
- e) things you don't want in your body; they can make you ill.
- **6** sweat
- f) when your body doesn't get enough water.

#### Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Noha

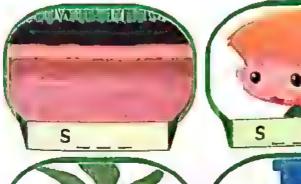
: No, I don't eat enough fruit or vegetables. Dina

Noha : Yes, I know I should. Dina

: You should also drink enough water, milk and fruit juices. Noha

Dina

#### Supply the missing letters:

















Canneet Plus 9



### Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1 You (should shouldn't) eat healthy food.
- You (should shouldn't) eat cookies every day.
- 3 Should he (go goes going) to bed early?
- She shouldn't (eat eats eating) or drink a lot of sugar.
- 5 You should (eat drink) enough water.
- 6 (Is Should Has) he sleep eight hours?
- 7 You shouldn't (drinks drinking drink) too much soda.
- 8 Should I drink water? Yes, (I should you shouldn't you should).
- 9 We (should shouldn't) have a healthy diet.
- O Should I eat candies every day? No, (I shouldn't you shouldn't - you should).

#### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

All living things need water. Animals and humans drink water. Plants get it from the soil in their roots.

We all know water is good for us, but do you know how important it is for our health? Our blood is about 82% water. Blood carries oxygen and nutrients around the body. We eat food, and it breaks down into nutrients in our stomach. Water helps with this, and it also helps carry the nutrients around the body in our blood vessels.

Our brains are made up of about 75% water. If you drink enough water, your brain works better. If you don't drink enough water, you get dehydrated. You feel tired and you don't have a lot of energy. You can get a headache or find it difficult to think. When you are hydrated, it means you are getting enough water. It's good for your joints, your bones and your body temperature. Water also helps your body to get rid of toxins from your body, and helps the other organs in your body to work well.

Children should drink about 1.5 litres of water every day. Most of this should be pure water, but we can also get water from other drinks such as milk, tea and fruit juices, and fruits and vegetables. We should drink more water in hot weather, because we lose water

when we sweat.



Unit (3)

## "Answer the following questions:

- How much of our blood is made up of water?
- What happens if you are dehydrated?

## Choose the correct answer:

- We lose water when we (sleep sweat sweet).
- Water helps your body to get rid of (nutrients protein toxins).
- 6 You can (smoke preserve skip) food with salt.
- in the past, people put food in (zeer pots cans tins) to keep it cold.

#### Read and complete:

#### should - shouldn't

- 1 You ..... eat fruit and vegetables every day.
- 2 You ..... skip breakfast.
- 3 ...... I eat carbohydrates? Yes, you ......
- 4 You ..... drink a lot of sodas.
- 6 ...... I eat a lot of candy? No, you .....
- You ...... drink enough water every day.

## Write a paragraph of four sentences on:

"Why living things need water"



humans – animals – plants



Stop & Upnad

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Rewrite the following sentences using the wor	rds in brackets:
O Doing exercise is good for your body.	(should)
② Drinking soda isn't good for your body.	(shouldn't)
You should never be dehydrated.	(should always)
Yes, I should drink enough water.	(Should)
Should you eat lots of cakes?	(No,)
Making your body strong is very important.	(should)
Sleeping for only five hours is unhealthy.	(shouldn't)
8 Should I eat a healthy diet?	(Yes,)
No, I shouldn't drink lots of sweet drinks.	(Should)
10 You should have a healthy body.	(unhealthy)
Copy the following sentence:	
If the beginning is good, the	end is perfect.

Connect Plus 3

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Unit (3)

## Lesson 3 / Pages 84-85

## (A) Woenbullery

AGRACIAN STATE					
food packaging	sodium تعليب الع		صوديوم		
calories ورارية	salt اسعرات م	SALT	ملح		
enough	bar کافی	3	قالب		
بِهُ (٪) percent %	snack نسبة منو	100	وجبة خفيفة		
too much	کثیر آزیه dried frui	it 🍎 🍣	فاكهة مجففا		
gram	natural جرام	Medical Control	طبيعي		
size	chocolate brownie		كيك الشيكو		
unhealthy 🔐 عي	taste swed غير ص	et i	طعمه خلق		
right amount الصحيحة ا	candies	Sold V	حلوی		
different choice	favorite		'مفضل '		
decide	the most f	at	الدهون الأنا		
measure	give us	CARL SON	تعطينا		
something	How many		کم عدد		
each day	So do I. کل ہو۔	×	وكذلك أنا.		







### Prepositions

على سبيل المثال for example في المرة الواحدة for example

mixed with



better for



افضل لك



food packaging: wrapping or protecting food onto packets, tins or cans.

calories : the amount of energy in food.

salt : sodium mixed with other things that our bodies need.

bar : a long, narrow piece of solid kind of food or any other material.

snack : a small amount of food eaten between meals.

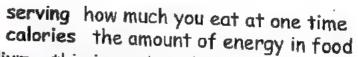
dried fruit: taking out the water from fruit and keeping the nutrients.

natural : existing in or caused by nature.

brownie : a small square of rich chocolate cake.

percent : a rate, number, or amount in each hundred.

We can look at food packaging to find out what is in our food that helps us decide if it is healthy or unhealthy. For example, if we see that there are lots of calories and not a lot of vitamins, we can decide to make a different choice.



sodium this is a mineral; we need enough of it, but we shouldn't have too much. The salt we get in food is sodium mixed with other things. We shouldn't eat food with too much salt in.

enough the right amount

too much more than we need

percent When we see something like 50%; it means that this food gives us 50%, or half, of the amount of that vitamin or mineral that our bodies need every day.











# Exercises on lesson 3

## Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

: Which snack is your favorite?

Ramy

: You shouldn't eat lots of candles. Ahmed Ramy

Ahmed: Because it contains lots of sugar.

Ramy

Ahmed: Yes, sugar is unhealthy.

#### Match A with B

`A'	`B'
serving	a) more than we need.
② calories	b) a mineral we need.
<b>8</b> sodium	c) the right amount.
enough	d) the amount of energy in food.
100 much	e) how much you should eat at one time.

#### Read and answer the questions:



Energy 128 calories

Fat 3 grams

Sugar 8 grams

Salt 0.2 grams cake

Energy 143 calories Energy 310 calories

Fat 6 grams

Sugar 11 grams

Salt 0.1 grams

cereal bar



Fat 21 grams

Sugar 23 grams

Salt 0.2 grams chocolate

brownie



Energy 68 calories

1) Which snack has the most calories?

- 2 Which snack has the most fat?
- (3) Which snack has the most sugar?
- 5 Which snack has the most salt?
- 5 Do you think any of these snacks have too much sugar?
- 6 Do you think these snacks have too much fat?

Fat 1.2 grams

Sugar 7 grams Salt 0.1 grams dried fruit





## Read the following passage and answer the questions:

We can look at food packaging to find out what is in our food that helps us decide if it is healthy or unhealthy. For example, if we see that there are lots of calories and not a lot of vitamins, we can decide to make a different choice.

Serving is how much you eat at one time. Calories are the amount

of energy in food.

Sodium is a mineral; we need enough of it, but we shouldn't have too much. The salt we get in food is sodium mixed with other things. We shouldn't eat food with too much salt in. When we see something like 50%; it means that this food gives us 50%, or half, of the amount of that vitamin or mineral that our bodies need every day.

## Answer the following questions:

- Why should we look at food packaging?
- What's sodium?

## "Choose the correct answer:

- We measure energy in (grams percent calories).
- 50 % means a (quarter half third).

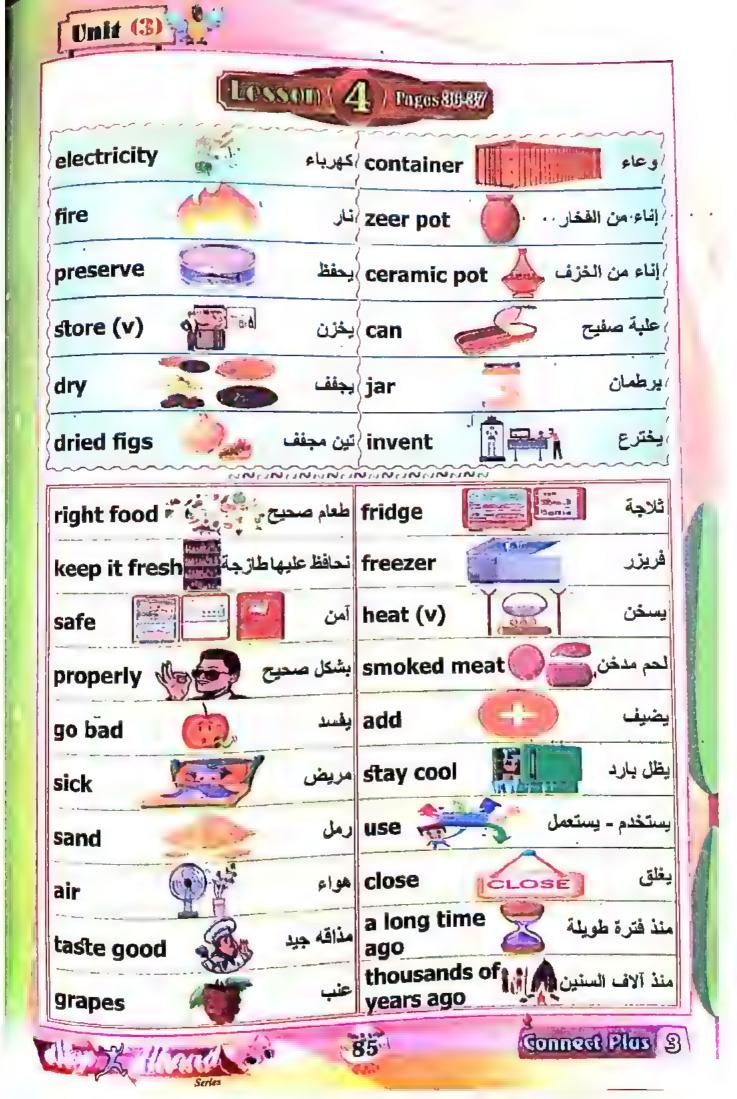
### Copy the following sentence:

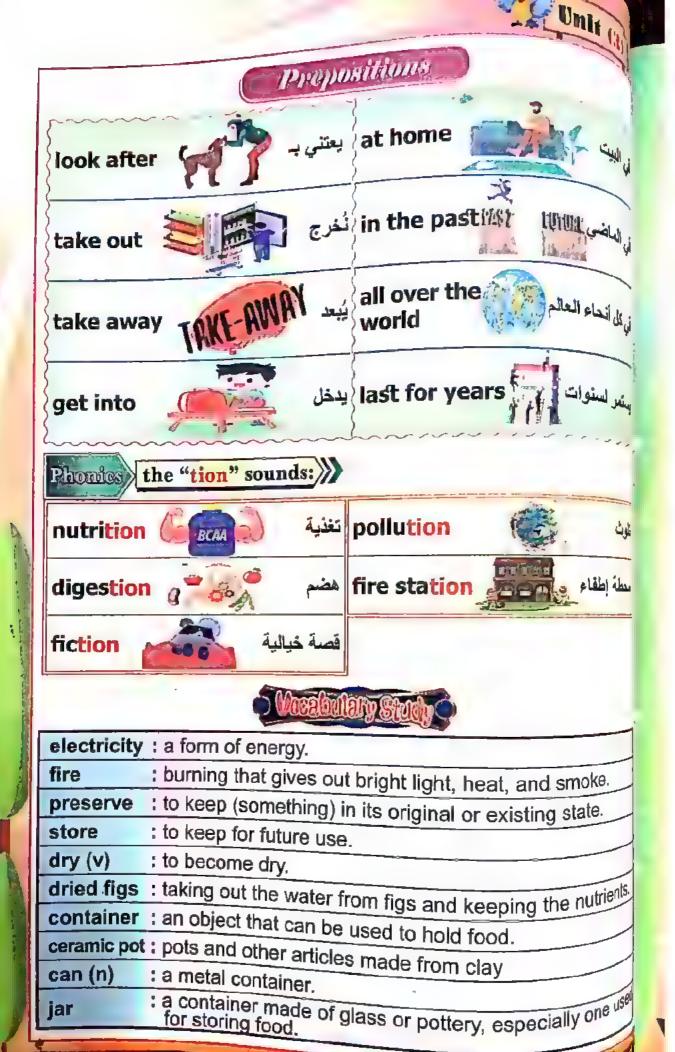
Don't go near the water until you learn how to swim.



Connect Plus 3

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It's important to eat the right food, but it's also important to look after food to keep it fresh and safe. We need to preserve and store food. If we don't store food properly, it can go bad, and this makes us sick. Now, we can use fridges and freezers to store food. These need electricity to work. How can we preserve food if we don't have electricity? And how did people preserve food in the past?

Fire

This heats food like smoked meat and fish a long time ago. And we still do it now.

@ Salt

We can add salt to food to preserve it. It takes out the water. People use this all over the world for meat and fish

Orying

We can dry fruit in the sun. Dried apples, figs, grapes, banana and mango are all delicious. When we dry fruit, it takes out the water and keeps the nutrients. The fruit is sweet and delicious, and it's healthy because we don't add sugar.

Containers

There are different ways of storing food in containers.

Zeer pots

Thousands of years ago, people invented zeer pots to keep food fresh. The food is inside one ceramic pot. This pot is put inside a bigger ceramic pot. You put sand between the two pots. then put water in the sand. The water takes the heat away and the food stays cool.

6 Cans and jars People also use cans and jars to preserve food. You put the food in a liquid with salt, and close the can. No air gets into the jar or can, and the food lasts for years.





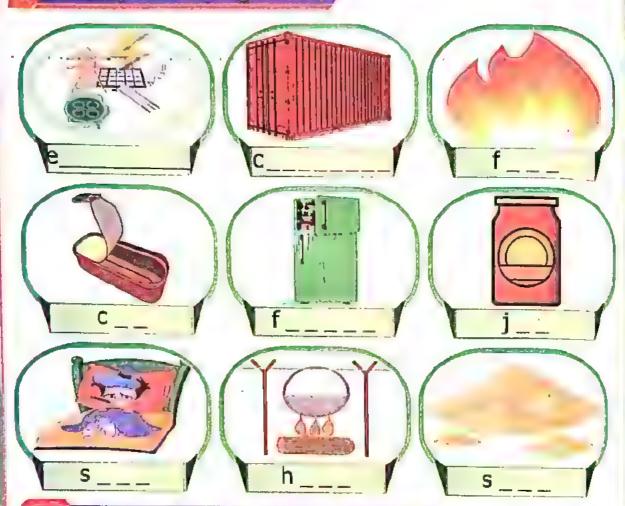








#### Supply the missing letters



#### Complete using the following words:

## salt - containers - water - nutrients - electricity - preserve

- When we dry food, we take out the ..... and keep the .....
- We add ...... to food to ...... it.
- We need ...... to store food in a fridge.

### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

It's important to eat the right food, but it's also important to look after food to keep it fresh and safe. We need to preserve and store food. If we don't store food properly, it can go bad, and this makes us sick. Now, we can use fridges and freezers to store food. These need electricity to work. How can we preserve food if we don't have

Connect Plus 3

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Umit (3)

electricity? And how did people preserve food in the past?

Fire heats food like smoked meat and fish a long time ago. And we still do it now.

We can add salt to food to preserve it. It takes out the water. People

use this all over the world for meat and fish.

We can dry fruit in the sun. Dried apples, figs, grapes, bananas and mangoes are all delicious. When we dry fruit, it takes out the water and keeps the nutrients. The fruit is sweet and delicious, and it's healthy

because we don't add sugar.

There are different ways of storing food in containers. Thousands of years ago, people invented zeer pots to keep food fresh. The food is inside one ceramic pot. This pot is put inside a bigger ceramic pot. You put sand between the two pots, then put water in the sand. The water takes the heat away and the food stays cool.

People also use cans and jars to preserve food. You put the food in a liquid with salt, and close the can. No air gets into the jar or can,

and the food lasts for years.

## Answer the following questions:

- Why should we look after food?
- How can we preserve food in cans and jars?

## Choose the correct answer:

- If we don't store food properly, it can go (good delicious bad).
- Dried food is (healthy unhealthy cold) because we don't add sugar.

## Copy the following sentence:

All things are difficult before they are easy.







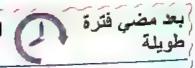


Onen (%)



#### Prepositions

bad for us سيء لنا كالمام over a long



write ... down



over three days



خلال ثلاثة أيام

at night



look at ليلأ



ينظر إلى

Wrestulary Study

damage (v): to do harm to someone or something.

dentist : a person that looks after our teeth.

affect : have an effect on.

teaspoon : a small spoon.

confused: unable to think clearly.

worried: troubled about actual or potential problems.

anxious : worried.

What is your favorite snack? There are lots of things we can choose from: Sometimes it's easy to take a cookie or a candy, but they have a lot of sugar in them. Why is sugar bad for us?

Sugar is bad for our teeth. Eating too much sugar damages our teeth. Do you like going to the dentist?

Sugar is bad for our heart too. It stops our arteries working as well as they should. Over a long time, this can damage our heart.



Sugar gives us energy, but it isn't a good kind. When we get energy from carbohydrates, that energy lasts a long time. When we get energy from sugar, we lose it quickly. Then our body wants more sugar.

Sugar can affect our brains. If we have too much sugar, our brains get a lot of energy quickly. This can make our brain confused. We can feel worried and anxious. Sugar can be bad for our mood.











I decided to eat less sugar. I looked carefully at the snacks I was choosing. Now I have plain yogurt, and I don't drink chocolate milk. I drink more water and I eat fruit. I still enjoy sweet snacks, like chocolate cookies, but I don't eat them every day. I have more energy, and I sleep better at night. I'm happy!

Exerclises

on Lesson 5

#### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

What is your favorite snack? There are lots of things we can choose from. Sometimes it's easy to take a cookie or a candy, but they have a lot of sugar in them.

Why is sugar bad for us?

Sugar is bad for our teeth. Eating too much sugar damages our teeth. Do you like going to the dentist?

Sugar is bad for our heart too. It stops our arteries working as well as they should. Over a long time, this can damage our heart.

Sugar gives us energy, but it isn't a good kind. When we get energy from carbohydrates, that energy lasts a long time. When we get energy from sugar, we lose it quickly. Then our body wants more sugar.

Sugar can affect our brains: If we have too much sugar, our brains get a lot of energy quickly. This can make our brain confused. We can feel worried and anxious. Sugar can be bad for our mood.

### **Answer the following questions:**

- Why is sugar bad for our hearts?
- How can sugar affect our brains?

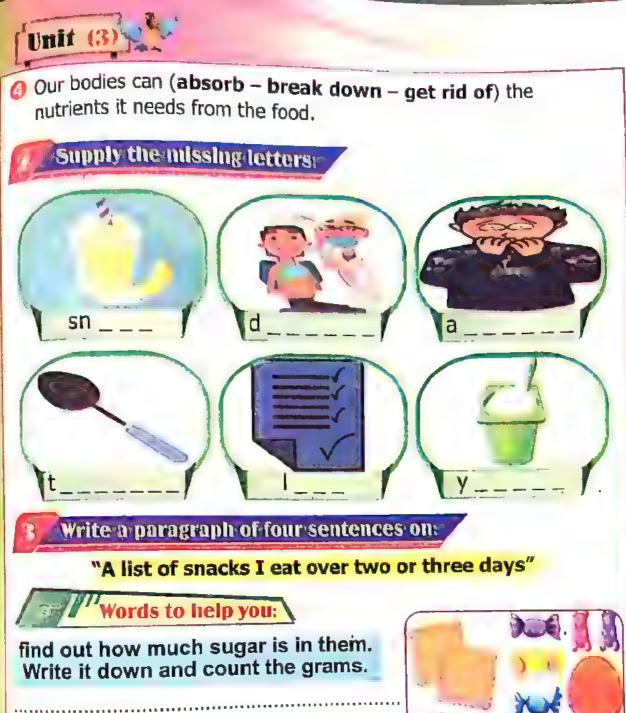
### Choose the correct answer:

We chew food in our (stomach – lungs – mouth).

Connect Plus 3

92







## Copy the following sentence:

Money is the root of all evils.



# Unit Test 3



	Ann Sand In at Sa	Allos pieres	dinlague
Supply the missing par	IS IIII LIIC I C	MINAME OF	urarogue.

(2Ms)

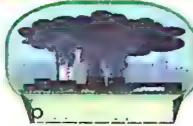
Zeiad Should I eat sweets and candies for breakfast, mom?

Mom:....?

Mom: You should eat eggs and drink milk.

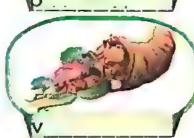
#### Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)

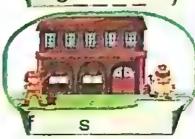












#### Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1 You (should shouldn't can't) have a healthy diet.
- ② Candies and cookies contain lots of (fiber salt sugar).
- 3 She shouldn't (drink drinks drinking) lots of sweet drinks.
- (4) (Sodium Calories Calcium) is the amount of energy in food.
- 5 If you don't drink enough water, you get (sweat hydrated dehydrated).
- 6 We should (preserve taste contain) food to keep it fresh and safe.
- Cereal, bread and pasta contain (protein vitamins carbohydrates).
- Should I sleep for only four hours? No, (you should you shouldn't I shouldn't).

#### Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

Drinking pure water is important.

(should)

No, you shouldn't eat unhealthy food.

(should)

Connect Plus 3

94

Altop Hhaat

The state of the s	
3 Having sweet snacks is bad for you.	(shouldn't)
Should I eat lots of carbohydrates?	(No,)
Read the following passage and answer the question	s below: (4Ms)
My sister Dalia eats a cheese sandwich and an egg But, my brother Mohamed likes jam. Dalia eats chick lunch. But, Mohamed doesn't like chicken. He eats a and some chips. They usually have some biscuits an for dinner at nine o'clock in the evening.	ten and rice for
Answer the following questions:	
What does Dalia have for lunch?	*******************
B Choose the correct answer	
Mohamed doesn't like (meat – fish – chicken)	).
Mohamed and Dalia like (chicken – meat – bi	scuits).
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	(4Ms)
"The foods and drinks I should and shouldn	't have"
ideas to help ven	
fruit - soda - water - candies	
Copy the following sentence:  A tree is known by its fruit.	(2Ms)
A CICO IO	
95-	Connect Plus 3
The state of the s	







sloth



Unit (4)

macaw حيوان الكسلان



بيغاء

cheetah



cobra الفهد



بتعيان الكويرا

fennec fox



قرد العنكبوت Spider monkey معلب الفينيك



chimpanzee





منتزه الحيوانات wildlife park شمبانزي الديرانات منتزه الحيوانات المسانزي

sea lion



webcam أسد البحر

كاميرا ويب

Let's look



tail هيا تنظر



ذيل

might see



big ears محتمل نزی



أذنان كبيرتان

great idea



small فكرة رائعة



yesterday



animal بالأمش



حيوان

again



very slowly مرة أخرى



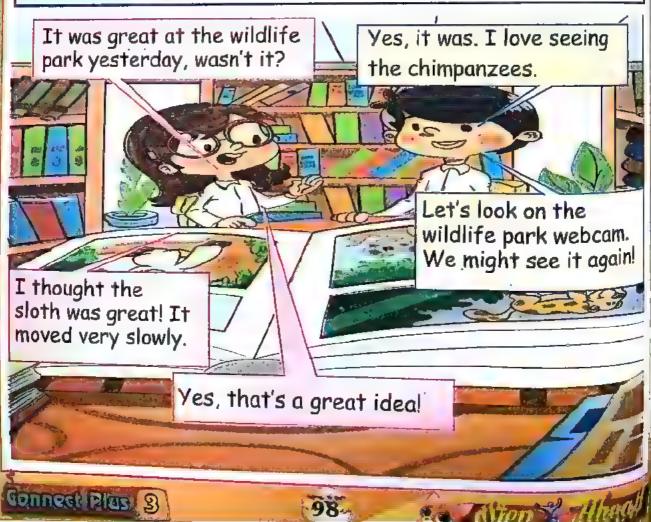
بيطء جدًا

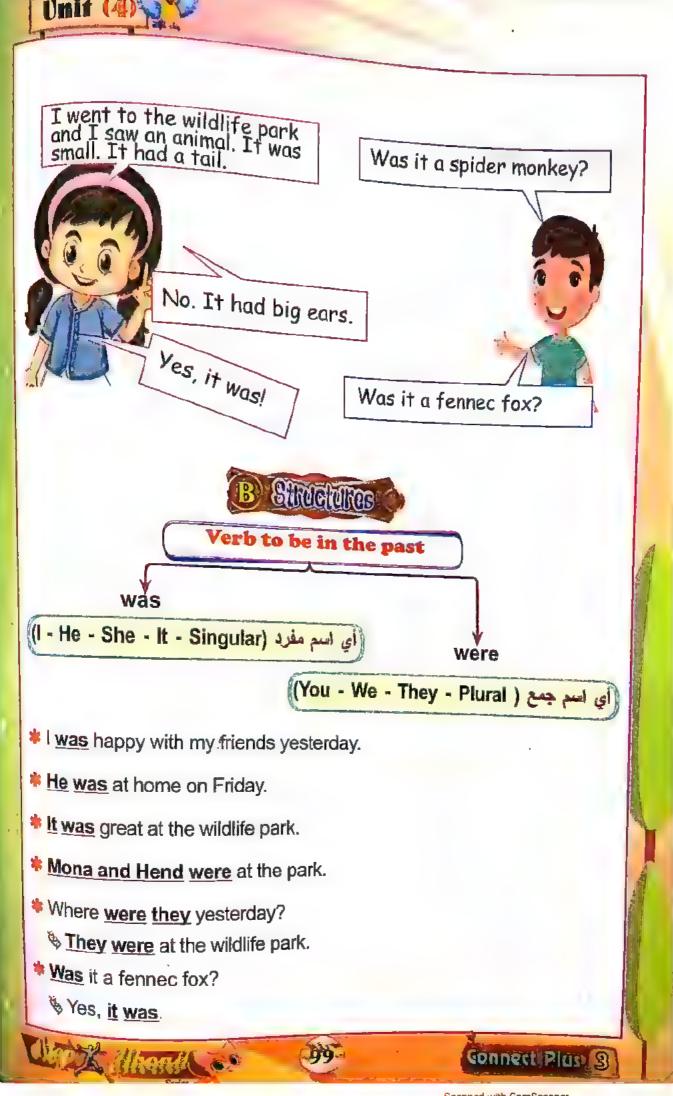
Conjugation of Verbs

Present past		Pres	ent	past	
		moved	go	يذهب	went
move	يتحرك	loved	think	يعتقد	thought
love	بحب		see	يىرى	saw
have	at to	had	360		L

40-00	holisky (	24.55
San Mass	mineral C	diagni
1000		

Loth	: a slow-moving tropical American animal that hangs upside down from the branches of trees.
sloth	upside down from the branch : a large spotted cat found in Africa and parts of Asia. It is
cheetah	the fastest animal on land.
fennec fox	t a small pale fox with large pointed ears.
	: a great ape with large ears, mainly black coloration, and
chimpanzee	lighter skin on the face.
sea lion	an eared seal found mainly on Pacific coasts.
macaw	: a large long-tailed parrot that is brightly colored.
cobra	: highly venomous snake native to Africa and Asia.
spider monkey	: a South American monkey with very long limbs and a long tail.
wildlife park	: a park where you can see wild animals in their natural habitat.
webcam	<ul> <li>a video camera that inputs to a computer connected to the internet, so that its images can be viewed by Internet users.</li> </ul>





## إمن الماضي البسيط Past simple Tense

ACC AND THE	Negative النس	Interrogative making
It played You	He She It You We They	he play he play she play it play you play we play they play

## التصريف الثاني للفعل



Wuit (

- O The fennec fox had big ears.
- O I loved seeing the chimpanzees yesterday.
- ★We use it to express actions that happened in the past.
  ★
  ستخدم للتعبير عن أحداث وقعت في الماضي.
- ★ In the negative form, we use (didn't) before the bare verb.
  . ننفى الماضى البسيط باستخدام (didn't) ثم الفعل في المصدر.
- Ola didn't see the cobra yesterday.
- ★In the interrogative form, we use (Did) at the beginning of the question or after the question word with the bare verb.

*عندعمل سؤال على الماضي البسيط ، نبدأ السؤال بـ (Did) ثم الفعل في المصدر.

- Did you go to the wildlife park?
  Yes, I went to the wildlife park.
  Yes, I did.
- What <u>did</u> she <u>see</u> yesterday?
  She saw lots of animals.



# Exercises on Lesson 1

# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Hani : I saw an animal. It was small. It had a tail.

Maged: Was it a spider monkey?

Hani :

Maged : .....?

Hani : Yes, it was a fennec fox.

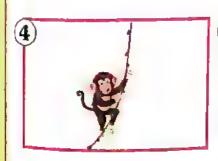
## Write the correct word under each picture:

cheetah – fennec fox – wildlife park – chimpanzee – sloth – sea lion – macaw – spider monkey – cobra





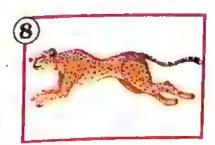














## B Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1 I (go goes went) to the wildlife park yesterday.
- (Was Were Are) it a spider monkey?
- 3 The animal that I saw yesterday (has had have) big ears.
- 4 Let's (looked looks look) on the wildlife park webcam.
- 5 The sloth (moves move moved) slowly yesterday.
- (Is Was Were) your school day great yesterday?
- I (see seeing saw) a macaw in the tree yesterday.
- 8 Was it a sea lion? No, it (was Isn't wasn't).

#### Copy the following sentence:

A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.



Connect Plus 3

(102)

Nap X Illiant

Unit (4)



## A) Vicabilary

animal ملوك الحيوانات المعاونات الم	the wild	البرية
behave 🚑 🧢 نصرف	natural habitat	موطن طبيعي
build nests ببني اعتباش	river	نهر فع
dig burrows محور وحور	hunt	يصطاد حيوانات 🏌 🏂
shelter ale	hide	يختبئ يخت
hole حفرة	chase	يطارد
grass عشب عشب	gather	يجمع - يجتمع
stick los	large gre	مجموعة ضخمة ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ اللَّ
leaves افراق الشجر	colony	مجموعة حيوانات

NAMMANAMANAMANAMANAMA

squirrel	The same of the sa	سنجاب	owl		بومة
crayfish	W.B	جراد البحر	penguin		بطريق
turtle	e.	سلحفاة	elephant	670	فيل
mole		حيوان الخلد	lion	Day.	أسد
rabbit		ارنب	fox	390	ثعلب
goose	2	وزة	blue whale	نىقىمىك	الحوت الأ

Connect Plus 3

Mond Alborit



safe	من	earth		الأرض	
safely	امان	ground		ارض	
correct.	سميح , .	sand .		رمل	
incorrect	غير صحيح	place		ىكان	
the biggest	لأكبر [	Africa	resica	نارة أفريقيا	
Animal Show	عرض الحيوانات	world	Carlo Charles	لعالم	
How many	کم عدد	togethe	rijig	معًا - سويًا	
How long	ما المدة	meat		حمة حص	
احباتًا sometimes بعد ذلك؟ ماذا محتمل أن إلى المجتمل الله sometimes					
" NONE NONE NONE NONE					
protect :	يحمي	stay		یمکٹ ۔ یظ <b>ل</b>	
stay warm	يظل دافئًا	guess	Til?	يخمن	
called	تسمني	climb	35	يتسلق	
swim	يسبح - يعوم	do	<u> </u>	يقعل ي	
find	یچد	get	<b>1</b> -31	يحصل على	

Connect Plus 3

take

learn

104

make باخذ





## Prepositions

able to	قادرة على	in the day time	في وقت النهار
close to	بالقرب من	at night	ليلأ
come out	يخرج	Welcome to	مرحبًا يكم في
under rocks	تحت الصخر	live in	ر يعيش في



behavior	: the way in which one acts.
nest	: a structure or place made or chosen by a bird for laying eggs and sheltering its young.
burrows	: a hole or tunnel dug by a small animal as a shelter.
shelter	: a place giving protection from bad weather or danger.
hole	: a hollow place in a solid body or surface.
habitat	: the natural home or environment of an animal.
colony	: a group of animals of one kind living close together.
gather	to come or bring together.
the wild	: the natural state where wild animals live.
hunt	to catch or kill an animal.
hide	to put or keep out of sight.
chase	: to run after in order to catch.
squirrel	: an animal that looks like a rabbit, feeding on nuts and seeds.
crayfish	: a living creature that resembles a small lobster and inhabits streams and rivers.
turtle	: a large marine reptile with a shell and flippers.
mole	: a small burrowing animal with dark fur, and very small eyes.
owl	: a bird of prey with large forward-facing eyes surrounded by facial disks, a hooked beak, and typically a loud call.
penguin	and wings developed into flippers for swimming under water.
blue whale	: a very large marine animal, the biggest animal in the world.
goose	: a large water bird with a long neck, short legs, webbed feet.









When we visit a wildlife park, we can learn how animals behave by watching what they do in wildlife parks, animals live in places which are close to their natural habitat. But how do animals behave in the wild?

Animals live in habitats where they can get food and water, and live safely. Animals take shelter so they can stay warm, be safe

from other animals, and protect their families.



Lots of birds build nests in trees. They use grass, sticks and leaves.



Other birds such as owls live in holes in trees. They don't make holes, They find them.

Aabbits and foxes
dig burrows in the
ground. They can take;
shelter here. They dig
in earth or sand.



Crayfish live in rivers.
They hide under rocks in the day time and come out to find food at night.





Lions and cheetahs hunt other animals to eat. Sometimes it's difficult to get food.

CARROLLAND CARROLLAND CARROLLAND CARROLLAND CARROLLAND

Welcome to the Animal Show!
 Look! What do you know
 about this animal? What do elephants eat?

 Hmm. They're very big, but I don't think they eat meat. I think they might eat grass.

- Correct! Ok, next. Is the elephant the biggest animal in the world?

 Er, no. I don't think it is. I think blue whales might be the biggest animals in the world.



- Correct again. Last question. Elephants can swim, true or false?
- Well, they don't live near the sea, so I think they might not be able to swim.
- That's incorrect elephants can swim in rivers very well!

Unit (4)



might	ريما
might not	ربما لا

- تعبر عن احتمال حدوث فعل.
- * تعبر عن احتمال عدم حدوث فعل،
- night go to the park on Friday.
- He might not come to school. He's sick. .
  - * للحظأن (might might not) لابد أن يتبعا بالمصدر.

Exercises on Lesson 2

## Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Tarek : .....?

Nader : I might go to the club tomorrow.

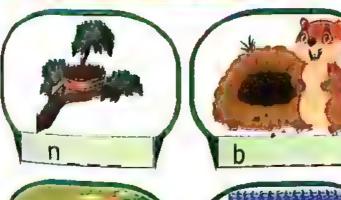
Tarek: What might happen next?

Nader : .....

Tarek: What might not you do tomorrow?

Nader:

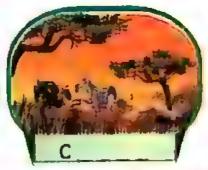
#### Supply the missing letters:













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## Choose the correct word(s): / Structures

- 1 We (might might not) play football. It's very hot today.
- 2 I (might might not) eat a sandwich. I'm hungry.
- 3 It might (live lives lived) in Africa.
- 4 She (might might not) come to the party. She wants to see her friends.
- 6 He (might might not) watch TV tonight. He has lots of homework to do.
- 6 It might not (climbed climbs climb) trees.

- Unit (4)
- Dalia (might might not) drink a hot drink. She feels cold.
- The animal might (building builds build) a nest.
- Fady (might might not) be able to swim. He doesn't like swimming.
- It might not (digs dig digging) burrows.

## Read the following passage and answer the questions:

When we visit a wildlife park, we can learn how animals behave by watching what they do in wildlife parks, animals live in places which are close to their natural habitat. But how do animals behave in the wild?

Animals live in habitats where they can get food and water, and live safely. Animals take shelter so they can stay warm, be safe from other animals, and protect their families.

Lots of birds build nests in trees. They use grass, sticks and leaves. Other birds such as owls live in holes in trees. They don't

make holes. They find them.

Rabbits and foxes dig burrows in the ground. They can take shelter here. They big in earth or sand.

Crayfish live in rivers. They hide under rocks in the day time

and come out to find food at night.

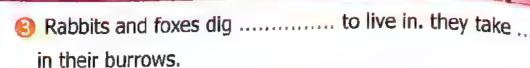
Lions and cheetahs hunt other animals to eat. Sometimes it's difficult to get food.

## Answer the following questions:

- How can we learn how animals behave?
- Why do animals take shelter?
- Complete the following sentences:
  - O Some birds build ..... in trees.
- ② Owls live in ...... in trees.

diep Milraud

109



- Orayfish ...... under rocks in rivers.
- S Lions and cheetahs ..... and ..... other animals
- @ Penguins ..... in a colony to keep warm.

## "Read and match:

- A penguin
- a) takes shelter under rocks in rivers.

An owl

- b) hunt other animals to eat.
- A crayfish
- c) lives in a large group called a colony.
- Lions and cheetahs d) lives in a hole in a tree.

#### Copy the following sentence:

Satisfaction is endless treasure.



Unit (1) LOSSOLIN 3 Regestors 7

	p		·····
	North Pe		القطب الشمالي
rainforest	South Pe غابة	ole	القطب الجنوبي
grassland grassland	polar }ارض ع		فطبي (شمال أو جنوبي)
بة (بهاماء) معناه (wetland	tropical إرض ده	oarts 📜	أماكن استوانية
landscape السطح	equatorمظاهر	CSVAVS	خط الاستواء
swamp	Arctic مستنف	V N N	فطبي شمالي
particular kind مین استان	<mark>snow نوع</mark> م	A security of the second	جليد
climate	ice مناخ		تُلج
non-living غير حية things	cold کانثات	**	یارد
plants	hot نباتات		حار
tree roots الشجر	wet جڏور	3	مبتل
- ظروف ق ق ق ا	near أحوال	34	قريب
ملون علون المادة colored feathers	look whit ریش	e pi	یبدو ابیض
- تنمو · عنمو	light fur تثمر		فرو خفیف
all the time (24)	dark طوال	· Constitution	مظلم
Paramana Maria Mar	NAME OF THE PART O	**************************************	~;,
imaginary پالي	the most) خط خ sunshine		الأكثر الشمس الأكثر
the furthest الشمال north	all month اقصی the year	of span.	كل شهور السنا
Parts of the من العالم و	point اجزاء		نقطة

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Connect Plus 3



all over the world - around the في كل أنحاء العالم

on the ground

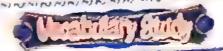
world the middle of the Earth

on land المتنصف الكرة الأرضية

Unit (4)

on the map

in the water على الخريطة



: a dry, barren area of land, especially one covered with sand desert

: a dense forest rich in plants, birds and animals, found rainforest typically in tropical areas with consistently heavy rainfall.

: a large open area of country covered with grass. grassland

: land consisting of swamps. wetland

landscape: all the visible features of an area of countryside or land.

: an area of low-lying ground where water collects. swamp

North Pole: the point at the furthest north of the world.

South Pole: the point at the furthest south of the world.

polar : relating to the North or South Pole.

tropical parts

: the areas around the equator.

equator : an imaginary line all around the middle of the Earth.

relating to the regions around the North Pole. Arctic

sunshine : direct sunlight over a large area.

: the weather conditions in an area in general or over a long climate period.

: the earth, together with all of its countries, peoples, and world natural features.

mole : a small burrowing animal with dark fur, and very small eyes

non-living : things that have no life. things

A habitat is a place with a particular kind of climate and landscape. There are different habitats all over the world. They have different animals, plants and non-living things.

## Compare these three habitats:

In a polar habitat, there is snow and ice, and everything looks white. There aren't any trees, and the plants are small. Animals can take shelter in burrows.

There are rainforests in warm, tropical parts of the world. Lots of animals here live in the trees and eat leaves and fruit. It is hot and wet, and the trees grow lots of fruit.

A wetland can be wet all the time. Wetlands can be near the sea or near a river. A swamp is a wetland where there are lots of trees. The tree roots can be in the water and animals hide in them.







There are different habitats around the world because of the different climate and conditions. Some parts of the world are cold, and some are hot.

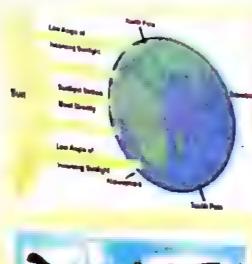
Equator — this is an imaginary line all around the middle of the Earth.

North Pole — this is the point at the furthest north of the world.

South Pole - this is the point at the furthest south of the world.

The equator gets the most sunshine. It is not here for all 12 months of the year. The North and South Pole don't get a lot of sunshine. It is very cold in these parts of the world.

We can see the different habitats on a map of the world.





# Write the correct word under each picture:

polar - wetland - grassland - equator - desert - rainforest

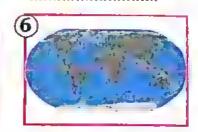












#### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

A habitat is a place with a particular kind of climate and landscape. There are different habitats all over the world. They have different animals, plants and non-living things.

In a polar habitat, there is snow and ice, and everything looks white. There aren't any trees, and the plants are small. Animals can take shelter in burrows.

There are rainforests in warm, tropical parts of the world. Lots of animals here live in the trees and eat leaves and fruit. It is hot and wet, and the trees grow lots of fruit.

A wetland can be wet all the time. Wetlands can be near the sea or near a river. A swamp is a wetland where there are lots of trees. The tree roots can be in the water and animals hide in them.

## Complete the following sentences: Write (polar-wetland-rainforest)

- An Arctic fox is white. It digs burrows in the ground. ......
- 2 A spider monkey eats fruit and lives in trees. .....

Connect Plus 3

114

A Nigo Litterad



- Crayfish often live in dark, warm water and take shelter in tree roots.
- Macaws have beautiful colored feathers. They eat fruit and leaves. .....
- Wolves have light colored fur. They eat rabbits and other animals that live on the ground. .....
- Turtles eat plants and animals in the water and on land. ............

#### B Read the following passage and answer the questions:

There are different habitats around the world because of the different climate and conditions. Some parts of the world are cold, and some are hot.

Equator is an imaginary line all around the middle of the Earth.

North Pole is the point at the furthest north of the world. South Pole is the point at the furthest south of the world.

The equator gets the most sunshine. It is hot here for all 12 months of the year. The North and South Pole don't get a lot of sunshine. It is very cold in these parts of the world.

We can see the different habitats on a map of the world.

## Answer the following questions:

- Why is the equator the hottest part of the world?
- Why are the North and South Poles colder?
- What habitats can you find near the equator?
- What habitats do you know in Egypt?

## Copy the following sentence:

You never know what you can do until you try.

Wards Mands

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## A) Vecabular

emergent layer

الطبقة العليا ( قمم



غابة

top layer



humid الطبقة العليا



رطپ

canopy layer



طبقة المظلة (ورق (الأشجار) support



understory layer



ecosystem طبقة سفلية



نظام بيئي

forest floor



inside أرضية الغابة



داخل

insects



rain (۷) حشرات



تمطر

birds



including طيور



مشتملاً على

spider



fall down عنكبوت



تسقط

**butterflies** 



through فراشات



خلال - من خلال

lizard



تنظل - تخترق 🙀 🙀 🙀 get through سحلية



frog



above



أعلى - فوق

snake



hear تعبان



crawl



see يزحف



يرى

hunt for food



بصطاد من أجل الطعام

touch



amazing



smell مدهش



يشع



# swamp دِمطاد hunt المستنقع hunt المستنقع swamp مستنقع hunt المستنقع grassland أرض رطبة wetland خيمة



emergent layer	the name given to the tops of trees that poke up above the rainforest. It is very sunny here and only the strongest and tallest plants reach this level.
canopy layer	: refers to the upper layer or habitat zone, formed by mature tree crowns.
understory layer	the underlying layer of vegetation in a forest or wooded area, especially the trees and shrubs growing between the forest canopy and the forest floor.
forest floor	: It mainly consists of leaves, branches, bark, and stems, existing above the soil surface.
humid	: marked by a high level of water vapor in the atmosphere.
support (v)	: to give help to.
ecosystem	: It is a community or group of living organisms that live in and interact with each other in a specific environment.
lizard	: a reptile that typically has a long body and tail, four legs,
crawi	: move forward on the hands and knees or by dragging the body close to the ground.
hunt	: to catch or kill (a wild animal) for sport or food.







#### Inside the rainforest

A rainforest is an amazing habitat. There are many different plants, trees, animals, insects and birds. It rains a lot, and it is very hot. This makes it humid.

All parts of the rainforest support each other. This is called an 'ecosystem'.

There are four layers in a rainforest:

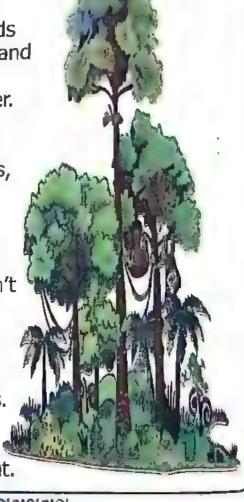
The top layer is called the 'emergent layer'. This is the top of the trees. Not many animals live here – there are birds (such as macaws), spiders, butterflies and some small monkeys.

The canopy layer is under the top layer. There is shelter and lots of food such as fruit and nuts here. Lots of animals live in the canopy layer, including sloths,

monkeys and birds.

The understory layer is under the canopy. There isn't a lot of sun here, so it's dark and humid. Rain falls down through the layers above, but there isn't a lot of sun. There are lots of insects, lizards and frogs. Other larger animals hunt for food in the understory layer.

On the forest floor, it is very dark. Very little sunlight can get through the trees. Snakes crawl on the rainforest floor. Because it's dark, plants here need to have big leaves so they can get sunlight.



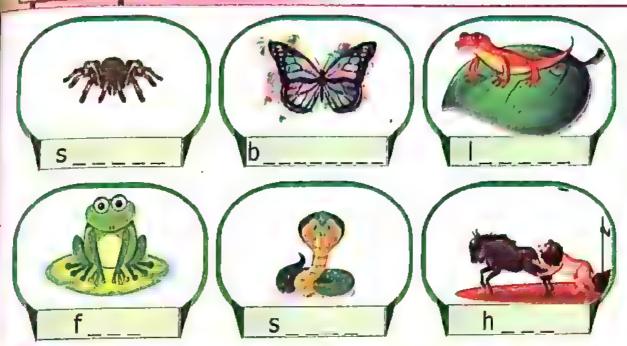
NUNDONNONNONNONNONNO



#### Supply the missing letters:







#### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

A rainforest is an amazing habitat. There are many different plants, trees, animals, insects and birds. It rains a lot, and it is very hot. This makes it humid.

All parts of the rainforest support each other. This is called an

'ecosystem'.

There are four layers in a rainforest:

The top layer is called the 'emergent layer'. This is the top of the trees. Not many animals live here – there are birds (such as macaws), spiders, butterflies and some small monkeys.

The canopy layer is under the top layer. There is shelter and lots of food such as fruit and nuts here. Lots of animals live in the

canopy layer, including sloths, monkeys and birds.

The understory layer is under the canopy. There isn't a lot of sun here, so it's dark and humid. Rain falls down through the layers above, but there isn't a lot of sun. There are lots of insects, lizards and frogs. Other larger animals hunt for food in the understory layer.

On the forest floor, it is very dark. Very little sunlight can get through the trees. Snakes crawl on the rainforest floor.

Because it's dark, plants here need to have big leaves.

	(4)		
Read and mark (1) or (x):	P		
Sloths live in the emergent layer.	*************		
② There aren't a lot of animals in the emergent layer.	***********		
Output Description Output Descript	**********		
Not many animals live in the canopy layer.	*************		
It is dark in the understory layer.	***********		
6 Plants on the forest floor have small leaves.	**********		
Read again and complete:	:		
Birds and butterflies and small monkeys live in the	layer		
② There is shelter and lots of in the canopy layer.			
Monkeys, and birds live in the canopy layer.			
The understory layer is and darker than the canopy layer.			
6 Lizards, and insects live in the understory layer.			
6 The plants on the have big leaves.			
Very little gets through trees on the for	est floor.		
Copy the following sentence:			
Think before you talk.			



تتمق جاف مطر غزير heavy rain دخان عاصفة storm قذر - متسخ يترك - يغادر leave على



dirty

as well as





جفاف

فيضان

حريق

براكين

بيئة

يغطي

				7.50	(4)
nutrients		مواد مغذية	healthier	Ville	ر محة
minerals	<b>建金金</b>	معادن	crowded		M
soil		) تربة	city	April 5	بنة
dead trees	Ž	أشجار ميتة	jobs	Manager Hall	الف
can be burned		) إيمكن أن تحرق	wildlife		اة البرية
lake	农种花	) بحيرة	somewhe else	re	ن آخر
edge		حافة ا	new farm		رعة جديدة
relax	E.V	ر پسترخ <i>ي</i>	keep anima	als 📈	ي حيوانات
bring		ایمضر	more land	医皮肤结束 外侧张大麻 种种用由 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医 医	ن أكثر

# Prepositions

agree with	يتفق مع	both of them	كلاً من
in balance	في توازن	put into	بضع في
in the short term	على المدى القصير	in the future	في المستقيل
in the air	في الهواء	overflow of water	فيضان الماء
for farming	للزراعة	fall to the ground	نسقط على الأرض
cùt down	تقطع - تبتر	bad for	سيء لِـ
reasons for	أسباب لِ	good for	ختر اِ





deforestation	: the action of clearing a wide area of trees.
ash	: the powdery remains left after the burning of a substance.
pollution	things that have harmful or poisonous effects to the environment.
drought	: a period of low rainfall, leading to a shortage of water.
flood	: an overflowing of a large amount of water, especially over what is normally dry land.
fire	: burning, that gives out bright light, heat, and smoke.
volcano	: a mountain or hill, having a crater through which lava, rock fragments, hot vapor, and gas are being or have been erupted.
disasters	: a sudden event, such as a natural catastrophe, that causes great damage or loss of life.
human activity	: something that people do or cause to happen.
environment	the surroundings or conditions in which a person, animal, or plant lives.
destroy	: put an end to the existence of (something) by damaging it.
damage	to break something, spoil it physically, or stop it from working properly.
erupt	: (of a volcano) becomes active and gives out lava, ash, and gases.
garbage	: rubbish.
crowded	: full of people or other things, leaving little or no room for movement.

unit (4)



Animals and plants live together in balance in different habitats. But what happens when things change? There are lots of reasons for changes.

#### **Human activity:**

#### Deforestation

People cut down forests and rainforests to use the trees, or to make land for farming. This destroys the habitats of hundreds of animals, birds and plants.



#### Building

New buildings for homes offices and factories can destroy habitats. They can be good for people, but bad for the animals that lose their homes.



#### Pollution

Pollution can be on land, in water, or in the air. People leave garbage on the land and in rivers and seas. We put chemicals in rivers and seas, and damage the air with machines and fires.



#### Natural disasters:

#### Volcanoes

When a volcano erupts, ash falls to the ground and covers it. In the short term, plants can't grow. The ash pollutes the air.



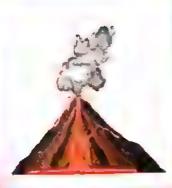
#### Flood

In a flood, there is an overflow of water to land that is usually dry. This can happen in heavy rain or a storm. Floods can destroy natural habitats as well as people's homes.



# Fire

Fires can happen in forests or grassland, Fire can destroy many habitats very quickly. The smoke pollutes the air.





When there isn't enough rain, the ground is dry and plants can't grow. Animals can't find water to drink. Farmers can't grow food.







I think it is a good idea to build the new homes. people need homes to live in. The city is crowded with too many houses. It will make jobs for lots of people. We can plant new trees after they build the homes. The animals will find somewhere else to live. It will be a beautiful place for people to live in.



I don't think we should build twenty new homes next to the lake on the edge of our town. The lake is a habitat for lots of wildlife. These are birds, fish, insects, snakes and frogs. There are lots of different trees and plants. It is also a beautiful place for people to visit and relax. The new homes will destroy this habitat. The machines: will pollute the air and the water.

Exercises on Lesson 5

#### Write the correct word under each picture

deforestation - pollution - drought - volcano flood - fire - garbage - machine - factory



## 2/

## Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Animals and plants live together in balance in different habitats. But what happens when things change? There are lots of reasons for changes.

The first reason is deforestation. People cut down forests and rainforests to use the trees, or to make land for farming. This destroys the habitats of hundreds of animals, birds and plants.

The second reason is pollution. Pollution can be on land, in water, or in the air. People leave garbage on the land and in rivers and seas. We put chemicals in rivers and seas, and damage the air with machines and fires.

The third reason is building. New buildings for homes, offices and factories can destroy habitats. They can be good for people, but bad for the animals that lose their homes.

The fourth reason is volcanoes. When a volcano erupts, ash falls to the ground and covers it. In the short term, plants can't grow. The ash pollutes the air.

The fifth reason is drought. When there isn't enough rain, the ground is dry and plants can't grow. Animals can't find water to drink. Farmers can't grow food.

The sixth reason is flood. In a flood, there is an overflow of water to land that is usually dry. This can happen in heavy rain or a storm. Floods can destroy natural habitats as well as people's homes.

The seventh reason is fire. Fires can happen in forests or grassland. Fire can destroy many habitats very quickly. The smoke pollutes the air.

## Write the word that refers to each sentence:

- Making land, water or air dirty.
- ② Destroying habitats to make homes or offices.
- Ash from these can cover the ground.
- Outting down trees.
- When water covers the land.
- This can destroy a habitat quickly.
- When there isn't enough water.

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A LUKED KALIKAAN

Unit (4)		
Read again and write one word from the passage:		
is when there is too much rain onto land that is usually dry.		
is when people cut down forests.		
makes the land, air and water dirty.		
new homes can destroy habitats.		
6 When a erupts, falls on the ground.		
When it's dry, can't grow, and farmers can't grow		
Ais when there isn't enough rain.		
Account of the second of the s		
Read these positive effects and write the correct word then answer:		
fire – volcano – flood		
Water can bring new nutrients to the land. This     helps plants to grow in the future.		
2 There are minerals in the ash which are good for		
the soil. The soil will be healthier after some time.		
3 Dead trees and leaves on the forest floor can be		
burned. This puts important nutrients into the soil		
Read again and choose : \		
A flood can help the land because		
a) water brings nutrients to the land.		
b) there will be lots of fish.		
2 Ash from volcanoes can help the land because		
a) animals like to eat the ash.		
b) the ash is good for the soil.		
When fires burn dead leaves and plants      the putrionts go into the soil.		
a) the nutrients go into the soil. b) the nutrients are lost.		
Copy the following sentence:		
A good book is a good friend.		
Connect Plus 3		

# Unit Test 4 (4)



Unit (4

## 1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

(2Ms)

Amar : What might you do after school?

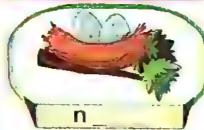
Fady : .....

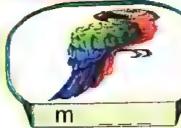
Amar: What might happen next?

Fady:

#### Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)

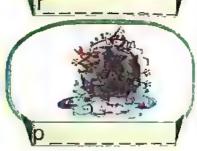












#### B Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1 The (South Pole North Pole equator) is the point at the furtnest north of the world.
- I (might will might not) go out. It's very cold outside.
- 3 Lions and cheetahs (hunt grow hide) other animals for food.
- 4 She (might might not can't) come with us to the zoo. She likes animals.
- The (cheetah fennec fox sloth) moves very slowly.
- 6 He might (eats eat ate) chicken for dinner.
- 7 The (swamp tropical polar) parts of the world are very hot.
- (Did Were Was) it a spider monkey? No. It had big ears.

## Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown!

(4Ms)

1 She might drink orange juice.

(not)

2 I went to the wildlife park.

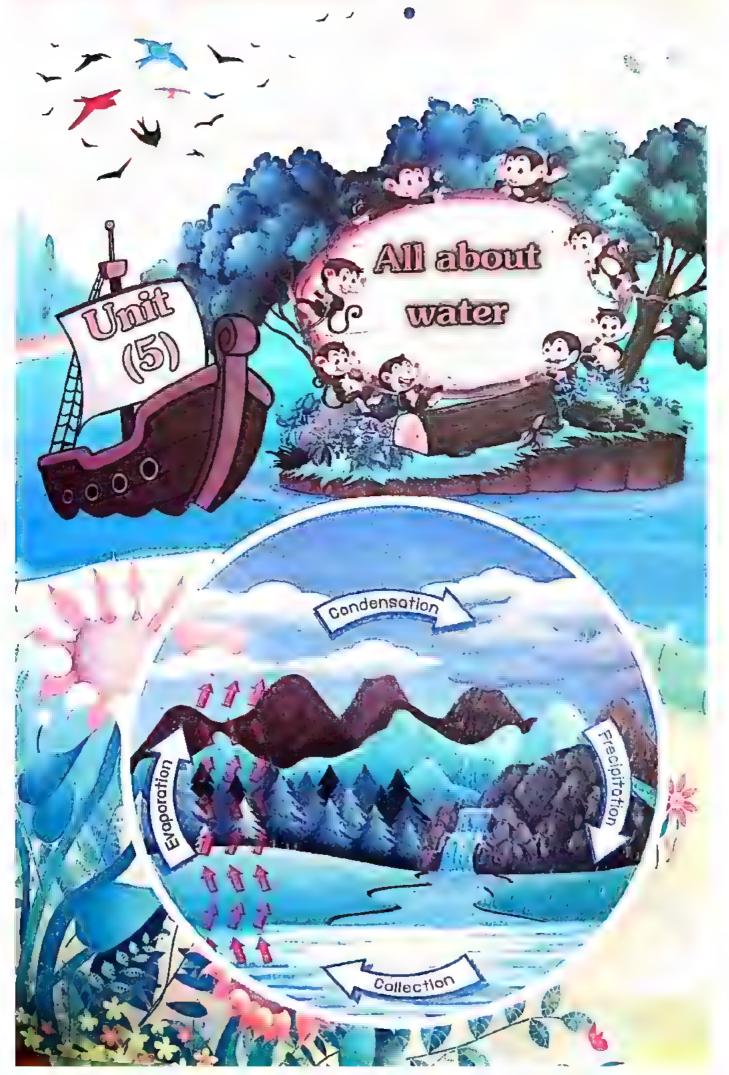
(Where)

Connect Plus 3

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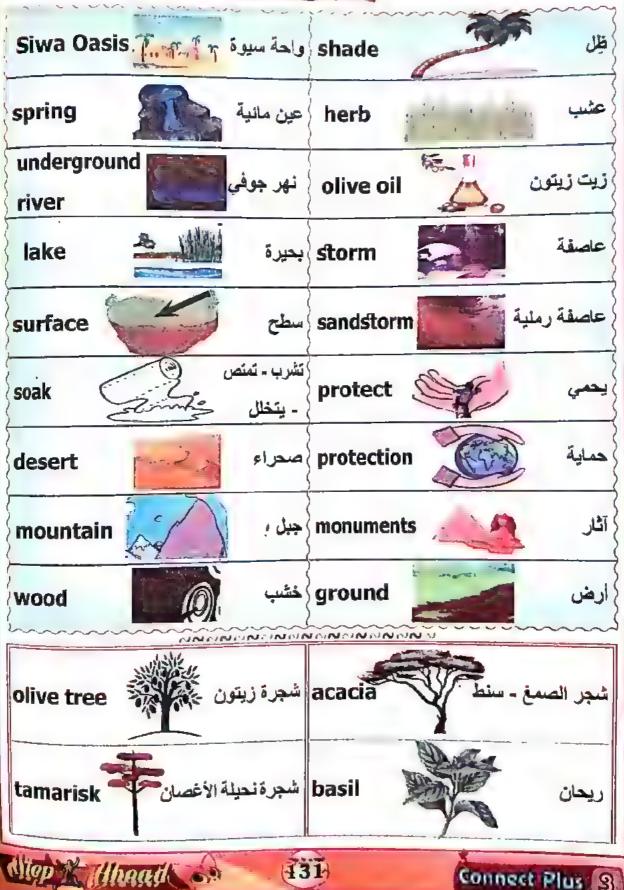
3 What might you do tomorrow? (1)				
4 It had a long tail. (not)				
Read the following passage and answer the questions below: (4Ms)				
I don't think we should build twenty new homes next to the lake on the edge of our town. The lake is a habitat for lots of wildlife. These are birds, fish, insects, snakes and frogs. There are lots of different trees and plants. It is also a beautiful place for people to visit and relax. The new homes will destroy this habitat. The machines will pollute the air and the water.				
Answer the following questions:				
Why shouldn't we build new homes next to the lake?				
② Do you agree with the writer?				
B// Choose the correct answer:				
The lake is on the (middle - top - edge) of the town.				
The machines will (erupt – pollute – hunt) the air and the water.				
Write a paragraph of four sentences on: (4Ms)				
"The animals you know and where they live"				
Ideas to help you:				
penguin – camel – lion – monkey – polar bear – birds				
Copy the following sentence: (2Ms)  It's no use crying over spilt milk.				
Connect Plus (129)				





# Pages 64-67

## A) Vicebulary









useful things	اشياء مفيدة	drink (n) مشروب
delicious	لذيذة	animals عبوانات عام
different ways	طرق مختلفة	أسرة - عائلة عائلة المائة أسرة - عائلة المائة ا
whole whole	کل ۔ جمیع	three times المحكة three times
where where	حيث	such as مثل
What else?	وماذا أيضًا؟	as well @\$ الكالا

#### Prepositions

look after	يعتني ب	into the Earth	داخل الأرض
fall to	يسقط على	good for you	جيد لك
come up	يصعد	for thousands of year	لألاف السنين rs

#### Conjugation of Verbs

Regular verbs

	Present	pest	Past participle
visit	Hiel	visited	visited
cook	يطهي	cooked	cooked
protect	يشمي	protected	protected
walk	يمشي	walked	walked
climb	يتسلق	climbed	climbed
look after	يعتني	looked after	looked after
live	يعيش	lived	lived
provide	يمد ــ يزود	provided	provided
use	يستغدم _ يستعمل	used	used
try	يجزب ــ يحاول	tried	tried









#### Irregular verbs

	Present	past	Past participle
see	ун	saw	seen
eat	ياكل	ate	eaten
swim	نسنع – عنسر	swam	swum
come up	يصعد	came up	come up
fali	يسقط_يقع	fell	fallen
make	يصنع	made	made
give	يعطي	gave	given
sell	£-14	sold	sold
put	يضع	put	put
get	يحصلعلى	got	got
take	يأخذ	took	taken
drink	يشرب	drank	drunk



Siwa Oasis	: A famous oasis in the western desert in Egypt.	
spring	: a source of water from the ground, particularly a very small pond.	
underground	: beneath the surface of the ground.	
river	: a large natural stream of fresh water flowing in a channel.	
lake	: an area filled with water, surrounded by land.	
surface	: the outside part or the top layer of something.	
soak	to pass, as a liquid, through holes.	
shade	: screen from direct light.	
herb	erb : any plant with leaves, seeds, or flowers used for flavoring, food, medicine, or perfume.	
sandstorm		
protect	: to keep safe from harm or injury.	
tamarisk	: small trees that have tiny leaves of small, white to pink flowers.	
palm tree	: a tree that gives out dates.	



: a kind of tree or bush that grows in very warm climates acacia and have tiny leaves and are covered in spikes. basil

: an aromatic herb of the mint family.

: mint, used as a herb and to flavor candy, chewing gum, etc. spearmint

#### NEW WALLE TO THE WALL TO THE W → How is an oasis formed?

1 Rain falls to the ground.

② The rain soaks into the earth.

3 The rain makes rivers and lakes underground.

④ Water comes up to the surface of the ground in a spring.

⑤ As oasis is a place where there is a big spring or lots of springs.



Siwa Oasis is a very interesting place in the desert. People have lived here for thousands of years. The desert is hot and dry, but in an oasis there is water. People can grow trees and plants, and look after animals. I've visited Siwa Oasis with my family. We ate lots of fruit, we saw some monuments and we swam in the spring.

There are many different plants and trees at an oasis. They make the oasis a special place. The desert is hot, and the trees and plants give people food, medicine, and shade.

Farmers grow tall date palm trees. They can sell dates in Egypt and all over the world. People also use the leaves of date palm trees to make baskets.





Olive trees grow here as well. People eat olives, cook with olives, and make olive oil. Olives are very good for you. The wood from the olive tree is hard, and we can make useful things from it such as bowls and spoons.





Acacia trees are old and very special. They provide shelter for people and animals. They protect the oasis from sandstorms.

Tamarisk trees also protect the oasis from sandstorms. They are smaller than acacia trees and they have pretty pink flowers.



People can grow spearmint in an oasis. This is a herb. It can be a medicine, or you can put it in food or drink.

Basil is another herb. It is very good for you. It has lots of vitamins and minerals in it, and you can make medicine from its oil It's delicious in food, too!



MANANAMAN PANANAMANAMAN



#### jaresent Perfect Tense إمن المضارع النام

Affirmative and	Negolitive . All	Interrogative الإستقعام	
have lived	haven't lived '	Have { I lived?	
He She has lived	He She hasn't lived It .	he lived?  Has she lived?  it lived?	
You We have lived They	You We haven't lived They	Have you lived? we lived? they lived?	



(has - have) + p.p التصريف الثلث



- She has climbed a tree.
- They have seen a big lake.
- ★We use it to talk about experience.
- ★ يستخدم عند الحديث عن الخبرات السابقة أو عند الحديث عن حدث ماضى مازال له تأثير حتى الان.
  - * I have never tried coffee.
  - * We have walked in a desert.
- ★ In the interrogative form, we use (has have ) at the beginning of the question or after the question word with the past participle.
- ★ عند عمل سؤال على المضارع التامّ ، نبدأ السؤال بـ (have has) او نضع إحداهما بعد أداة الاستفهام مع التصريف الثالث.
- ★ What have you done?
  ♦ I have walked in the park.

- * Have you ever climbed a mountain % No.Ihaveneverdimbedamountain.



## Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Shaza: Have you ever visited Siwa?

Shaza :

Shaza: What interesting things can we see there?

Shaza :







#### 2 Complete using the following words:

#### shade - medicine - food - baskets - protection

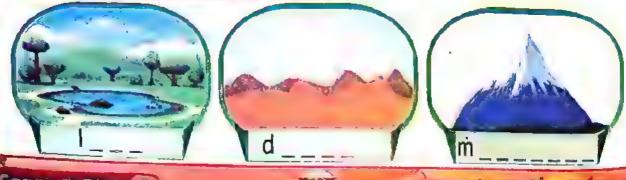
At an oasis, there are los of springs of fresh water. Trees and plants can grow, and we can use these in different ways. We can grow (1) ....... to eat. We can take shelter from the sun in their (2) ........ We can make (3) ....... for people who are sick. We can make (4) ....... from the leaves of trees and plants. The trees also give us (5) ....... from storms in the desert. An oasis is a very special place!

## B write the correct word under each picture:

#### spring - surface - underground river - herb - oasis - soak



#### A Supply the missing letters



Connect Plus 3

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#### Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 The (mountain oasis ground) is a place in the desert where there's water.
- 2 We can get water to drink at the (sea winter spring) over there.
- 3 Spearmint and basil are different (dates herbs fruit).
- 1 Don't go out when there's a (sun light sandstorm).
- (Deserts Lakes Rivers) are very hot and dry.
- 6 Doctors give (medicine plants dates) to sick people.
- We can get fresh water in (seas rivers oceans).
- There are lots of dates in the (acacia tamarisk palm) tree.
- The (farmer doctor teacher) grows plants and keeps animals.
- We can sit in the (leaves shade wood) of a tree when it's hot.

## Unit (5)

#### Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1 He (has have) ridden his bike.
- 2 I (has have) done my homework.
- 3.We (has have) watched a movie.
- 4 Mona (has have) helped her mum.
- 5 They (has have) gone to Alexandria.
- $\bigcirc$  The cat (has have) eaten its food.
- You (has have) helped me a lot. Thank you.
- I have (visiting visit visited) an oasis with my family three times.
- We have (see saw seen) a big lake.
- (Has Have Did) you ever climbed a tree?
- I've (ever never already) eaten basil. I don't know it.
- Have you ever (swum swim swam) in a lake?
- They've (took taken take) lots of photos.
- People (lives are living have lived) there for thousands of years.
- Have you (ever never since) tried coffee?
- Have you ever visited Siwa? No, I (have hasn't haven't).

#### Read the passage and answer the questions:

There are many different plants and trees at an oasis. They make the oasis a special place. The desert is hot, and the trees and plants give people food, medicine, and shade.

Farmers grow tall date palm trees. They can sell dates in Egypt and all over the world. People also use the leaves of date palm trees to make baskets.

Olive trees grow here as well. People eat olives, cook with olives, and make olive oil. Olives are very good for you. The wood from the olive tree is hard, and we can make useful things from it such as bowls and spoons.

Acacia trees are old and very special. They provide shelter for people and animals. They protect the oasis from sandstorms.

Tamarisk trees also protect the oasis from sandstorms. They are smaller than acacia trees and they have pretty pink flowers.

People can grow spearmint in an oasis. This is a herb. It can be a

medicine, or you can put it in food or drink.

Basil is another herb. It is very good for you. It has lots of vitamins and minerals in it, and you can make medicine from its oil. It's delicious in food, too!





## Answer the following questions:

- What do people use the leaves of palm trees for?
- What protects the oasis from sandstorms?

## B// Choose the correct answer:

- Trees give us (shade baskets bowls).
- (Acacia Tamarisk Basil) has lots of vitamins.

## T// Match:

#### `A' `B'

- olive tree
   a) you can put this herb in food or drink.
- 2 acacia tree b) these small trees protect the oasis form sandstorms.
- 3 date palm tree (c) you can get hard wood from this tree.
- spearmint d) you can make baskets with the leaves of this tree.
- 6 tamarisk e) this herb has vitamins and minerals in it.
- 6 basil f) this special tree gives lots of shade.

## write a paragraph of four sentences on:

"Siwa Oasis"

## "Ideas to help you:

interesting – desert – water – plants – animals – dates – monuments



Viep & Ahead

141



Rewrite the following sentences using the words in bu	rackets:
1 No, I've never seen a snake.	(Have)
₩	
2 He took lots of sandwiches.	(taken)
<b>\( \)</b>	
Have you ever climbed a mountain.	(No,)
ъ	
4 They saw lots of interesting places.	(seen)
\$	
5 Yes, I've tried Siwan food.	(Have)
	(has)
6 She swam in the swimming pool.	(1103)
Have you ever visited Luxor and Aswan?	(Yes,)
Mare you ever visited baxor and returning	
3 I gave my mum a present.	(have)
<b>\$</b>	
Copy the following sentence:	
One hour today is worth two tom	orrow
One nour today is worth two tom	



Connect Plus 3

142



# Lesson 2 Pages (\$489)

## A) Unrabulary

water cycle دورة المياه	runoff جريان المياه
condense نتكثف نفتي	drops of water
condensation	liquid wate ماء ساتل
evaporation تبخير المالية	fresh water ماء عذب
vapor بخار	salt water ماء مالح
precipitation مطول الأمطار	sea بحر
process عملية	river
atmosphere غلاف جوی	ocean محیط
air dela	groundwater مياه جوفية
join تاتحم مع together بعضها	heat (n) (v) حرارة ـ يسخن صحاح
clouds war	rise up ترتفع
ریاح - حلی	ربیرد (v) cool (v)
Wan & House A	Granger Place 2

stages 🍇		مراحل	get bigger
different types	لفة ريارًا	أنماط مخت	get heavier اثقل
sky		السماء	get deeper معن عمق عمق
rain (n) 🥞		مطر 🚅	get wider مصبح أوسع
snow		جنيد	get cooler عبرد
hail	(4	بَرَد (ثلج خفي <b>ف</b>	بندفق بندفق
hill		تل	تهبط(تنزل على الأرض) مريد الأرض (v) المريد الأرض الأرض الأرض الأرض الأرض الأرض الأرض المريد
high ground		أرض عالية	become Decome
experiment		تجربة	cause (v) بسبب
science class		حصة علوم	Start Japa
beaker	13	کأس	move نعرك
empty		فارغ	run down تجري الأسفل
narrow		ضيق	come back نعود ـ ترجع
ice ,		ثلج	travel المنتقل
Connect IP LES	3	14	14 Ca Dien K Abend



The Dead Se	ea	البحر الميت	float
surrounded b	Y NET 4	) محاط پ	frozen ماء متجمد water
is squeezed out		تضغط المخارج	freeze (v) بثلج (یجمد)
is formed	ر کی ا	) کون <b>- تشک</b> )	polar اماکن قطبیة regions
salty		مالح	سیح (یصهر) کان (melt

## Weed by law Study

water cycle	cycle that involves the continuous circulation of water in the Earth-atmosphere system.	
condensation	: water which collects as droplets on a cold surface when humid air is in contact with it.	
evaporation	: the process of turning from liquid into vapor.	
vapor	: when water turns into a gas form.	
process	: a series of actions or steps taken in order to achieve a particular end	
precipitation	: water that falls from clouds.	
atmosphere	: the whole mass of air surrounding the earth.	
run off	: running water from the surface of an area of land.	
fresh water	: water that you can drink , as water of rivers, ponds, or lakes, that is not salty.	
salt water	: water from the sea, which has salt in it.	
groundwater	: water held underground that can be brought to the surface through natural springs or by pumping.	



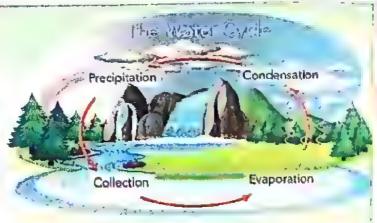


rise up	to come to the surface.
hail	: to come to the surface : a form of solid, small balls usually consisting of layers of ice and snow that falls from the sky.
experiment	: an act or operation for the purpose of discovering something unknown or of testing something.
empty	: containing nothing; not filled.
flow (v)	: when water move or run smoothly.
float	: to stay on the surface of a liquid without sinking.
squeeze	: when you squeeze something, you put pressure on it.
polar regions	: area around the North Pole or the South Pole.
melt (v)	: make or become liquefied by warmth or heat.

### The water cycle

Where does water come from? Water travels from the land to the sea, in a process called the Water Cycle. These are the stages.

Evaporation Let's start on the ground. Heat from the sun makes water in the sea, in lakes, and in rivers start to evaporate. The water



turns into vapor. This vapor rises up into the atmosphere.

Condensation As the air rises, it starts to cool. This makes the water vapor condenses into drops of water. These join together to make clouds.

Precipitation Wind moves the clouds in the sky. The clouds get bigger and heavier. Precipitation is when water falls from the clouds as rain, snow, or hail.

When rain falls on high ground, it runs down mountains and hills as rivers. This is runoff. The rivers start small and narrow. They get deeper and wider as they gather more water. Rivers run to the sea, and the cycle starts again with evaporation.

Some water soaks into the ground. This is groundwater. It flows into underground rivers and lakes. These can come back to the surface as a spring. A spring can become a river or a lake. The water evaporates, and the cycle starts again.

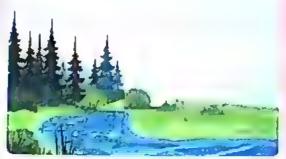
Connect Plas 3





## Rivers, Seas, and Oceans





There are two types of liquid water- fresh water and salt water. Rivers and lakes have fresh water in them. The water comes from precipitation and springs.

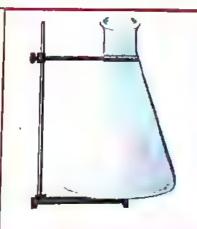
Seas and oceans have salt water in them, because rain washes minerals from the land and from rocks. These minerals go into the sea in runoff water.

Rivers don't have salt water because the rain keeps fresh water moving through.

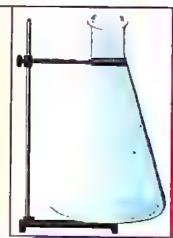
#### NANNANNANNANNANNANN



We've done an experiment in our science class. We put salt water in one beaker, and fresh water in another beaker. We heated the water in the beakers. Look what has happened!



The water has evaporated and we can see the salt.



The water has evaporated. The beaker is empty.







## Write the correct word under each pictures

experiment – heat – evaporatation – sea – cloud – condensation – river – wind – float



### Read the passage and answer the questions:

Where does water come from? Water travels from the land to the sea, in a process called the Water Cycle.

These are the stages.

Let's start on the ground. Heat from the sun makes water in the sea, in lakes, and in rivers start to evaporate. The water turns into vapor. This vapor rises up into the atmosphere. This is called evaporation.

As the air rises, it starts to cool. This makes the water vapor condenses into drops of water. These join together to make clouds. This is called condensation.

Wind moves the clouds in the sky. The clouds get bigger and heavier. Precipitation is when water falls from the clouds as rain, snow, or hail.

When rain falls on high ground, it runs down mountains and hills as rivers. This is runoff. The rivers start small and narrow.

Wuit (5)

Unit (5)

They get deeper and wider as they gather more water. Rivers run to the sea, and the cycle starts again with evaporation.

Some water soaks into the ground. This is groundwater. It flows into underground rivers and lakes. These can come back to the surface as a spring. A spring can become a river or a lake. The water

## Answer the following questions:

- What does heat from the sun do to water?
- What's precipitation?

## Choose the correct answer:

- Vapor (falls down rises up stops) into the atmosphere.
- (Groundwater Frozen water Salt water) is water that soaks into the ground.

## "Complete the sentences form the passage:

- ..... is when water falls from clouds as rain.
- 2 Water that lands on the ground and travels in rivers is called .......
- Some water soaks into the ground as ......
- 1 The sun causes ...... of water from the surface of rivers and the sea.
- The whole process is called ......

### Match A with B

#### 'A'

- evaporation
- **2** condensation
- precipitation
- runoff
- ⁶ groundwater
- © cycle

#### **'B'**

- a) Water falls from the clouds as rain, snow or hail.
- b) Some water soaks into the ground and flows in rivers that are under the ground.
- c) Water vapor rises and starts to cool. It becomes clouds.
- d) How water in rivers becomes clouds, then rainfall, then runoff, then rivers that are under the ground.
- e) The sun turns water into vapor. Vapor rises into the atmosphere.
- f) When rain falls on high ground, it runs down mountains as rivers.

(149)

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#### Complete using the following words:

#### deeper - rivers - sea - small

#### cycle - lake - surface - ground

### Read the water facts then answer:

- The Dead Sea is a small sea, and it is surrounded by land. The water here has a lot of salt in it. Because of the salt, you can float in the Dead Sea!
- 2 The water in an oasis is fresh. It comes from underground lakes and rivers.
- Ice is frozen water. In polar regions, when ice is formed from salt water, the salt is squeezed out and only the water freezes. This means the ice isn't salty – you can melt the water and drink it!

### Circle T (true) or F (false:

- 1 The Dead Sea doesn't have much salt in it. T / F
- 2 You can float in the Dead Sea. T/F
- The water in an oasis comes from precipitation.
- 4 When ice is formed with salt water, it becomes more salty.
- **1** In polar regions, you can melt ice and drink it.

#### Copy the following sentence:

Doing is better than saying.

Connect Plus 3

150

Nige & Albrait



## CANDA 10 ( 3 ) Day on YOURS

## 1) Prosupating



Thep of Alberta

151

Connect Plus 3





N NN NN NN NN NN NN NN NN NN

## Phonics the "a" sounds:

river	نهر	acacia	تيات السنط
polar	قطبي	shelter	ماوی ۰
wat <mark>e</mark> r	میاه	cheetah	القهد
cobra	تعيان الكوبرا		

### Prepositions

in order to	لكي	in the day	إ بالنهار
close to	قريب من	at night	ليلأ
spread out	ينتشر	lead to	يودي إلى
Point to	يشير إلى	most of the year	معظم السنة
keep the sand out	يبعد الرمل	further away from	البعد كثيرًا عن

Map & Alhand Series

153

Connect Plus 3



## Mostulary Study

a plant with a thick stem that has spines, cacti plants can survive in hard conditions and lack of water.	
the horny parts of the feet of an animal, like a camel.	
: a rounded thing found on the back of a camel.	
: spikes on the stem of a plant.	
: having a hole or empty space inside.	
a long, hollow cylinder for holding or transporting something, like liquids or gases.	
: to make (something) suitable for a new use or purpose	
<ul> <li>to continue to live or exist, especially in spite of danger or hardship.</li> </ul>	
: act or conduct oneself in a specified way, especially toward others.	
: not thin.	
: the outer layer of an animal body.	
the short, fine, soft hair of certain animals.	
: hiding or disguising.	
areas that have a climate that is warm in the summer, cold in the winter, and moderate in the spring and fall.	
areas that have a climate that is hot all the year round and there is heavy rain for six months and there is less rain for six months.	
areas in the North or South Pole.	
the main body of a plant.	
: to keep (something) for future use.	
: to continue.	

### Plants and animals

Plants and animals adapt to their habitat. This means that they change the way they behave in order to survive in their habitat. We know that plants need water to grow, and animals need to drink to live. But some plants and animals live in the desert. How?

Cactus plants have adapted to survive in the desert!
Their roots are close to the surface and they spread out a long way in the ground.
They can catch a lot of rainwater when it doesn't rain.

Inside a cactus, there are hollow tubes. These can hold water and store it for many years. A cactus plant has thick skin so water inside the tubes can't evaporate. They have spines to protect them. These stop animals drinking the

Camels have
adapted to survive
very well in the
desert. They
can drink enough
water to last for a week.
They don't often sweat, so
they don't lose water. They

nutrients in their
hump, so they
don't have
to eat for
months.
They have
wide hooves,
so it is easier
to walk on
sand. They
have hair around
their eyes, ears
and nose to keep the

sand out.
The desert is hot in the day, but very cold at night.
They have thick, fur to keep them warm at night.

Did you know?

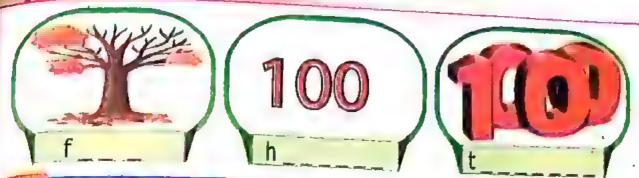
water inside the cactus.

Some countries have four seasons: spring, summer, fall, and winter. It might rain a lot in fall and winter, and not as much in spring and summer. These are countries further away from the equator, in the temperate zones. Some countries have two seasons – the wet season and the dry season. These are countries closer to the equator, in tropical zones. It rains a lot for six months, then there is less rain for six months.





(156)



#### Moten All With Bu

'A'	<b>'B'</b>
<b>1</b> desert	a) There is a lot of rain here for most of the year.
tropical zone	p) There is water on the ground here.
⊕ wetland	c) The water here is ice.
Polar zore	d) There is a lot of rain in fall and winter. There is less in spring and summer.
6 temperate zone	e) It doesn't often rain here.

### Read the passage and answer the questions:

Plants and animals adapt to their habitat. This means that they change the way they behave in order to survive in their habitat. We know that plants need water to grow, and animals need to drink to live. But some plants and animals live in the desert. How?

Cactus plants have adapted to survive in the desert! Their roots are close to the surface and they spread out a long way in the ground. They can catch a lot of rainwater when it doesn't rain.

Inside a cactus, there are hollow tubes. These can hold water and store it for many years. A cactus plant has thick skin so the water inside the tubes can't evaporate. They have spines to protect them. These stop animals drinking the water inside the cactus.

Camels have adapted to survive very well in the desert. They can drink enough water to last for a week. They don't often sweat, so they don't lose water. They can store fat and nutrients in their hump, so they don't have to eat for months.

They have wide hooves, so it is easier to walk on sand. They have hair around their eyes, ears and nose to keep the sand out.

The desert is hot in the day, but very cold at night. They have thick, fur to keep them warm at night.





			K	
Auswer the following questions:				
How do plants and animals adapt to their habitat?				
A 100	nts and an <mark>imals</mark> nee			
Write T	(True) or F (False	<b>):</b>		
1 The roots of a	cactus are deep in	the ground.		
A cactus can h	old water for years.			
3 The spines of	a cactus help anima	s find water.		
4 Camels sweat	a lot to stay cool.			
<b>6</b> A camel's hum	A camel's hump can store fat and nutrients.			
6 A camel has w	6 A camel has wide hooves to keep it warm at night.			
	ord with the (a) so			
<b>0</b> sea	acacia	coffee		
2 cheetah	try .	buy		
through	statue	under		
1 ride	shelter	night		
6 mommy	happy	doctor		
5ay the follo	wing numbers:			
Remember!				
We say 352 three hundred and fifty-two				
3522 t	3522 three thousand, five hundred and twenty-two			
Say these numbers:				
4,480 - 421 - 508 - 2,340 - 9,087 - 635 - 8,793 - 176  Copy the following sentence:				
Copy che ton	Cable are ranowing actifical			

Sooner begun, sooner done.

Connect Plus 3

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### Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)

Ashraf

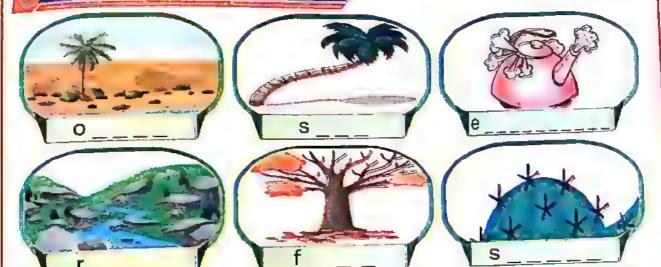
: No, I have never climbed a mountain. Walid

Ashraf: Do you like to climb a mountain one day?

Walid

### Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



### Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- (Has Have Are) you ever cooked for your family?
- We can get fresh water in the (sea ocean river).
- 3 People have (live lives lived) there for thousands of years.
- Water vapor (condenses evaporates flows) into drops of water.
- 5 I've (ever never already) ridden a camel. I'm afraid of them.
- 6 All animals need (surface beaker shelter) for protection and keeping safe.
- She's (eat eaten ate) all her sandwiches.
- Water comes up to the surface of the ground in a (cloud precipitation - spring).

## Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

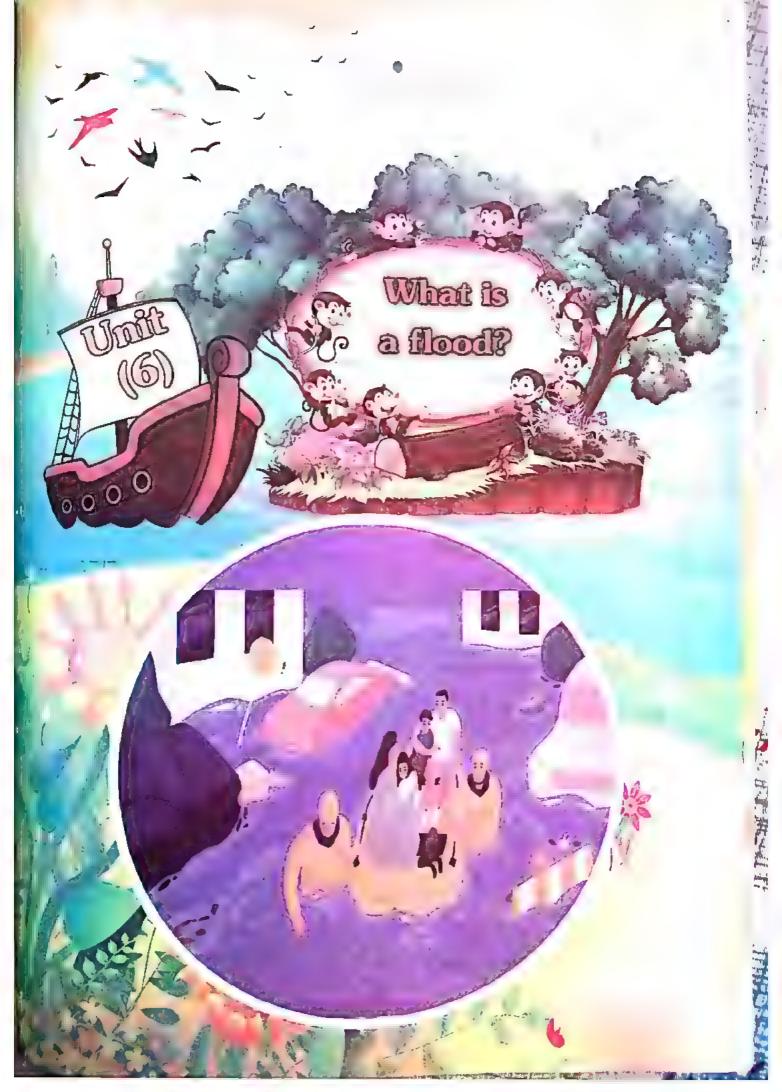
1 Yes, I have eaten dates.

(Have)

He saw lots of beautiful birds.

(seen)

Unit (5		
Have you ever planted a tree? (No,	)	
She gave me her pen. (has)	)	
Dead the following passage and answer the questions below:	Ms)	
The weather in Egypt is usually sunny. But in summer. It's very hot. So we usually go to Alexandria. In winter, it's cold and it sometimes rains. We sometimes go to Luxor and Aswan in winter. I like spring. The weather is windy and nice in spring.		
Answer the following questions:		
What's the weather like in summer?		
2 Is it wet in winter?		
Choose the correct answer:		
It's (hot - cold - windy) in spring.		
The weather in Egypt is (cloudy – snowy – sunny).		
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	4Ms)	
"How is water very important"		
Ideas to help you:		
humans animals plants		
	100	
Copy the following sentence:	2Ms)	
Never put off until tomorrow what you can do to		
Connect Plus 3 160	and l	





# LOSSOU 1 1 Rages 76-77

## Vocabulary

flood



dam



pipe کیند



أنبوية

barrier



canal حاجز



قناة مانية

pump (n)



sandbag



اكياس رمل

MANANANANANANANANAN

thunderstorms





ميناء جوي

lightning



port برق



ميناء بحري

rain



streets



شوارع

ground



other places ارض



build



closed (adj) ييني



building



stop water مبنى



يوقف المباه

move



as well as



use



so يستخدم - يستعمل



لذلك

river



where they موث يحتاجونها معالم المعالم المعال

Connect Plus 3

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### Prepositions

keep water out		in front of under	امام اتحت
put up	پخرج ) يقيم - ينصب	) <del></del>	رىدى ) اعلى - فوق

**SOURCE CONTRACTOR CON** 



flood (n)	the overflowing of a large amount of water of normally dry areas, often after heavy rains.
barrier	<ul> <li>a fence or other obstacle that prevents the movement of water.</li> </ul>
dam	: a barrier preventing the flow of water or of loose solid materials.
pump (n)	: a device that raises, transfers liquids or that attenuates gases especially by suction or pressure or both
pipe	: a tube of metal, plastic, or other material used to carry water.
drain	: a pipe carrying off surplus liquid, especially rainwater or liquid waste.
canal	: an artificial waterway for navigation or for draining or irrigating land.
sandbag	: a bag filled with sand.
thunderstorms	: a storm with thunder and lightning and typically also heavy rain or hail.
lightning	: a flash of light that is caused by the discharge of electricity in the atmosphere.
airport	: a place where planes land and take off.
port	: a place where boats come and go.
closed (adj)	: not open.
surface	the outside part or uppermost layer of something.





In 2020, there was a flood in Egypt. There was a lot of rain, as well as thunderstorms and lightning. The airport in Luxor and the ports in Alexandria and Sharm el-Sheikh were closed.

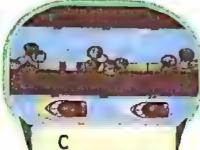
Yes, that's right. A lot of rain fell in a very short time. There was too much water, and the streets and buildings in Cairo and other places flooded.



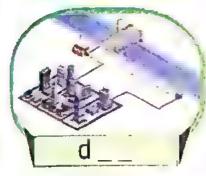
# Exercises on Lesson 1

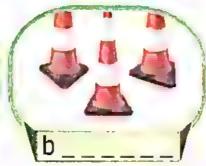
### Supply the missing letters

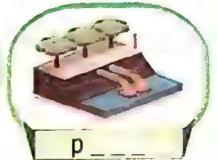
























### Choose the correct word(s): Structures

1 There was a (thunderstorm – flood) in Egypt. Water filled all streets and roads.

- Unit (6)
- 2 A (dam drain) stops water in a river.
- 3 Water on the surface of streets can go down a (drain barrier).
- 4 You can use a (dam pump) to take water out of a building in a flood.
- Water moves in (pipes sandbags) under the ground or above the ground
- 6 A (pump canal) is a river that people build, so they can move water to where they need it.
- 7 In a flood, people can put up a (pipe barrier) to stop water in the street.
- 8 People put (sandbags canals) in front of houses and buildings to keep water out

### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

In 2020, there was a flood in Egypt. There was a lot of rain, as well as thunderstorms and lightning. The airport in Luxor and the ports in Alexandria and Sharm el-Sheikh were closed. A lot of rain fell in a very short time. There was too much water, and the streets and buildings in Cairo and other places flooded.

### Answer the following questions:

- What happened in Egypt in 2020?
- 2 Why were the ports in Alexandria closed?

## Choose the correct answer:

- The airport in Luxor was (open narrow closed).
- The streets and buildings in (Cairo Alexandria Sharm el-Sheikh) flooded.

### Copy the following sentence:

Honesty is the best policy.







dangerous فطيرة effects	important المام - مهم	
بجابي positive	new technology	
negative ملبي	هواتف ذكية على cell phones	
عالِم أرصاد meteorologist	weather weather	
scientist	homes بيوت	
engineer مندس	shops shops	
دافظ علیه پی مامن safe	offices क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र	
problems المحتودة ال	dرق roads	
risk RISK abla	کباري کباري کباري	





~~~~~~~~~~~~	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
prepare بيجهن عجهن	خالية من الشوانب
find ways بدوا طرق	more ا
رس study	less USI (INSTRACTION)
start	smaller
عث ـ برسل	فنجان علام
ووt ممل على المام ال	قلم رصاص قلم رصاص
remove المنافقة	مسطرة تسطرة
make Jea	paper
something المام something bad	what might ما يمكن أن يحدث happen

Prepositions

in the future	في المستقبل	fall down	تسقط
in a short time	في وقت قصير	carry away	يجرف ·
in good condition	في حالة جيدة	move away	تتحرك بعيدًا
put something in	یرکِب	such as	مثل

Connect Plus 3

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Wiep & Alhant



O Vocabulary Study

collapse : to fall down.

ruin (v) : to damage or destroy something.

wash away : to carry something away with water.

damage: to do harm.

destroy: to put an end to the existence of (something).

minimize : to make something smaller or less.

predict : to say what might happen in the future.

protect : to keep something safe.

warn : to tell people that something bad will happen, so they can prepare.

warning : something which is said or written to tell people of a possible danger, problem, that might happen,

install: to put something in.

effect (n) : a change which is a result or consequence of an action

or other cause.

positive : means focused on what is good.

negative : means focused on what is bad.

meteorologist: a person who studies the weather.

scientist : a person who is studying or has expert knowledge of one or more of the natural or physical sciences.

problems: a matter or situation regarded as unwelcome or harmful.

technology: the application of scientific knowledge for practical purposes, especially in industry.

engineer : a person who designs, builds, or maintains engines, machines, or public works.

risk : a situation involving possibility to danger.

keep : to protect or take care of something.



When there are floods, there can be big problems. Flood water can ruin homes, shops, and offices. It can wash away roads or make bridges and homes collapse. It's important for engineers and scientists to find ways to protect everyone from floods.

Meteorologists are people who study the weather. They watch what is happening and predict when floods will start. They can warn people to put up barriers or use sandbags to keep their homes safe. They can send these warnings on cell phones, so everyone gets them guickly.

We can install new technology such as more powerful pumps to remove the water. We can keep drains clear and in

good condition so water can move away quickly.

When it rains a lot in a short time, there is a risk of flooding. If we are prepared for this, we can minimize the dangerous effects of flooding.

B) Sinuatures

کے تنقیسم الأسماء إلى أسما<mark>ء تعد لها مفرد ولها جمع وأسماء لا تعد دائمًا تعامل</mark> معاملة المفرد مثل:

Countab	le nour	اسماء تعد
cup	-	pencil
ruler	-	bag
pen	-	book
road	-	street
bridge	-	office
shop	-	tree
car	-	school
boy		girl

Uncount	able	nouns عناها السماء الا
water	_	рарег
rice		meat
tea .	-	coffee
rain	-	air
sugar	-	salt
jam	-	bread
pasta	_	cheese
sand		blood

Connect Plus



(ازید من اللازم) too many

🗠 تُتع بإسم يعد (جمع)

(أزيد من اللازم) too much

ً تُتع بإسم لا يعد

enough (کانے)

🔫 تُتع بإسم يعد أو لا يعد

- ◆ There is too much water in the pot.
- ◆ There are too many books in my bag.
- ◆ There isn't enough paper on the table.
- ◆ There aren't enough cups in the kitchen.

للحظ أن الأسماء التي لا تعد دائمًا تعامل معاملة المفرد بينما الأسماء التي تعد تعامل معاملة الجمع إن كانت جمع،



Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- We can (minimize collapse) the effects of flooding if we are prepared.
- 2 Flood water can (wash away warn) cars, roads and bridges.
- 3 We need to (predict install) a pump to remove the water.
- We can (ruin protect) our streets with barriers.
- 5 Flood water can (ruin install) homes and shops.
- 6 Buildings can (collapse wash away) when there are dangerous floods.

Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1) There are too (many much enough) pencils in the bag.
- There is too (enough many much) water in the glass.
- 3 There aren't (too too much enough) rulers in the bag.







- 4 There isn't (enough too many too) tea in my cup.
- 5 There (am is are) too many cars in the street.
- ⑥ There (am is are) too much cheese in my sandwich.
- 7 There (am not isn't are not) enough rice in the fridge.
- There (am not isn't aren't) enough bridges in my town.
- There is too (many much enough) salt in my food.
- 10 There aren't (too much too enough) boys to play football.
- 11) There are too (many much enough) shops in my street.
- 12 There isn't (too enough too many) sugar in my coffee.
- \bigcirc There (am is are) enough schools in this town for all children.
- 14 There (am is are) too much sand on the floor.
- 15 There (am is are) enough meat to cook lunch.
- 16 There (am is are) too many girls in this room.

Read the following passage and answer the questions:

When there are floods, there can be big problems. Flood water can ruin homes, shops, and offices. It can wash away roads or make bridges and homes collapse. It's important for engineers and scientists to find ways to protect everyone from floods.

Meteorologists are people who study the weather. They watch what is happening and predict when floods will start. They can warn people to put up barriers or use sandbags to keep their homes safe. They can send these warnings on cell phones, so everyone gets them quickly.

We can install new technology such as more powerful pumps to remove the water. We can keep drains clear and in good condition so water can move away quickly.

When it rains a lot in a short time, there is a risk of flooding. If we are prepared for this, we can minimize the dangerous effects of flooding.



Answer the following questions: • How are floods big problems to us? What happens when we are prepared for floods? 'Choose the correct answer: (Engineers - Meteorologists - Teachers) are people who study the weather. 1 We can use powerful (pumps - barriers - dams) to remove the water. Read again and match: 'A' **'B'** a) to say what might happen in the future. 0 ruin wash away b) to put something in. c) to damage or destroy something. collapse d) to make something smaller or less protect e) to keep something safe. **predict** f) to carry something away with water. 6 warn g) to fall down. 7 install h) to tell people that something bad will **6** minimize happen, so they can prepare. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets: There is too much water. (Use: glasses of water) I can't buy the T-shirt with this little money. I need 20 pounds (enough) more. **\$**

Connect Plus 3

(enough)

We don't have a cup for everyone.



4 They have lots of bread in the kitchen.	(too much)
\$	**********************
6 We have lots of trees in the garden.	(too many)
\$.,
There is too much coffee.	(cups of coffee)

There isn't a book for every pupil in the class.	(enough)
B	***************************************
We don't have much cheese to make sandwiches	
•	***************************************
Cars filled the streets of the city.	(too many)
Her tea is full of lots of sugar.	(too much)
	14107454744444444444444
Copy the following sentence:	



Connect Plus 3

174

Wiop K Hhand



Lesson 3 Pages desi

A) Wheeled lary

brave \متسلط - دېتاتوري bossy شجاع cowardly جبان cooperative متعاون lazy caring کسول مراعي - مهتم generous) بخیل - سيء mean كريم moody responsible متقلب المزاج مسئول selfish wise ﴿ أَنْانِي حكيم - عاقل funny loyal مرح - مسلي مخلص calm polite هادئ مؤدب

と ろろ ろろ ろろ ろろ ろろ ろろ ろろ ろろ ろ



175

Connect Plus 3





NANNANANNANANANA



Connect Plus 3

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Unit (6)

Depressions

~~~~	~~~~~
emergency responder	مستجيب لنداءات الاستغاثة (الطوارئ)
help do their jobs	نساعدهم في أداء مهامهم
do first aid	نقوم بالإسعافات الأولية
travel around the city	نسافر في كل أرجاء المدينة
were stuck in their homes	كاتوا محبوسين في منازلهم
without getting paid	بدون الحصول على أجر
make people laugh	يجعل الناس يضحكون
tell people what to do	يقول للناس ما ينبغي عمله
tell her friend's secrets	تفشي أسرار صديقتها
think about himself	يفكر في نفسه
get excited about	كتار أو تنفعل بشأن
works very well in a team	يعمل جيدًا في فريق
speaks nicely to everyone	يتكلم بالحسنى إلى كل شخص
behave well	يتصرف بشكل جيد
Works very hard	يعمل بجد جدًا

Map Hhead Sens

(177)

Connect Plas 3

### Vocabulary Study

bossy	: fond of telling people what to do.
cowardly	: scared in dangerous situations.
lazy	; unwilling to work or use energy.
mean	; unkind.
moody	: (of a person) given to unpredictable changes of mood.
selfish	: thinking only about himself.
brave	: ready to face danger.
cooperative	: working very well in a team.
caring	: looking after other people.
generous	: helping other people and giving them support especially money.
responsible	job of fale.
wise	: having or showing experience, knowledge, and good judgment.
loyal	: giving or showing support to a person or institution.
funny	: telling lots of jokes and making people laugh.
calm	: not getting worried or excited about things.
polite	: speaking nicely to everyone and behaving well.
severe	: unnecessarily extreme.
scary	: frightening.
scared	: frightened.
serious	: dangerous or firm.
dangerous	
sensible	: having, using, or showing good sense or sound judgment
pleased	: happy.
ready	: completely prepared or in fit condition.
kind (adj)	: having or showing a friendly nature.
frightening	
volunteer	: someone who does a job without getting paid.
community	
interviewe	
citizen	: a member of a state or nation.
rainfall	: the fall of rain.
communicate	or: a person who is able to exchange information, news, or ideas
entiergency	a serious, unexpected, and offen departments
responder	a person who readistillickly of positive the
first aid	. Help given to a sick of injured person
focus on	to pay attention to.

Connect Plus 3



Unit (6)

Lara is an emergency responder. When there was a severe flood in Cairo in 2020, she was one of the first people to rescue the other citizens from the flood water.



**Interviewer** Can you describe what an emergency repsonder is? **Lara**Yes, of course. I volunteer to help my community

Yes, of course. I volunteer to help my community when there is an emergency. We aren't the police, or firefighters, but we are trained to help them do their jobs. We can get to a place quickly, do first aid, and rescue people from floods.

Interviewer Do you enjoy being an emergency responder?

Lara Yes, I do. I like helping people and we do lots of different things.

Interviewer Is it a scary thing to do?

Well, sometimes it is, but then I think that other people will be scared as well, so I focus on how I can help them.

Interviewer What did you do when the flood started in Cairo?

Lara We knew it might be dangerous when there was very heavy rainfall. So, my team were ready to help people quickly. Our job was to help people who were

sick or injured.

Interviewer How did you travel around the city?

We had small boats, so we could go to different houses and help people who were stuck in their homes.

Interviewer Were people pleased to see you?

Yes, they were! That's one of the things I love about volunteering – you can make people very happy!

Interviewer Thank you, Lara.







#### Write the words in the correct column:

bossy – brave – cowardly – polite – wise – cooperative – lazy – generous – mean – selfish – responsible – caring – moody – loyal

Positive

### Circle two correct words of each person:

Sara tells a lot of jokes and makes people laugh, but she also likes telling people what to do! She sometimes tells her friend's secrets to other people. (funny – loyal – bossy)

Fares often thinks about himself. He doesn't like sharing things. He gets angry quickly.

(moody - selfish - mean)

Nesma doesn't worry or get excited about things. She likes helping other people and she is a good friend. She likes giving people presents. (calm – generous – moody)

Wael works very well in a team. He speaks nicely to everyone and behaves well. He works very hard.

(lazy - polite - cooperative)

Adam is sensible and can look after other people. He is kind and he isn't scared in dangerous situations.

(responsible - cowardly - brave)

Connect*Plus 3

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Unit (6

## Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Lara is an emergency responder. When there was a severe flood in Cairo in 2020, she was one of the first people to rescue the other citizens from the flood water.

Interviewer Can you describe what an emergency repsonder is?

Lara Yes, of course. I volunteer to help my community

Yes, of course. I volunteer to help my community when there is an emergency. We aren't the police, or firefighters, but we are trained to help them do their jobs. We can get to a place quickly, do first aid, and

rescue people from floods.

Interviewer Do you enjoy being an emergency responder?

Yes, I do. I like helping people and we do lots of different things.

Interviewer Is it a scary thing to do?

Well, sometimes it is, but then I think that other people will be scared as well, so I focus on how I can

help them.

Interviewer What did you do when the flood started in Cairo?

Ve knew it might be dangerous when there was very heavy rainfall. So, my team were ready to help people quickly. Our job was to help people who were

sick or injured.

Interviewer How did you travel around the city?

We had small boats, so we could go to different houses and help people who were stuck in their

homes.

Interviewer Were people pleased to see you?

Yes, they were! That's one of the things I love about volunteering – you can make people very happy!

Interviewer Thank you, Lara.

# Put a (v) or (x):

- Lara is a police officer.

  (
- 2 Lara can rescue people from floods. (
- Lara says she is never scared.
   ( )
- Lara's team helped people quickly.
   ( )

## Find words in the text that mean ....:

- 1 very serious ( .....
- 2 take someone out of a dangerous place ( ......
- frightening
  ( .....)
  a lot of (rainfall)
- 6 people who need help (two words) ( .....) ( .....)

## Copy the following sentence:

A man is known by the company he keeps.

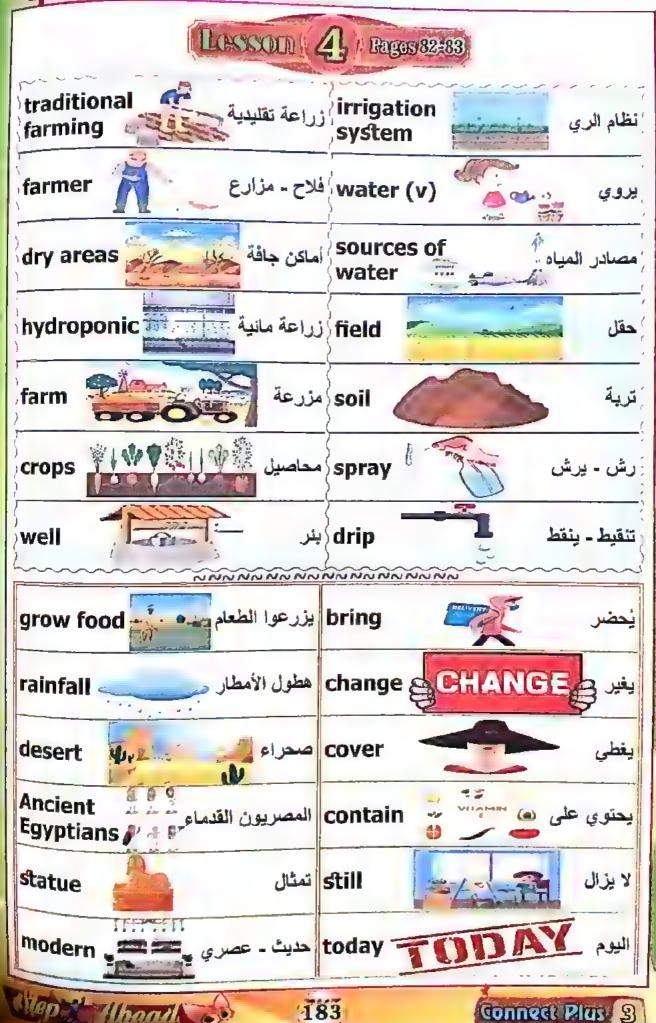


Connect Plus 3

182









NANANANANANANANANA

#### Prepositions

through pipes	عبر أثابيب	on land	على الأرض
in the past	في الماضي	good for	جيد ك
over time	بمرور الوقت	look like	يشبه - مثل
across	عبر - بعير	isn't lost to evaporation	لا تُفقد بالتبخير









The second second	
ALC:	
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AND A COURT OF THE PARTY OF THE	alany Study
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	***************************************
The second secon	TO THE PARTY OF TH

	D. OLGUU
traditional farming	: farming that doesn't depend on modern ways
dry areas	: places that doesn't have enough water.
hydroponic	: the process of growing plants in water without soil.
well (n)	: a hole in the ground that has fresh water.
crops	: plants that are grown as food.
irrigation	: the supply of water to land or crops to help growth.
sources	: a place, person, or thing from which something comes.
field	: an area of open land planted with crops,
soil	: the upper layer of earth in which plants grow.
spray	: liquid that is blown or driven through the air in the form of tiny drops.
drip	to fall in or as if in drops.
Ancient Egyptians	: people who lived in Egypt very long ago.
hole	: a hollow place in a solid body or surface.
statue	: a carved figure of a person or animal.
nervous	; getting angry quickly.
enormous	: very large.
famous	: known by a lot of people.

### Farming-in-dry-areas

We all know that plants need sunlight, food, and water. So how do people grow food in the desert, when there isn't enough water?

#### Spray

There isn't enough rainfall to give the crops all the water they need so they use irrigation. This means bringing water in through pipes, from wells, canals, or other sources of water. Farmers also use pumps to move water from rivers or wells to the fields. Ancient Egyptians used irrigation in the past, and people still need it today. Irrigation systems have changed over time and now they can carry more water.

The problem with modern irrigation is that it can take too much water out of rivers, lakes, and springs.



#### Drip

There are different ways to irrigate a field. Flood irrigation covers a whole field in water. Or there are systems that spray water across a field. Both these types can waste water. The best way is drip irrigation. This is where water drips onto the plants through holes in the pipes. The water only goes onto the plant, where it is needed, not into the ground. And water isn't lost to evaporation.

#### Hydroponic farm

A new way of farming in dry countries is hydroponic farming. This is a modern technology that is useful in dry countries. It uses only water, not soil, to grow plants. The special water contains the minerals that the plant needs. This system uses a lot less water than traditional farming. Farmers can start a hydroponic farm anywhere - it doesn't have to be on land that is good for traditional farming. Is this what all farms will look like in the future?

## Exercises on Lesson 4

### Supply the missing letters:





## Read the following passage and answer the questions:

We all know that plants need sunlight, food, and water. So how do

people grow food in the desert, when there isn't enough water?

Farmers in dry countries need to water their crops. There isn't enough rainfall to give the crops all the water they need so they use irrigation. This means bringing water in through pipes, from wells, canals, or other sources of water. Farmers also use pumps to move water from rivers or wells to the fields. Ancient Egyptians used irrigation in the past, and people still need it today. Irrigation systems have changed over time and now they can carry more water.

The problem with modern irrigation is that it can take too much wa-

ter out of rivers, lakes, and springs.

There are different ways to irrigate a field. Flood irrigation covers a whole field in water. Or there are systems that spray water across a field. Both these types can waste water. The best way is drip irrigation. This is where water drips onto the plants through holes in the pipes. The water only goes onto the plant, where it is needed, not into the ground. And water isn't lost to evaporation.

A new way of farming in dry countries is hydroponic farming. This is a modern technology that is useful in dry countries. It uses only water, not soil, to grow plants. The special water contains the minerals that the plant needs. This system uses a lot less water than traditional farming. Farmers can start a hydroponic farm anywhere — it doesn't have to be

on land that is good for traditional farming.

À	11	Answer	the	following	questions:
					411001101

- Where do farmers get water from for irrigation?
- What can farmers use to move water out of rivers or wells?
- What is the problem with irrigation?
- Why does flood irrigation waste water?

## B / / Put a (√) or (×):

- Hydroponic farming is good for countries that have too much water.
- Hydroponic farming uses special soil.
- There are minerals in the water in a hydroponic farm. (
- A hydroponic farm doesn't have to be on farming land.

### Copy the following sentence:

A bad workman blames his tools.

Map Allhand

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Connect Play 3







aqueduct	: an artificial channel for carrying water.
the High Dam	a condition and the second that the second t
Lake Nasser	: the lake formed after building the High Dam in Aswan.
turbine	: a machine for producing continuous power.
energy	: the strength or power required for physical or mental activity.
desalination	: the process of removing salt from seawater.
waterwheel	a large wheel driven by flowing water, used to raise water to a higher level.
temple	: a building devoted to the worship.
hydroelectric power	flowing water into energy.
gravity	the force that attracts a body toward the center of the earth, or toward any other physical body having mass.
shadoof	: an old device used in Egypt raising water, especially for irrigation.
bucket	: a usually round container with a handle for holding or carrying liquids.
flood (v)	to cover a place or area with water.
monuments	estatues, buildings, or other structures built very long ago.
oxen	: animals kept for milk or meat; cows or bulls (singular; ox).
create	to bring (something) into existence.
electricity	: a form of energy.



#### In the past.



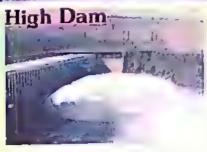
Waterwheels used the energy of running water to move machines. The wheel is in a river, and the water makes it go round. The oldest picture of a waterwheel is from Egypt over 2,500 years ago! People have used waterwheels to help with irrigation and drinking water for a long time. They are very important today, too. Fayoum has more than 200 waterwheels.



People built aqueducts in the past to move water from wells or rivers into cities. The aqueduct of Cairo took water from the Nile to the Citadel of Cairo. The water ran from a well into a canal on top of a wall. Later, people built a tall tower with a well inside it. Water could move up inside the tower with six waterwheels. They used oxen to make the wheels go round. When water got to the top of the tower, it could go down the aqueduct to the citadel because of gravity.

People built aqueducts in ancient Greece and ancient Room as well. They could move water from high up in the mountains, to cities where people needed it.

#### Today ....



The High Dam is famous because it is the largest dam in the world. When the Nile flooded in the past, too much water went onto the land. Now, the dam can control the water and stop flooding. The dam stops the water in the River Nile and makes Lake Nasser. This helps to provide Egypt with enough water. The moving water turns a turbine to make hydroelectric power, so the dam gives us electricity, too. A turbine turns round, just like a wheel does.

When people built the dam, they had to move the ancient monuments at Abu Simbel to higher ground!



Desalination means taking the salt out of sea water to get fresh water. It is useful in countries like Egypt which don't have a lot of water. It can be expensive and use a lot of energy, but engineers are developing new technologies that use less energy and cost less money. In the future, people will get more fresh water from desalination.

Unit (6)

This is a shadoof. It's old. It is used at an oasis in the desert.

It works when a bucket goes into a well and brings up water.



## Exercises on Lesson 5

#### Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Waterwheels used the energy of running water to move machines. The wheel is in a river, and the water makes it go round. The oldest picture of a waterwheel is from Egypt over 2,500 years ago! People have used waterwheels to help with irrigation and drinking water for a long time. They are very important today, too. Fayoum has more than 200 waterwheels.

People built aqueducts in the past to move water from wells or rivers into cities. The aqueduct of Cairo took water from the Nile to the Citadel of Cairo. The water ran from a well into a canal on top of a wall. Later, people built a tall tower with a well inside it. Water could move up inside the tower with six waterwheels. They used oxen to make the wheels go round. When water got to the top of the tower, it could go down the aqueduct to the citadel because of gravity.

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Desalination means taking the salt out of sea water to get fresh water. It is useful in countries like Egypt which don't have a lot of water. It can be expensive and use a lot of energy, but engineers are developing new technologies that use less energy and cost less money. In the future, people will get more fresh water from desalination.







41	
Answer t	the following questions:
1,075	Idest waterwheel?
	rwheels can you see in Fayoum?
	wheels were inside the tower for the Cairo aqueduct?
Why does water	go down from the top of the tower?
<b>6</b> Why is the Aswa	an Dam famous?
Where did the n	nonuments at Abu Simbel move to?
What do we have	e to take out of sea water?
8 Does desalination	on use a lot of energy or not very much?
B Write T	(True) or F (False):
1 Waterwheels	s use water in lakes.
	s can help with irrigation.
_	noves water from a high place to a lower place.
· ·	an aqueduct runs in a canal under a wall.
	Dam created Lake Nasser.
	es moving water to make electricity.
	is useful in countries with lots of water.
•	doesn't cost a lot of money at the moment.
2 Match "A"	WILLIAMD STR
`A'	`B'
	'B' a) a lake created by stopping water in a river.
• desalination	
desalination     aqueduct	a) a lake created by stopping water in a river.
<ul><li>desalination</li><li>aqueduct</li><li>waterwheel</li></ul>	a) a lake created by stopping water in a river. b) it turns around like a wheel.
<ul><li>desalination</li><li>aqueduct</li><li>waterwheel</li><li>toxins</li></ul>	<ul><li>a) a lake created by stopping water in a river.</li><li>b) it turns around like a wheel.</li><li>c) taking salt out of seawater.</li></ul>
<ul><li>desalination</li><li>aqueduct</li><li>waterwheel</li><li>toxins</li><li>turbine</li></ul>	<ul> <li>a) a lake created by stopping water in a river.</li> <li>b) it turns around like a wheel.</li> <li>c) taking salt out of seawater.</li> <li>d) a wheel that uses running water to create energy.</li> <li>e) it carries water long distances.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>desalination</li> <li>aqueduct</li> <li>waterwheel</li> <li>toxins</li> <li>turbine</li> </ul>	a) a lake created by stopping water in a river. b) it turns around like a wheel. c) taking salt out of seawater. d) a wheel that uses running water to create energy. e) it carries water long distances.  clowing sentence:
<ul> <li>desalination</li> <li>aqueduct</li> <li>waterwheel</li> <li>toxins</li> <li>turbine</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a) a lake created by stopping water in a river.</li> <li>b) it turns around like a wheel.</li> <li>c) taking salt out of seawater.</li> <li>d) a wheel that uses running water to create energy.</li> <li>e) it carries water long distances.</li> </ul>

Connect Plus 3

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Atop A Hhand





#### Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)

: Do you have enough money to buy ice creams? Amgad

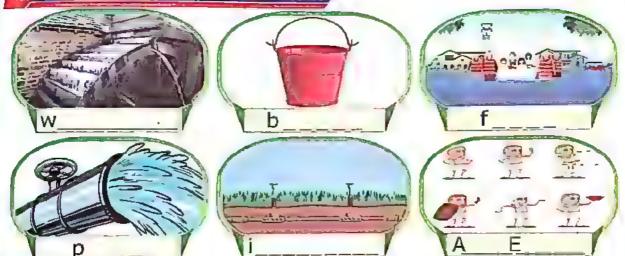
**Fares** 

: How much money do you have? **Amgad** 

**Fares** 

#### **Supply the missing letters:**

(6Ms)



#### Choose the correct word imbrackets:

(8Ms)

- 1 The (barrier Lake Nasser High Dam) controls the water of the Nile in Egypt.
- ② There is too (many much enough) sand in the sandbag.
- 3 He's a (volunteer firefighter police officer). He works without getting paid.
- 1 There aren't (too many too much enough) chairs for everyone to sit on.
- There are (pipes barriers sandbags) under the ground for water to move through.
- 6 There are too (much many enough) boys in the room. We can't get in.
- There are (drains pumps canals) in the streets for rainwater to go down.
- There (am not isn't aren't) enough paper for every pupil.

## Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

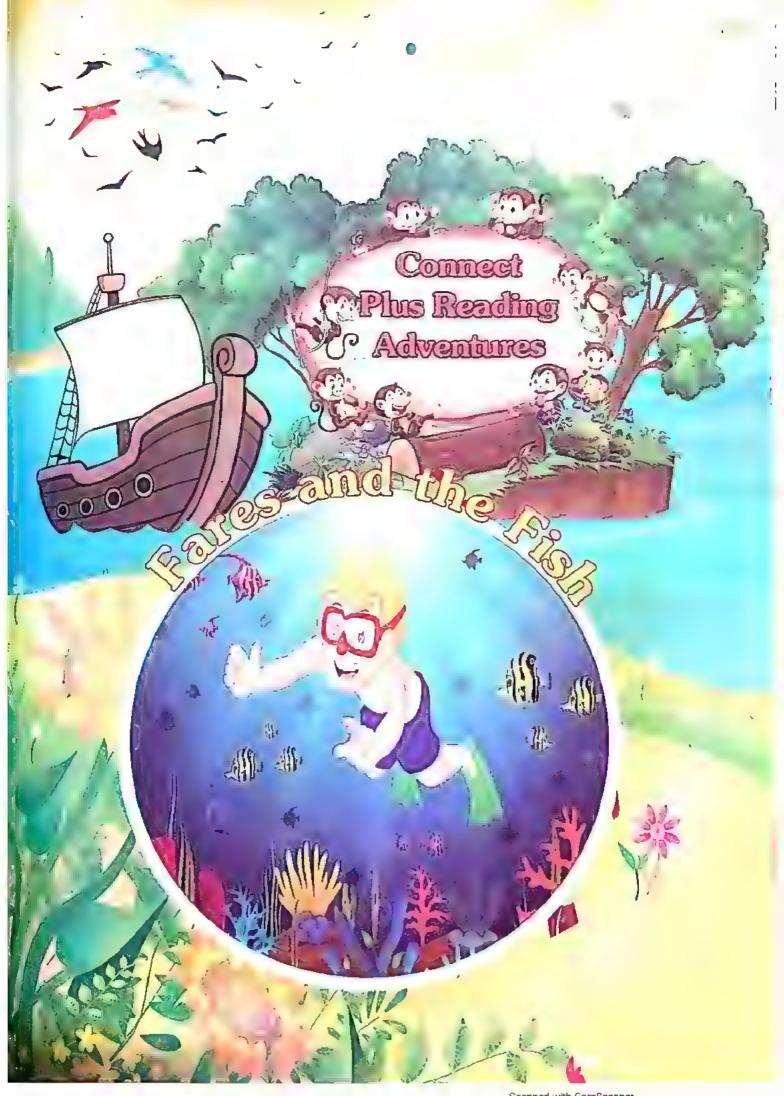
(plates of meat) There is too much meat.

Ve need more water for deserts to be green land, (enough)

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His food is full of lots of salt.	(too much)
I can't give my friends pencils. I don't have many.	(enough)
Read the following passage and answer the questions be	elow: (4Ms)
My grandmother's father was a farmer. He had a big Benha. He had an old house there. There were lots of ani farm. He had four cows. He had six goats and seven she two horses. He had lots of chickens and ducks. But he any buffaloes or donkeys. He and his family were happy.	imals on his eep. He had didn't have
Answer the following questions:	
Where was the farm?	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
How many sheep did he have?	44************************************
B Choose the correct answer:	
Grandmother's family were [sad – happy – angry].	
He had four [donkeys - buffaloes - cows].	
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	(4Ms)
	,
"The Shadoof"  "Ideas to help you:  "What's it?  "Is it new or old?  "Where is it used?  "How does it work?	
What's it? Is it new or old? Where is it used? How does it work?  Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms) end.





## Fares and the Fish

## Main Vocabulary

-			
broken	مكسور	ramp	منحدر
bone	عظمة	surprise	مفاجأة
cast	جبيرة	later	فيما يعد
call an ambulance	يستدعي الإسعاف	so sad	حزین جدًا
had an x-ray	أجرى أشعة إكس	rude	فظ - غير مهذب
hospital	مستشفى	comic	مجلة بها قصص هزلية
lay down	رقد	garage	جراج
hurt	كانت تزلمه	Be careful!	کن حریص،
stupid accident	حادثة غبية	rested	استراح
breathe	يتىفس	worried	قلقان - منزعج
mask	قناع	So do I!	هيا نذهب للبيت

sports center	مركز رياضي	competition	مسابقة
athlete	لاعب العاب قوى	helmet	خوذه
skateboard	ً لوح تزلج	knee pads	واقي الركبة
skateboarding	رياضة التزلج	pool	حمام سباحة
cycle	يركب دراجته	snorkel	انبوب الغطس
train	يتمرن - يتدرب	fish tank	حوض سمك

		lealer from	
close to	بالعرب من	looks fun	تبدو ممتعة
put on	يلبس	-	يجرب
apologize to	يعتذر لـ	•	يدفع
came back	عاد - رجع	~	سقط .
go down	ينزل	won't be able to	لن يكون قادرًا على ن
Go away!	اذهبوا بعيدًا.	slipped	انزلق
got his bike out	اخرج دراجته	pack	يحزم يجهز الحقائب
went out	خرج	borrow	يستعير - يستلف

ambulance	: An ambulance takes people to hospital.
cast	: You wear a cast it you break a hope
fish tank	: People can keep fish in a fish tank
mask	: A mask helps you see when you are swimming underwater.
ramp	. How thun is the ramp?
skateboard	: I can go really fast on my new skateboard!
snorkel	: You can breathe underwater with a snorkel.
	Widi a Shorkel.



Fares lives in Hurghada with his family. He loved swimming. He went swimming every day and trained in the pool for an hour. He wanted to be an athlete and to win lots of competitions.



Fares and his family lived close to the sports center. Sometimes he walked to the pool with his mom or dad.









Sometimes he cycled to the pool.



One day, Fares got his bike out of the garage so he could cycle to the sports center. 'Have you got your cycle helmet, Fares?' asked his mom.

'Yes Mom, of course,' said Fares, putting on his helmet. 'See you soon!'

Fares cycled through the park. It was a sunny morning and he left happy.



In the park, Fares saw his friends. They were on their skateboards.

'Be careful, Adam,' said Fares.
'Why aren't you wearing a
helmet or knee pads?' 'I don't
need to,' said Adam. 'I'm really
good at skateboarding.'
'I haven't tried skateboarding

I haven't tried skateboarding before,' said Fares. 'It looks fun!'

'Do you want to try?' asked Adam. 'Yes please!' said Fares.



Fares stood at the top of the ramp. 'How high is it?' he asked Adam. 'I don't know,' said Adam. 'It isn't very high. It's easy!'



Fares stood on the skateboard and pushed with his feet. He went quickly down the ramp – but he was too fast! Fares slipped and fell.

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'Are you OK?' asked Adam. He was worried. 'No, said Fares. 'My leg hurts.'
'Can you move it?' asked Adam.
'No, I can't,' said Fares.

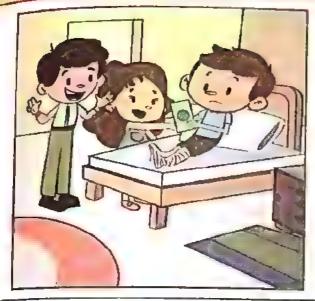


'It might be broken,' said Adam. 'I'm going to call your mom, and then I'm going to call an ambulance.'
'Oh no,' said Fares, 'I won't be able to swim!'



At the hospital, Fares had an x-ray. 'I'm sorry,' said the doctor. 'Your leg is broken. Look at this.'

Fares saw his bone on the photo. 'You will have to wear a cast for about six weeks,' said the doctor. Fares was very sad.



At home, Fares lay down on his bed. He was angry and sad, and his leg hurt.

Do you want to come and watch TV, Fares?' asked his sister Dalia. 'No,' said Fares.

Do you want to borrow my comic, Fares?' asked his little brother Wael. 'No,' said Fares. 'Go away.'



They watched a movie and then the children went to bed. But Fares' mom and dad were worried. Fares was usually happy and kind.

'I don't like seeing Fares so sad,'
said Dad. 'What can we do?'
asked mom. 'he wants to swim,
but he can't.'



Later that evening, Fares apologized to his family. 'I'm sorry I was rude,' he said. 'I know you are trying to help me. I'm angry and sad because I had a stupid accident, and now I can't swim.' 'Don't worry, Fares,' said Mom. 'We understand. Let's watch a movie together,' 'Thank you,' said Fares.



The next day, Dad and Dalia went out early. When they came back, they had lots of boxes.

They took the boxes into the kitchen. 'What are you doing?' asked Mom. 'It's a surprise,' said Dalia.

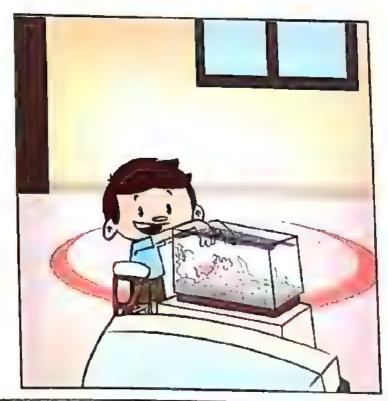


Later, Dad went to see Fares. "Fares, look at this,' he said.

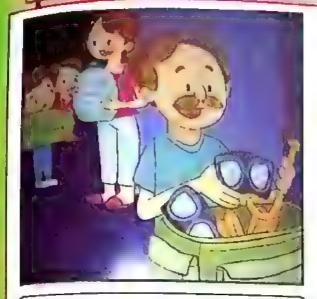
He carried a large fish tank into the room and put it on the table at the end of the bed. Fares looked. He could see lots of beautiful fish.



'They're beautiful!' he said.
'Thank you!' "How many fish can you see?' asked Wael. 'I can see lots of fish! There are too many to count! I love them!' Fares was very happy.



Fares enjoyed watching the fish. He learned the names of the different types of fish. He fed them and kept their water clean. Fares was happy and he rested. Slowly, his le got better. 'Soon I'll be able to swim, like you,' he said to his fish.



After two months, Fares was better. He didn't have to wear the cast, and he could walk and run.

'Let's go to the beach!' said his mom. The family packed their things for a day at the beach. 'I want to swim in the sea!' said Wael. 'So do !!' said Fares.



At the beach, Dad had another surprise. Put on this mask and snorkel, Fares,' he said. You can swim and breathe underwater.'

Fares went into the sea, and he looked under the water. He could see lots of fish!

It's so beautiful, I want to swim like a fish!' he laughed.

#### (1) Read and circle T (true) or F (false):

- [®] Fares went swimming every day.
- Fares always went to the sports center by car.
- § Fares wanted to try skateboarding.
- Adam phoned an ambulance.
- S Fares was happy when he had to wear a cast.
- Dalia and Wael were kind to Fares.
- Dad and Dalia had a surprise for Fares.
- Fares counted all the fish.

### (2) Read and match:

- Fares wanted to be
- Pares always wore
- Fares went down the ramp
- Fares couldn't
- The doctor showed Fares
- Fares has to wear

- a) too quickly.
- b) a cast in his leg.
- c) a cycle helmet when he rode his bike.
- d) an x-ray.
- e) move his leg.
- f) an athlete.

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(3) Who says it? Read and write (Adam, Fares	
'I'm really good at skateboarding.'	
❷ 'It isn't very high.'	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
❸ 'I won't be able to sw m!'	
Do you want to come and watch TV?'	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
6 'How many fish can you see?'	***************************************
(4) Read and answer:	
Why was Fares angry and sad?	
② How did Dalia and Wael try to help Fares?	
***************************************	***********
❸ Was Fares kind to them?	
***************************************	
What did Fares say to his family later that ev	eni <b>ng?</b> Why?
***************************************	
(5) Read and answer:	
O Where did the family go when Fares was be	tter?
***************************************	
What did they want to do there?	
W Wriat did tries want to do triefe?	
• What did tries want to do there:	**************
What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?	**************
(3) What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?	*************
***************************************	*************
What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?     What did Fares see in the water?	***************************************
(3) What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?	***************************************
<ul> <li>What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?</li> <li>What did Fares see in the water?</li> <li>How do you think Fares felt?</li> </ul>	***************************************
<ul> <li>What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?</li> <li>What did Fares see in the water?</li> <li>How do you think Fares felt?</li> <li>Imagine you are Fares. Write a letter to happened after the accident. Remember</li> </ul>	Adam telling him what
<ul> <li>What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?</li> <li>What did Fares see in the water?</li> <li>How do you think Fares felt?</li> <li>Imagine you are Fares. Write a letter to happened after the accident. Remembe for helping you.</li> </ul>	r to say thank you to Adam
<ul> <li>What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?</li> <li>What did Fares see in the water?</li> <li>How do you think Fares felt?</li> <li>Imagine you are Fares. Write a letter to happened after the accident. Remember</li> </ul>	r to say thank you to Adam
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<ul> <li>What did Fares' dad give Fares? Why?</li> <li>What did Fares see in the water?</li> <li>How do you think Fares felt?</li> <li>Imagine you are Fares. Write a letter to happened after the accident. Remembe for helping you.</li> </ul>	r to say thank you to Adam

Connect Plas 3

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(7) Read and match:
Fares walked or cycled to the sports
center every day.
Pares' friends are in the park.
Fares had an accident. His friend
calls an ambulance.
Fares feels sad and angry. He has
to wear a cast.
6 Fares is happy. He likes his new
fish tank.
6 Fares can swim and breathe under
water.
(8) Read and write the names:
,
Adam - Dad - Mom - Dalia - Fares - Wael
1) 'Have you got your cycle helmet, Fares?'
2) 'It might be broken. I'm going to call your mom'
3) 'Do you want to come and watch TV, Fares?'
of bo you want to demo and
4) 'I'm sorry I was rude.'
5) 'How many fish can you see?'
6) 'Put on this mask and snorkel, Fares.'
Connect Plus 3

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	Dad gave Fares a mask and a snorkel.
	Wael and Fares were excited. They wanted to swim in the sea!
10	0) Read and write the names:
	the beach – feeling better – lots of fish – knee pads – can swim – broke your leg
	To; Subject:
1	Dear Fares I hope you are 1
	See you soon.
	Adam
1	1) Read and write (Yes) or (No):
	Fares couldn't swim, or cycle. He was sad.
0	Dad bought Fares a fish tank and some fish.
<b>(E)</b>	Fares didn't like the fish. He was unhappy.
Ð	Fares' leg got better. He didn't have to wear a cast.
9	Fares and his family all went to the pool.
6	Wael and Dalla wore a snorkel and mask, then swam
Ø	Fares saw lots of fish in the water.
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(9) Read and number:

At the beach, Dad has a surprise.

## (12) Find, circle and write the names:

### Adam - Dad - Dalia - Fares - Wael

- o ..... tried skateboarding. He slipped and fell.
- @ ..... phoned an ambulance.
- ..... was sad that he had to wear a cast.
- o ...... and ..... tried to help Fares and were kind to him.
- 6 ..... and ..... had a surprise for Fares.
- ..... fed the fish and learned their names.

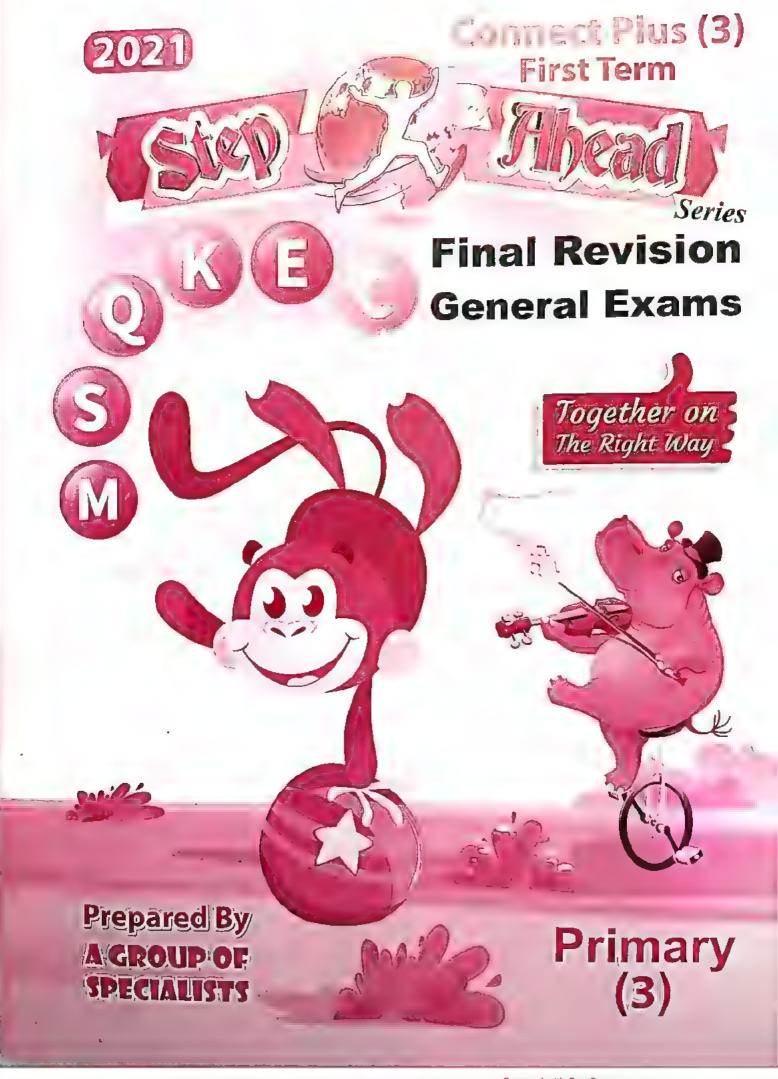
#### (13) Read and order:

Story

- an − Fares − wanted − athlete − to be.
- ② Fares cycle helmet wore → always a.
- the ramp quickly went down Fares too.
- nis − Fares − move − leg − couldn't.
- 6 an x-ray showed The ⇒ him ⇒ doctor.
- a cast wear Fares his leg had to on.

#### (14) Read and choose:

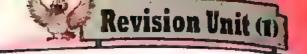
- Why was Fares angry and sad?
  - a. Because he couldn't swim.
  - b. Because he didn't have a skateboard.
- What did Wael and Dalia do?
  - a. They watched TV.
  - b. They tried to help Fares.
- What did Mom say when Fares apologized.
  - a. 'You were rude. And now I'm angry.'
  - b. 'Don't worry. Let's watch a movie together.'





## Revision Unit (1)





## Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 He made a new world (map country record) when he won the race.
- 2 There is a (athlete track event) around the field for running.
- 3 We (worry support warm up) before playing the match.
- 4 The (second hour day) is smaller than the minute.
- 5 He is a good (medal sport athlete). He wants to win the first medal.
- 6 (Tests Exercise Exams) helps you to get fit.
- 7 He ran very fast in the last (race field track).
- 8 How (far fast old) can she jump? She can jump three meters.
- She got a (medal competition race) in the last race.
- 10 You should (support throw shout) your friend when he has a problem.
- 11 Lots of athletes will (compete measure talk) and the fastest will win.
- 12 She is a good (footballer runner cyclist). She likes riding bikes.
- 13 The first athlete will (measure compete win) a medal.
- 14 How (high far fast) can you run? I can run 200 meters in 30 seconds.
- (15) Athletes (train sleep draw) hard to win races.
- 16 The (centimeter kilometer millimeter) is bigger than a meter.
- 17 You should eat (unhealthy healthy fast) food.
- 18 This (distance athlete medal) is very long. Can you jump?
- 19 She (throws measures jumps) how high she can jump.
- 20 Doing exercise helps you to get (up fat fit).
- 21 How (fast old high) can he jump? He can jump two meters.
- It was a great (challenge medal cup) to break the world record.

#### B Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1 I think he (won wins will win) the next competition.
- Will he (comes come came) to the party?
- 3 She (will won't is) eat her sandwich. She isn't hungry.
- 4 It (will won't is) be easy to win today. It will be difficult.
- 5 Will you wear a blue T-shirt? Yes, I (won't do will).
- Will you break the record? No, I (will won't am).
- I think she will (gets getting get) a medal.





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- The event (was be will be) amazing tomorrow. (Did – Will – Is) he win a medal? - Yes, he will. 10 The winner (are - will - won't) get a medal. Choose the correct word(s): Adjectives 1 Was Huda (fast – faster – the fastest) than Manar? 2 Amgad jumps the (high – higher – highest) in the competition. 3 Ayman is (slow - slower than - the slowest) Ahmed. 4 Dina is (fast – faster – the fastest) girl in the class. (5) Walid jumped (the highest – high – higher). He came first. (6) Ola jumped (farther – farthest – far) than Hadeer. (7) Was Nesma (faster – fast – the fastest) than Hagar? 8 Ali jumped (the farthest - far - farther) of his friends. Choose the correct word(s): Structures 1) Amir is a good runner (so - but) I think he will win the race. 2 Mariam likes running (because – and) doing the high jump. Wael came second this year (and - so) he'll try harder next year. 4 I don't like throwing the ball (or - but) jumping. I like running. 5 Dalia ran the race (and - but) she didn't win a medal. 6 I like helping Khalil (because - so) he's my friend. Read and check ( $\checkmark$ ) or cross (x): 1 If you make fun of someone, you are a good friend. (2) When you warm up, you get ready to do exercise. 3 It's a good idea to skip breakfast. When you apologize, you say sorry to someone. 5 You shouldn't tell your friend's secrets to other people.
- Read and order:
- can − she − far − jump − how?





<b>r</b> un – he – <u>how</u> – car	n – fast?				
	••••••••		?		
the – far – she – ball			n?		
<b>3</b>					
he – jump – can – hi	gh – <u>how</u> ?				
Control of the contro			7		
Write sentences	Showing you	ir rules f	ar heir	id a good &:	
spread rumors	manles Co	Tules I	VI, VCII	is a good inc	end:
spread rumors – pressure someo	nake tur ne – supp	ort — lis	iten – Ive fu	tell secret	is –
	ow-to-be-a	good	riend	upolog	ize
Good friends never		Good fo	riends	should	
***********************	***********		i i ci i do	SHOULG	******
***********************			*********	**************	17134191
**********************	***************************************	********	*******		*******
***************************************		********		*************	
O Circle the diff		********	*******		1 *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Circle the diffe	rent (c) so	und:			
(1) camel	city		CC	olor	
② crocodile	club		ic		
	cake			istance	
computer	clothes			ice	
Read and tick:					
1 Which is longer?	hou				
				minute	
2 Which is shorter?	met	er		centimeter	
3 Which is longer?	kilor	neter		meter	
Which is shorter?	min	ute	T	second	7
				Second	





## Revision Unit (1)

Rewrite the following sentences using the words	in brackets:
1) No, I won't make fun of my friend.	(Will)
2 She can run 160 meters in 50 seconds.	(How)
3 Ziad can jump far. Samy can jump very far.	(than)
It will be difficult to win today.	(easy)
5 I like high jump and long jump.	(don't like)
6 No, he won't play tennis.	(Will)
Will he be happy?	(Yes,)
He can jump four meters.	(How far)
9 He went to bed late. He was late for school. (s	o) (because)
He's wearing a red T-shirt.	(tomorrow)
Ocycling is her favorite sport. She is not a fast cyclist.	(but)
12 She can run 100 meters in 55 seconds.	(How fast)
13 He isn't good at football or tennis.	(is good)
Will you compete in the sports event?	(No,)
The winner won't be sad.	(happy)
He's training hard so he will win the competition.	(because)
What will you do tomorrow?	(I)











Supply the missing parts in the following dialog
--------------------------------------------------

(2Ms)

Sameh: Where will you go tomorrow?

Hazem: Yes, I will meet my friends there.

#### Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)













#### **B** Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1 She (will aren't won't) be sad after the race. She will be happy.
- 2 Fady jumped (high higher the highest) than Ramy.
- 3 Amir was in a race last month (but because so) he didn't win.
- (4) Who is the (slow slower slowest) girl?
- 5 She wants to come first (so because but) she trains hard.
- 6 I think she (wins will win won) the race next month.
- 7 How (high fast often) does he go to the club? Two times a week.
- 8 Will he (run runs running) fast in the race?

#### Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

He got a medal.

(tomorrow)

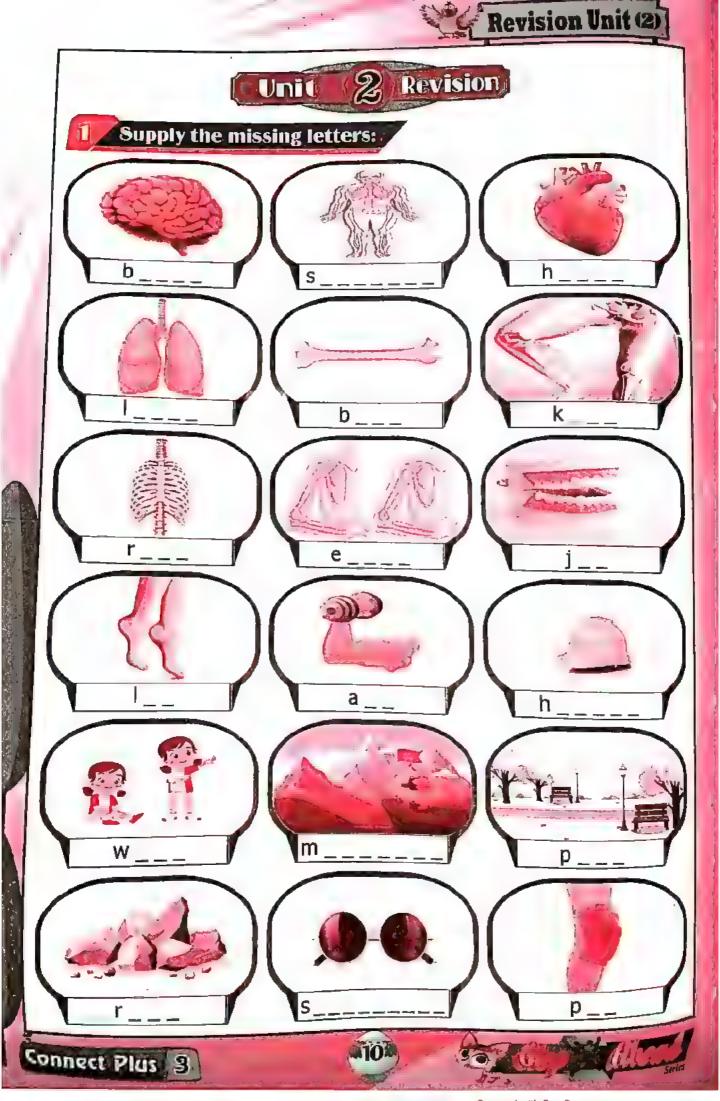
2 She trains every day. She wants to win a medal.

(because)



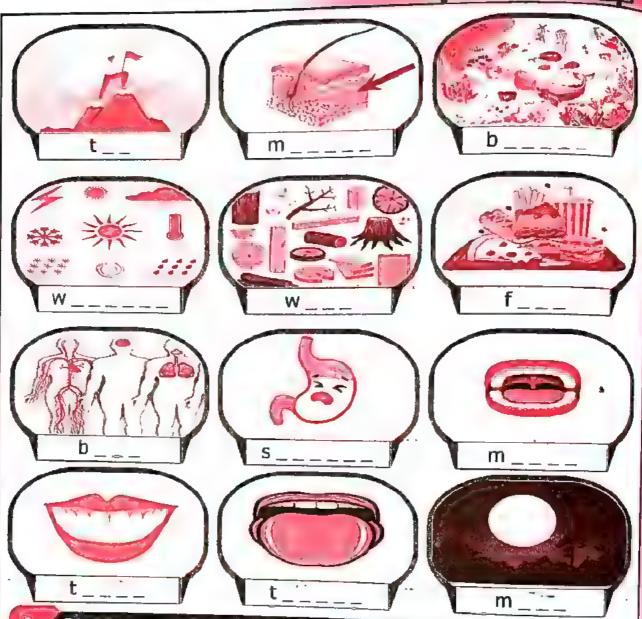


### Revision Unit (1) (don't like) I like basketball and handball. (Will) Yes, she will throw the ball. Read the following passage and answer the questions below: (4Ms) Hi, I'm Fares and this is Tarek. Tarek is an athlete so he does a lot of exercise. He wants to compete in the school long jump competition. This is his best event and he wants to win a medal. He competed last year but he didn't win a medal. He didn't come first or second. He came third so he knows he has to try harder his year. He comes to the track three times a week. I go with him because I'm his friend. I warm up with him and I measure the distance he jumps. He jumped his farthest distance this week so I think he will win the competition. Answer the following questions: What does Tarek want to compete in? What does Tarek's friend do? Choose the correct answer: Second – third) in the competition. Tarek comes to the track (three - four - five) times a week. Write a paragraph of four sentences on: (4Ms) ""Football"" Ideas to help you: hobby - football - every week - club - with friends – at school – famous player Copy the following sentence: (2Ms) If you're late, then wait at the gate.





# Revision Unit (2)



# Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 Our (muscles skeleton) help us move our bones.
- (Bones Skin) protect the soft organs inside our bodies.
- 3 The (lungs heart) moves blood around the body.
- 4 Blood carries (stomach acid oxygen and nutrients) around the body.
- 5 Our (teeth skin) protects us from dirt, germs and the sun.
- (Water Oxygen) is added to the blood in our lungs.
- (Arteries Veins) carry blood with a lot of oxygen around the body.
- 8 Our (skull jaw) protects our brain and eyes.
- We need (veins nutrients) to help us grow,
- 10 Your heart moves (vessels blood) around your body.







#### Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1) She (am is are) going to help with the housework.
- We (am is are) going to visit our grandma.
- 3 I (am is are) going to read a story.
- 4 You (am is are) going to carry the box with me.
- (5) He (am is are) going to buy a new bike.
- 6 They (am is are) going to go for a walk.
- The's (go goes going) to paint a picture.
- 8 He's (go going goes) to climb the rock.
- They are going to (go goes going) swimming.
- 10 Are they going to (wear wears wearing) their pads?
- (Is Has Does) she going to drink juice or soda?
- 12 I (never usually always) eat in the morning. I love breakfast.
- Muscles are attached (at to for) bones.
- 14 Is she going to play tennis? No, she ( $\frac{doesn't is isn't}{doesn't}$ ).
- 15 She isn't going to (go goes going) to the park.
- 16 Hani (wears wore is going to wear) his white T-shirt tomorrow.
- 17 (Are Have Do) you going to wear your helmet?

# 1 Complete the sentences using the following words:

#### saliva — tongue — arteries — skin — muscles — heart stomach — skull — lungs — skeleton

- 1 The ..... moves blood around the body.
- ② Our ...... is our biggest organ.
- In the ....., oxygen is added to the blood.
- 4 Blood with a lot of oxygen in it travels around the body in .....
- 5 We need ..... to move our bones.
- 6 Our ..... is all the bones in our body that keep us strong and help us move.
- Our ..... protects our brain and our eyes.



<ul><li>8 We need to help</li><li>9 We break down food in our</li><li>10 We chew food using our teeth,</li></ul>	***********
Match "A" with "B":	
A was a second of the second o	*B!
Stomach acid	a) the sun, as well as dirt and germs.
Our skin protects us from	b) oxygen and nutrients around the body.
Bones are hard, and they protect	c) breaks down food in our stomach.
Blood carries	d) soft organs such our heart and lungs.
6 There isn't a lot of oxygen	e) chew food, to move our jaw.
6 We use muscles when we	f) in our veins, because it is used in the body.
(f Read and complete:	
Arteries - blood - blood v	essels – nutrients – Veins
1 carry blood from t	he body to the heart.
2 carries oxygen and	nutrients around your body.
3 We need to help of	our bodies grow.
4 carry blood away	from the heart to the body.
5 Veins and arteries are types of	********* *****************************
Read and circle:	
1 Blood is a (gas – liquid).	
② Oxygen is a (gas – liquid).	
3 Veins carry blood (with - with	
4 Arteries carry blood (with - with	thout) oxygen.

Connect Plus 🕄

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## Write in the correct table:

foot - room - tool - good - root - wood

Long 'oo' sound	Short 'oo' sound
<b>0</b>	0
<b>2</b>	2
<b>3</b>	3

Rewrite the following s	sentences using the words in brackets:
The state of the s	

1 Yes, he's going to ride a horse.	(Is)
What are you going to do next Friday?	(I)
3 Are they going to drink soda?	(No,)
We're going to do exercise after school.	(not)
5 She plays with her friends.	(tomorrow
6 No, I'm not going to watch TV.	(Are)
Are you going to have fish for dinner?	(No,)
1 Is she going to wear pads?	(Yes,)
Does he help at home?	(going to)
We go to Alexandria every year.	(next week)







(next week)





# 1 Supply: the missing parts in the following dialogue:

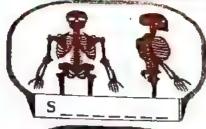
(2Ms)

Hazem: Are you going to go to the park at the weekend?

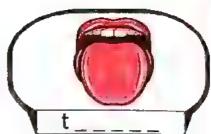
Zeiad: I'm going to ride my bike there.

#### Supply the missing letters:

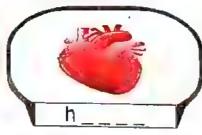
(6Ms)

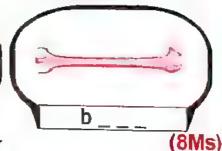












## Choose the correct word in brackets:

- We are (go goes going) to go to the park after school.
- (Is Has Does) she going to go to bed early?
- 3 Your (lungs brain vein) controls all your body.
- 4 She (buy is going to buy buys) a new mobile next week.
- (5) Is he going to (climb climbs climbing) the mountain?
- 6 I (never usually always) draw pictures. I don't like drawing.
- 7 You should go to bed because you are very (positive relaxed tired).
- (8) Are they going to (has have had) cheese for breakfast?

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

We ride our bikes on Friday.

(going to)

2 He's going to go to the club.

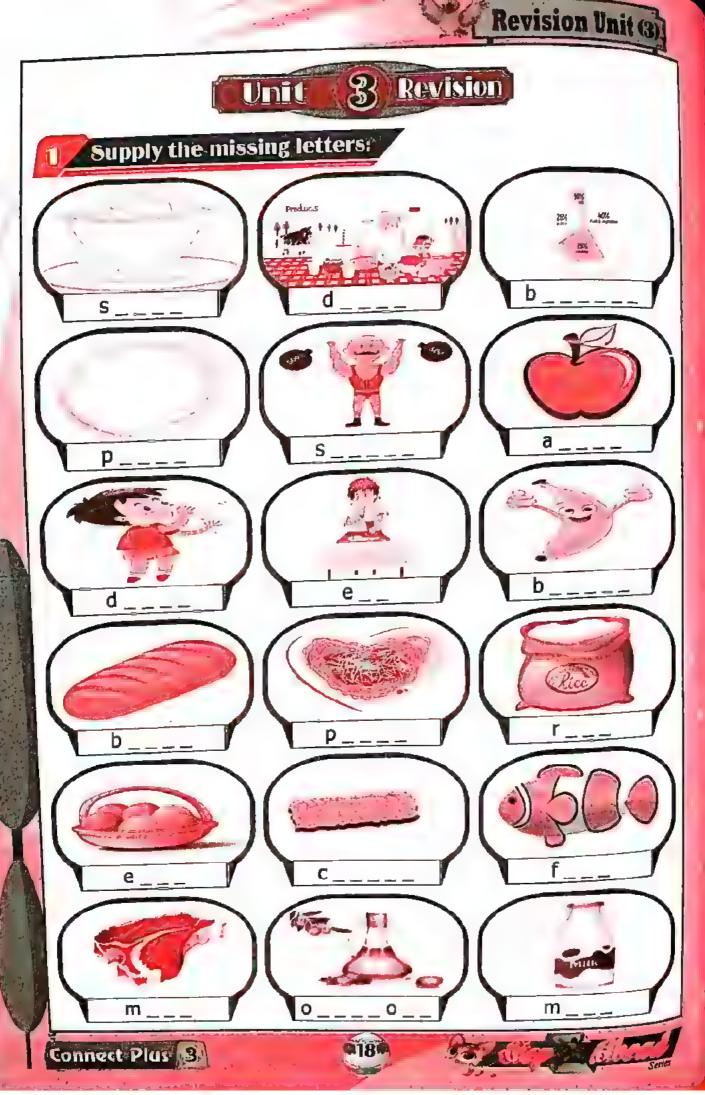
(not)

Connect Plus 3

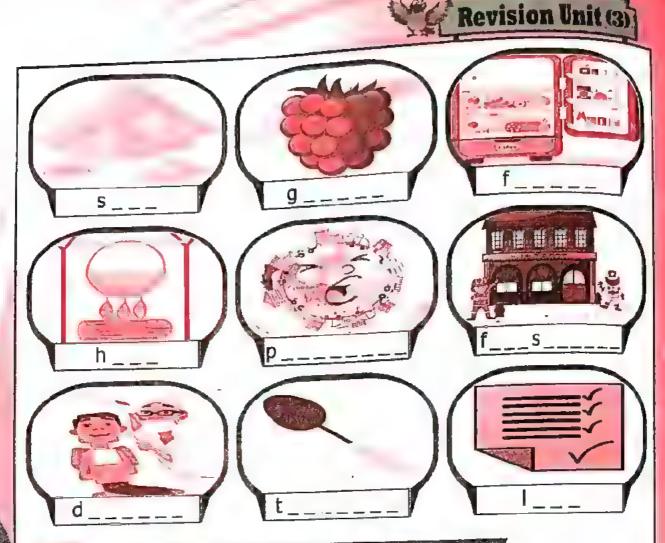
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Revision Unit (2)	
Yes, she's going to wear her sunglasses.	(Is)
What are you going to do tomorrow?	(I)
Read the following passage and answer the	questions below: (4Ms
Tomorrow is a holiday. Fady is going to morning. He's going to go the shops near hithings for his mother in the afternoon. His si clean her bedroom in the morning. She's going the afternoon. In the evening, they are going	is house to buy some ster Farida is going to help her mum in
A Manswer the following questions:	
What's Fady going to do in the morning? What's Farida going to do in the afternoon?	*****************************
Choose the correct answer:	
This family is (three – four – five) persons.	Ad Also some
They all are going to (read books – watch T	v – go out) in the eve-
Write a paragraph of four sentences of	
Write a paragraph of four sentences of Human body	(4Ms)
human body — thirty two teeth — 206 bones strong — hard — foods — good for you — bad	
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
Don't bark if you can't bite.	
	Connect Plus 3







# Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 Candies and cookies contain lots of (fiber salt sugar).
- (2) (Sodium Calories Calcium) is the amount of energy in food.
- 3 If you don't drink enough water, you get (sweat hydrated dehydrated).
- We should (preserve taste contain) food to keep it fresh and safe.
- (5) Cereal, bread and pasta contain (protein vitamins carbohydrates).
- 6 There are lots of (carbohydrates fats vitamins) in fruit.
- There's (protein fiber calcium) in meat and fish.
- 8 There are (vitamins fats carbohydrates) in olive oil and butter.
- We can get (carbohydrates protein vitamins) in bread, pasta and rice.
- 10 There's (fat protein fiber) in fruit.
- (11) Calcium is a (vitamin ~ mineral protein).
- 12 We need (protein fiber vitamins) to help us grow.





# Revision Unif (3)

- (13) When we (dry smoke store) fruit, we take out the water and keep the nutrients
- (Protein Fats Sugar) helps us absorb some important vitamins.
- 15 Water is a (liquid vessel vitamin).
- (Blood Heart Brain) carries oxygen and nutrients around the body.
- 17 (Vitamins Carbohydrates Fiber) give us energy.
- 18 Water helps your body to get rid of (toxins blood food).
- 19 We lose water when we (sweet eat sweat).
- 20 The (fiber salt sugar) we get in food is sodium mixed with other things.
- 21) We eat food, and it breaks down into nutrients in our (lungs brain stomach).
- 22 If we don't (eat buy store) food properly, it can go bad.
- Zeer pots, cans and jars are (pans spoons containers).

## Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 There are (vitamins proteins) and fiber in fruit and vegetables.
- (Carbohydrates Minerals) give us energy.
- (3) (Sugar Protein) helps our bodies grow.
- 4 Calcium is good for (eyes bones), heart and muscles.
- We need healthy fats in some (oils minerals).
- 6 There is sugar in (fish cake), biscuits and soda.
- 7 We shouldn't eat or drink too much (vitamins sugar).

#### Read and circle:

Sugar is nice but it is bad for our teeth / hair. Sugar is also bad for our lungs / heart. It stops our arteries working well. When we get energy from sugar it lasts a short / long time. Then we want more! When we get energy from carbohydrates, it lasts a short / long time. Sugar can be bad for our mood. If we have too little / too much sugar, it can make our brain confused. We can feel worried / happy and anxious.





# Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1 You (should shouldn't can't) have a healthy diet.
- 2 She shouldn't (drink drinks drinking) lots of sweet drinks.
- 3 Should I sleep for only four hours? No, (you should you shouldn't I shouldn't).
- 4 You (should shouldn't) eat healthy food.
- 5 You (should shouldn't) eat cookies every day.
- 6 Should he (go goes going) to bed early?
- 3 She shouldn't (eat eats eating) or drink a lot of sugar.
- Should I eat candies every day? No, (I shouldn't you shouldn't you should).
- 9 You should (eat drink) enough water.
- (Is Should Has) he sleep eight hours?

## Complete the sentences using:

#### shoult - shouldn't

- 1 You ..... eat a healthy lunch every day.
- 2 You ..... wear a helmet when you ride a bike.
- 3 You ..... eat candy every day.
- 4 You ..... ride you skateboard on a road.

## Read and complete. Use should shouldn't:

Youssef wants to be in the school running team. He goes running once a week. He sometimes skips breakfast but he always eats lunch. He loves snacks. He likes candies and drinking sodas. What should he do to get into the school running team?

- 1 He ..... every day.
- 2 ..... breakfast.
- 3 ..... candies.
- 4 ..... fruit and vegetables.
- 5 ..... a lot of sodas.
- 6 ...... 1.5 liters of water every day.





Do the quiz:	
How do plants get water?  a) From the soil.  b) From the air.	
How much of our blood is made up of water?  a) 82%  b) 62%	
How much of our brain is made up of water?  a) 45%  b) 75%	
What happens if you are dehydrated?	
a) You feel tired and you can't think. b) You feel tired and you can't think.	ou can't walk or talk. y?
Rewrite the following sentences using the w	ords in brackets:
1 Drinking pure water is important.	(should)
2 No, you shouldn't eat unhealthy food.	(Should)
Having sweet snacks is bad for you.	(shouldn't)
4 Should I eat lots of carbohydrates?	(No,)
Orinking soda isn't good for your body.	(shouldn't)
6 You should never be dehydrated.	(should always)
Yes, I should drink enough water.	(Should)
You should have a healthy body.	(unhealthy)
9 Making your body strong is very important.	(should)





Revision Unit (3)

# 1 Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

(2Ms)

Shady :....?

Faris : I always get up at seven o'clock.
Shady : What do you have for breakfast?

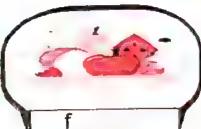
Faris : .....

(6Ms)

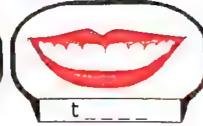
## Supply the missing letters:

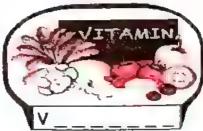












#### Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- (1) (Fiber Calcium Cereal) is good for our bones.
- 2 We (should shouldn't can't) have a healthy diet.
- Milk and cheese are (daily diary dairy) foods.
- 4 You shouldn't (drinks drinking drink) too much soda.
- (5) When you are (sweat hydrated dehydrated), it means you are getting enough water.
- 6 Cakes, biscuits and soda contain (sugar protein fiber).
- Thould I drink water? Yes, (I should you shouldn't you should).
- 8 Plants get water from the (air sun soil) in their roots.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

. (4Ms)

Oping exercise is good for your body.

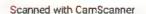
(should)

Should I eat a healthy diet?

(Yes, .....)

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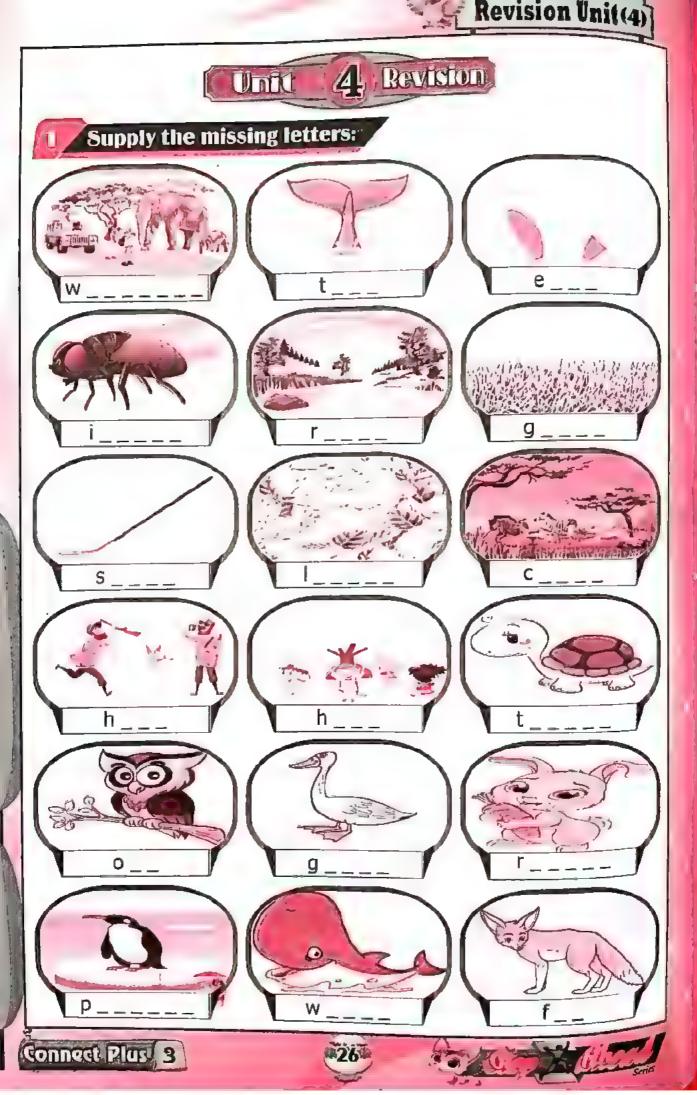
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Revision Unit (3)	
3 Sleeping for only five hours is unhealthy.	(shouldn't)
No, I shouldn't drink lots of sweet drinks.	(Should)
Read the following passage and answer the question	ns below: (4Ms)
Every Thursday, my mother goes shopping. Mosometimes goes with her. There are a lot of vegetabe the market. My mother buys tomatoes, peas, potato She also buys bananas, apples and strawberries. She an ice cream and buys me a bottle of orange juice.	les and fruits in less and lettuce:
Answer the following questions:	
When does the mother go to the market?  What vegetables does she buy?	
Choose the correct answer:	
Riham likes (sweets – cakes – ice cream).	
My mother buys me (oranges – ice cream – jui-	
Write a paragraph of four sentences on: "The healthy diet"	(4Ms)
sweets – crisps – biscuits – chocolate – soda – meat – fish – vegetables – fruit – water	
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
Variety is the spice of life.	

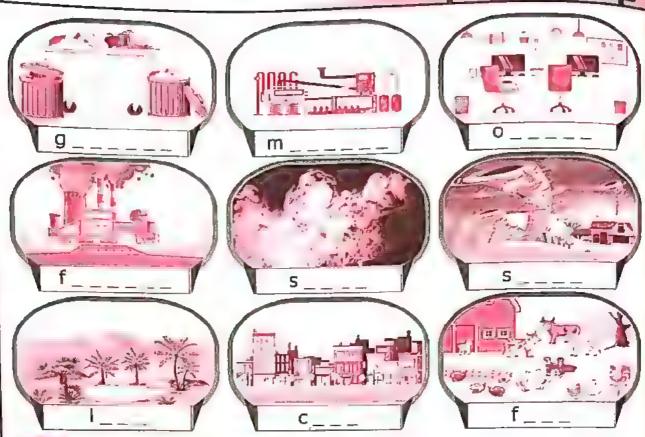






# Revision Unit(4) m S

# Revision Unit (4)



### Match "A" with "B":

'A'	'B'
1 sea lion	a) It takes shelter under rocks in rivers.
2 crayfish	b) It's long and thin and doesn't have legs.
3 cobra	c) It lives in a hole in a tree.
<b>₫</b> sloth	d) It digs a burrow and lives in the desert.
6 owl	e) It sleeps a lot and moves very slowly.
6 fennec fox	f) It lives in the sea.

## Complete the sentences using the following words:

wetaind – equator – temperate zone – polar zone – rainforest – desert

- 1 A place with lots of trees and animals. It rains a lot.
- (2) It is not here and there isn't a lot of rain.
- 3 An imaginary line around the center of the Earth.
- This place is wet all the time. It's near a sea or river.

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# Revision Unit (4)

- (5) A very cold place. There aren't any trees, but there is snow and ice.
- 6 A place where there is a lot of rain in fall and winter.

  There is less in spring and summer.

#### Read and circle:

A habitat is a place with a particular kind of climate and landscape. There is rain / snow and ice in polar habitat. There aren't any / are lots of trees and the plants are small. Animals take shelter in burrows / nests.

Rainforests are **cold** / **warm** and wet places. They are in tropical parts of the world. The trees grow a lot of fruit for animals to eat. Wetland habitats are near the sea or **mountain** / **rivers**. A swamp is a wetland habitat with lots of **people** / **trees**. Animals hide under the tree roots in the water.

## Read and choose:

- 1) Which is hotter?
  - a. Equator

- b. North Pole
- Which area doesn't get much sunshine?
  - a. South Pole

- b. Equator
- 3 What habitat is near the equator?
  - a. Polar

- b. Grassland
- Which habitats are in Egypt?
  - a. Wetland and Desert
- b. Rainforest and Polar

# Choose the correct word(s): //Vocabulary

- 1 The (South Pole North Pole equator) is the point at the furthest north of the world.
- 2 Lions and cheetahs (hunt grow hide) other animals for food.
- 3 The (cheetah fennec fox sloth) moves very slowly.
- 4 The (swamp tropical polar) parts of the world are very hot.
- (5) (Macaw Cobra Spider) is a very big snake.



# Revision Unit(4)

- (Polar Tropical Swamp) parts are very cold.
- (Insects Frogs Butterflies) are beautiful birds.
- 8 (South Pole North Pole Equator) is an imaginary line all around the middle of the Earth.
- (Lizards Foxes Frogs) can crawl.
- (Building Pollution Animal) is bad for the environment.
- 11 Flood is a natural (fire volcano disaster).
- (Polar parts Tropical parts Swams) are very wet.

# Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- ① I (might will might not) go out. It's very cold outside.
- 2 She (might might not can't) come with us to the zoo. She likes animals.
- 3 He might (eats eat ate) chicken for dinner.
- 4 (Did Were Was) it a spider monkey? _ No. It had big ears.
- 5 I (might might not) eat a sandwich. I'm hungry.
- 6 (Was Were Are) it a spider monkey?
- 7 She (might might not) come to the party. She wants to see her friends.
- The animal that I saw yesterday (has had have) big ears.
- 9 It might not (climbed climbs climb) trees.
- 100 Let's (looked looks look) on the wildlife park webcam.
- 11 He (might might not) watch TV tonight. He has lots of homework to do.
- 12 The sloth (moves move moved) slowly yesterday.
- 13 The animal might (building builds build) a nest.
- (Is Was Were) your school day great yesterday?
- 15 Fady (might might not) be able to swim. He doesn't like swimming.
- 16 I (see seeing saw) a macaw in the tree yesterday.
- 17) Was it a sea lion? _ No, it (was isn't wasn't).
- 18 It might not (digs dig digging) burrows.











# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)

Ramy : .....?

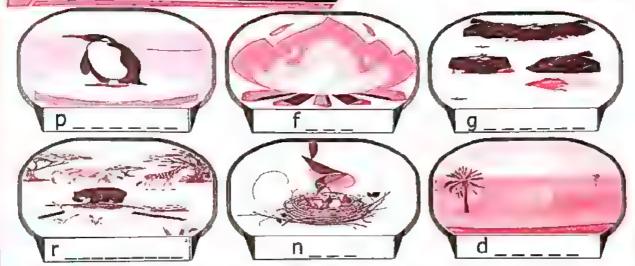
Adel : No, I wasn't at school yesterday.

Ramy: What did you do?

Adel :

## Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



#### B Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1) We (might might not can) go out today. It's very cold today.
- 2 The (South Pole North Pole equator) is the point at the furthest south of the world.
- 3 I (go goes went) to the wildlife park yesterday.
- (Macaw Cobra Spider) is a colorful bird.
- 5 Birds build (leaves nests burrows) in trees.
- 6 He (might might not can't) drink his tea. It's very hot.
- (Volcanoes Flood Rain) erupt from time to time.
- Tt might (live lives lived) in a polar area.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

1 No, it wasn't a fennec fox. (Was)

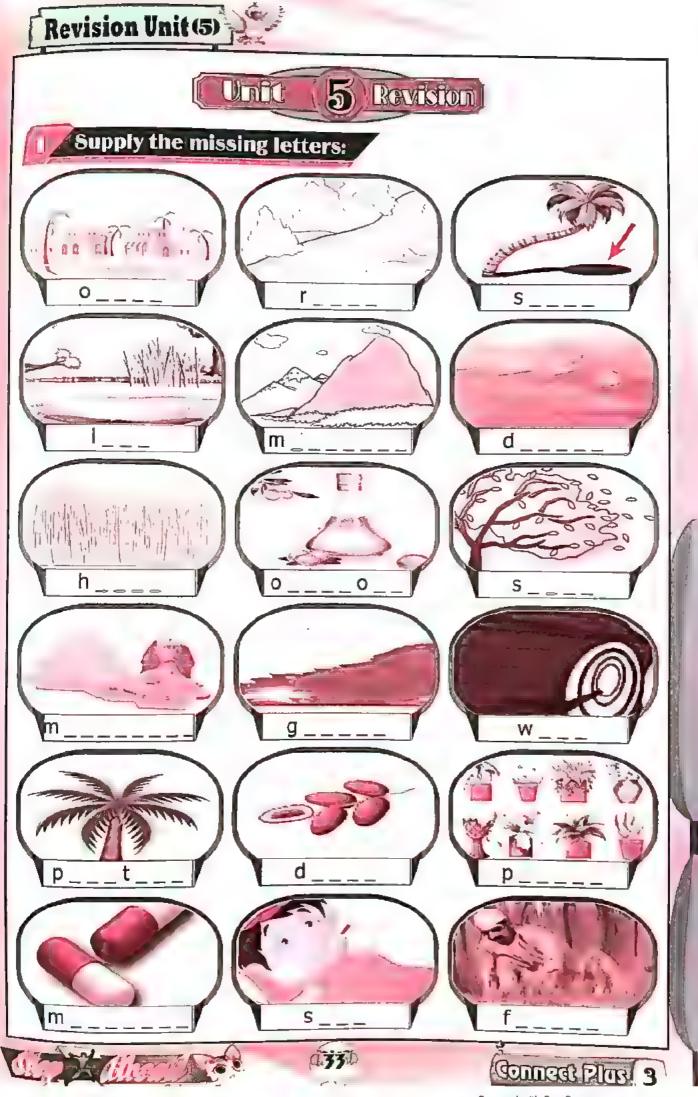
2 I loved seeing the chimpanzees. (What)



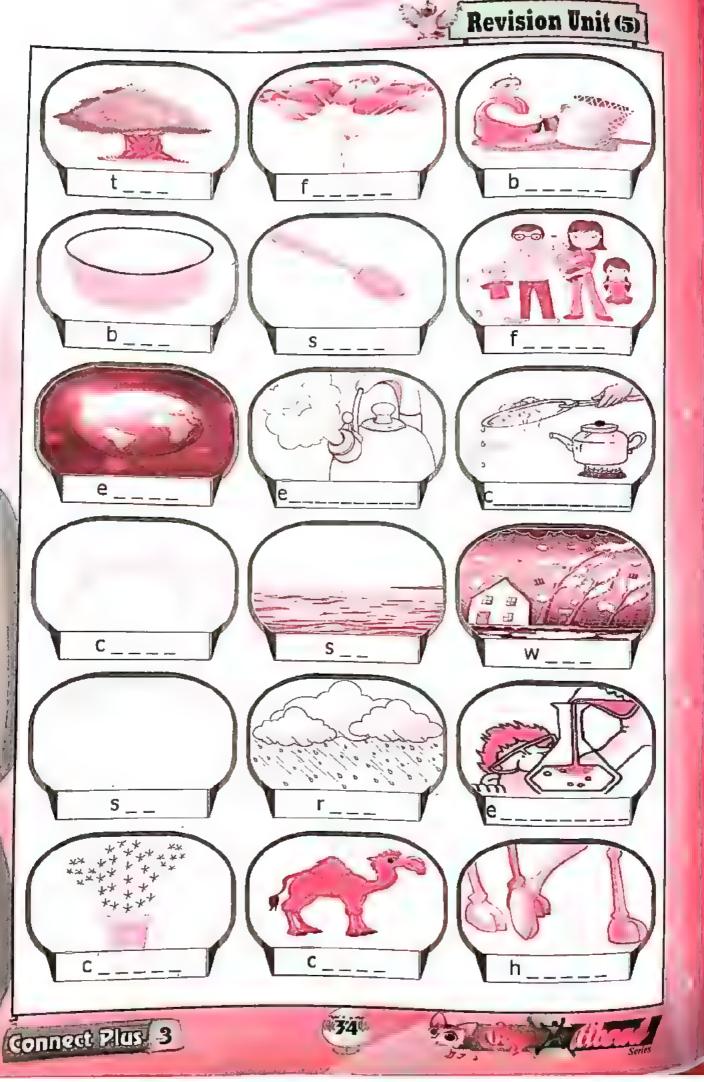


	Revision Unit (4)
3 What might you do tomorrow?	(I)
He might come with us.	(not)
Read the following passage and ans	wer the questions below: (4Ms
We sometimes visit the zoo in summe It has got small ears and a short tail. funny animal. It can run and jump. It It's small and has got a long tail.	It likes water. The monkey is a
Answer the following questions:  When do you sometimes visit the zo.  What does the hippo like?  Choose the correct answer:  The hippo is (short – small – big).  The monkey likes (strawberries –	***************************************
Write a paragraph of four sent	ences on: (4Ms)
Lion – wild animal – live – forest – small animals – dangerous – can s	
Copythe following sentence in	nyour best handwriting: 2Ms
Sometimes silence express	ses better than talking.
कामाद्वर थिएड 3	

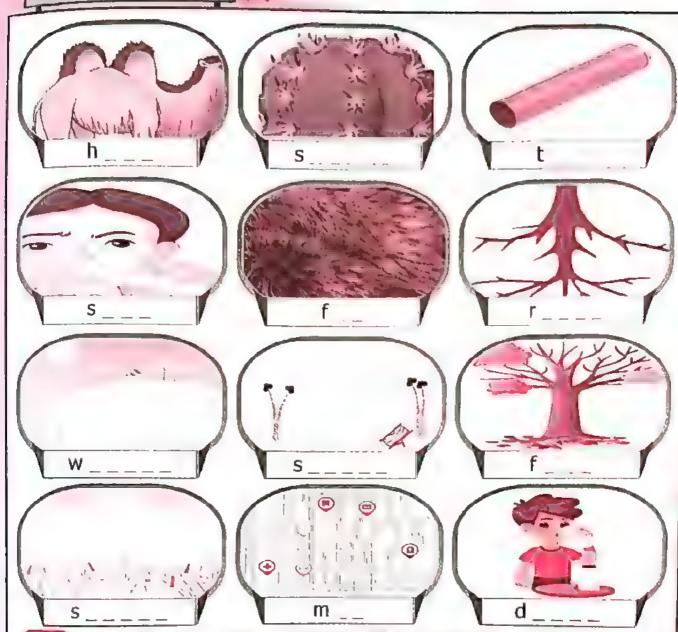
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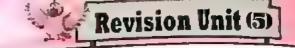


# Revision Unit (5)



# Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

- 1 Camels have (hunted escaped adapted) to survive very well in the desert.
- 2 We can get fresh water in the (sea ocean river).
- 3 Water vapor (condenses evaporates flows) into drops of water.
- 4 All animals need (surface beaker shelter) for protection and keeping safe.
- 5 Water comes up to the surface of the ground in a (cloud precipitation spring).
- Seas have (salt fresh dirty) water.
- Camels have wide (hooves humps eyes) to walk on sand.
- 8 The (mountain oasis ground) is a place in the desert where there's water.
- 9 You can put (acacia tamarisk spearmint) in food or drink.



- 10 Heat from the sun makes water start to (evaporate condense freeze).
- n Don't go out when there's a (sun light sandstorm).
- 12 Vapor (evaporates condenses heats) when it starts to cool.
- (Deserts Lakes Rivers) are very hot and dry.
- (14) All animals want to (escape survive runoff) in their habitat.
- 15 Doctors give (medicine plants dates) to sick people.
- (Cactus Basil Spearmint) is a desert plant.
- 17 There are lots of dates in the (acacia tamarisk palm) tree.
- 18 The (farmer doctor teacher) grows plants and keeps animals.
- 19 We can sit in the (leaves shade wood) of a tree when it's hot.
- 20 Camels can store fat and nutrients in their (hooves humps spearmint).
- 21 They have thick (spines tubes fur) to keep them warm at night.

#### B Choose the correct word(s): Structures

- 1 Dalia (has have) seen a butterfly.
- ② I (has have) drawn a picture.
- 3 They (has have) ridden their bikes.
- 4 He (has have) played football.
- (5) We (has have) won a medal.
- 6 The cat (has have) chased a mouse.
- 7 You (has have) helped me a lot. Thank you.
- (8) (Has Have Are) you ever cooked for your family?
- I have (visiting visit visited) an oasis with my family three times.
- 10 People have (live lives lived) there for thousands of years.
- (11) Have you ever visited Siwa? No, I (have hasn't haven't).
- 12) I've (ever never already) ridden a camel. I'm afraid of them.
- (13) They've (took taken take) lots of photos.
- 14) People (lives are living have lived) there for thousands of years.
- (15) (Has Have Did) you ever climbed a tree?
- 16 Have you ever (swum swim swam) in a lake?





Correct the verbs as in the example:		
1 I have visited (visit) 2 He (not eat) dates.	the	e pyramids.
③ She (travel) on the River	· Nile.	·
4 They (not see) a spring.		
⑤ I (sleep) in the desert.		
Look and write as in the exar	nple:	
1 you – ever eat – figs Have you ever eaten figs?		e
2 he – ever climb – a tower	( <b>X</b> )	
3 she – ever swim – in the sea	( <b>v</b> )	
4 they – ever fly – in a helicopter	( <b>x</b> )	
5 you – ever see – a cobra	( <b>x</b> )	************
6 it – ever rain – in the desert	( <b>v</b> )	
Rewrite the following sentences using	ng the words	in brackets:
1) Yes, I have eaten dates.		(Have)
② He saw lots of beautiful birds.		(seen)
Have you ever planted a tree?		(No,)
4) She gave me her pen.		(has)
5 They saw lots of interesting places.		(seen)
6 Yes, I've tried Siwan food.	*************	(Have)
Have you ever visited Luxor and Aswans	?	(Yes,)
I gave my mum a present.	**************	(Have)
	- 13	









Supply the missing parts	
	:- the following dialogue.
Supply the missing Barts	

(2Ms)

Adel : How much water do you drink every day?

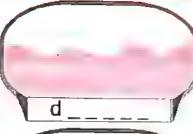
Ali

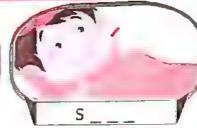
Adel : Where can we get fresh water?

Ali :

# Supply the missing letters:

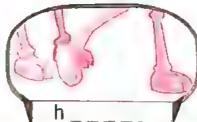
(6Ms)

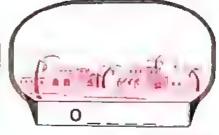












## B Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- We can get water to drink at the (sea ocean spring) over there.
- 2 We have (see saw seen) a big lake.
- 3 Spearmint and basil are different (dates herbs fruit).
- Have you (ever never since) tried this?
- (5) We can get fresh water in (seas rivers oceans).
- 6 She's (eat eaten ate) all her sandwiches.
- (Condensation Evaporation Precipitation) is when water falls from the clouds as rain, snow, or hail.
- 8 I've (ever never already) ridden a skateboard. I can't ride it.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

1 No, I've never seen a snake.

(Have)

2 He took lots of sandwiches.

(taken)

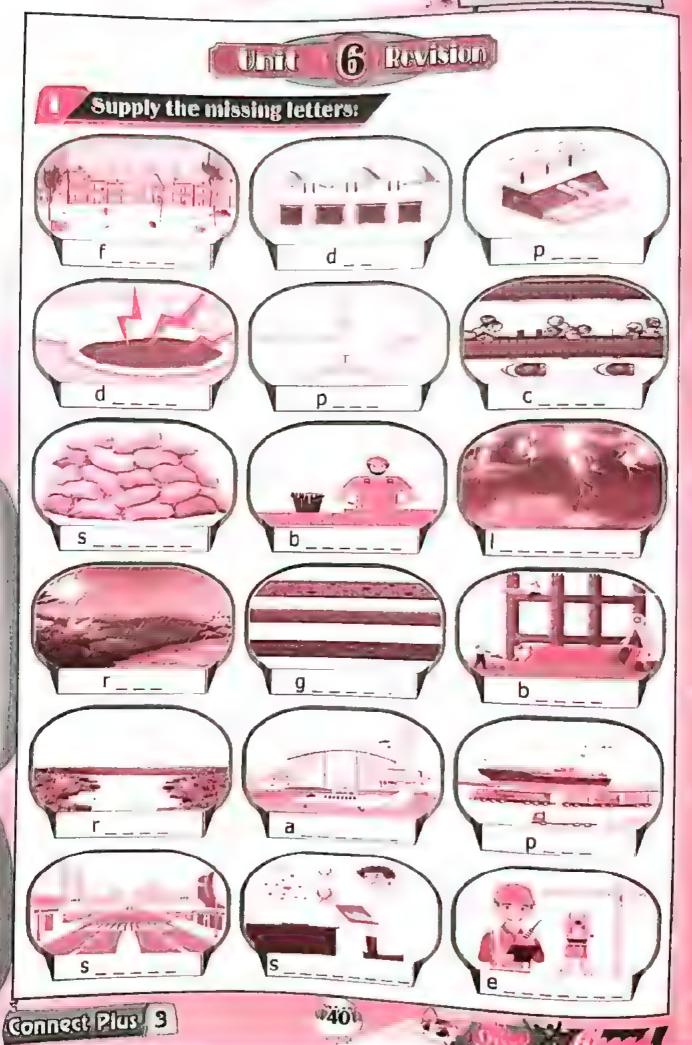
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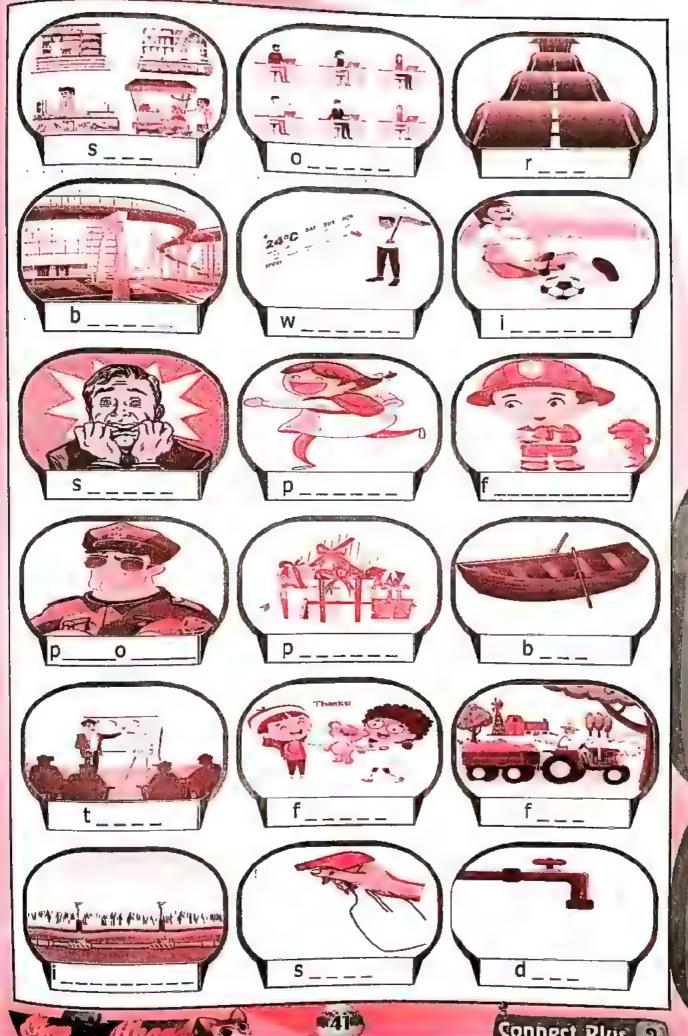


Revision Unit (5)	
Have you ever climbed a mountain?	(No,)
She swam in the swimming pool.	(has)
Read the following passage and answer the ques	tions below: (4Ms)
There are four seasons in the year. I like win It rains in winter. The rain makes things beautifu can see flowers in gardens. But, in summer, the hot. The sun shines all day. And in fall, it's ofter lose their leaves in fall.	i. In spring, you weather is very
Answer the following questions:	
What's the weather like in summer?	
When do trees lose their leaves?	
B/"Choose the correct answer:	
There are four (months – seasons – weeks)	in the year.
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	(4840)
	(4Ms)
Words to help you:	
camels - big - perfect - desert life - eyelashes	
<ul> <li>long noses - keep out sand - wide feet -</li> <li>walk - sand - humps - food - water</li> </ul>	
Walk Salid Hallips	W.
***************************************	Me MI
***************************************	
***************************************	
	5.00 P
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
Just do your best and God will	
3430 45 /-	
P	Connect Plus 3

Revision Unit (6)



# Revision Unit(6)



# Revision Unit (6)



## Choose the correct word(s): Vocabulary

1 The (barrier - Lake Nasser - High Dam) controls the water of the Nile in Egypt.

2 People have used (waterwheels - sandbags - drains) to help with

irrigation.

3 There was a (thunderstorm - flood - volcano) in Egypt. Water filled all streets and roads.

4 He's a (volunteer - firefighter - police officer). He works without getting paid.

5 Flood water can wash away roads or make bridges and homes (move - warn - collapse).

We can find water in (walls - wells - wills).

7 There are (pipes - parriers - sandbags) under the ground for water to move through.

(damage - protect - ruin) everyone from floods.

There are (drains - pumps - canals) in the streets for rainwater to go down.



# Revision Unit (6)

- 10 Meteorologists Engineers Firefighters) are people who study the weather.
- 11 A (dam drain flood) stops water in a river.
- 12 Meteorologists (collapse damage warn) people if there is a flood.
- 13 You can use a (dam shadoof pump) to take water out of a building in a flood.
- 14 People built (aqueducts dams barriers) to move water from wells or rivers into cities.
- 15 I volunteer to help my community when there is a/an (party emergency situation).
- 16 A (pump shadoof canal) is a river that people build, so they can move water to where they need it.
- 17 They tried to (rescue ruin damage) the citizens from the flood water.
- In a flood, people can put up a (pipe barrier pump) to stop water in the street.
- People put (sandbags canals dam) in front of houses and buildings to keep water out.
- (Irrigation Hydroponics Desalination) means taking the salt out of sea water to get fresh water.

# B Read and complete:

#### irrigation - rivers - waterwheel

#### canal - citadel - tower







# electricity - turbines

The High Dam is the biggest dam in the world. ..... in the dam create hydroelectric power. This power creates ......

# fresh water - technologies

Countries that are near the sea can create ...... with desalination. It can be expensive. So engineers are developing new and cheaper ......

#### Read and choose:

- 1 This stops water moving in a river and saves water for faming, irrigation and energy.
  - a. dam

- b. aqueduct
- 2 This is a place in a desert with water, trees and plants
  - a. barrier

- b. oasis
- 3 Put these in front of the door when there is a flood.
  - a. sandbags
- b. drains
- 4 A car, bridge or building can ..... in flood.
  - a. install

- b. wash away
- 5 Desalination is good for countries with ......
  - a. a lot of fresh water
- b. not much fresh water

#### Correct the verbs as in the example:

- 1 There (am is are) enough sweets for everyone.
- 2 There (am is are) too much water in the canal.
- (3) There (am is are) enough rice to cook dinner.
- 4 There (am is are) too many chairs in the living room.
- 5 There is too (many much enough) sand in the sandbag.
- 6 There aren't (too many too much enough) chairs for everyone to sit on.
- 7 There are too (much many enough) boys in the room. We can't get in.
- 8 There (am not isn't aren't) enough paper for every pupil.

Connect Plus 🗐

44



# Revision Unit (6)

- 9 There (am is are) too many people in the street.
- 10 There (am is are) too much salt in my pizza.
- 11 There (am not isn't are not) enough meat in the fridge. There (am not - isn't - aren't) enough balls for every player.
- 13) There is too (many much enough) salt in my food.
- 14 There aren't (too much too enough) bikes for every child. 15 There are too (many - much - enough) books in this library.
- 16 There isn't (too enough too many) bread in the kitchen.

# Circle the word with a different sound:

- dangerous (1) famous cobra
- 2 hunt water tent
- 3 river polar enormous
- 4 wetland camp hump (5) acacia nervous under

# Rewrite the following sentences using the words in brackets:

- There is too much meat. (plates of meat)
- 2 We need more water for deserts to be green land. (enough) G______
- A His food is full of lots of salt. (too much)
- 4 I can't give my friends pencils. I don't have many. (enough)
- (bottles of water) 5 There is too much water.
- 6 She can't buy the skirt with this little money. She needs 80 pounds (enough) more.
- -----(too many) We have lots of trees in the park.
- There isn't a book for every pupil in the class. (enough)
- People fill the streets of Cairo. (too many)
- (too much) • Her pizza is full of lots of salt.





Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue
----------------------------------------------------

(2Ms)

Basil : Can I play football in the street, mum?

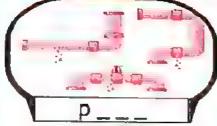
Mother :

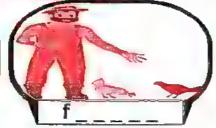
Basil : .....?

Mother: Because there are too many cars and trucks.

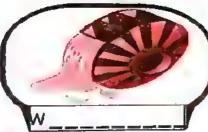
# Supply the missing letters:

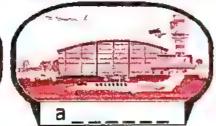
(6Ms)

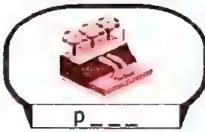












# Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1) Flood water can (ruin warn build) homes, shops, and offices.
- 2) There isn't (enough too many too) tea in my cup.
- 3 Water on the surface of streets can go down a (drain barrier dam).
- There are too (many much enough) pencils in the bag.
- (5) Farmers use (holes fields irrigation) to water their crops.
- 6 There aren't (too too much enough) rulers in the bag.
- Water moves in (pipes sandbags dams) under the ground or above the ground.
- There is too (enough many much) water in the glass.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

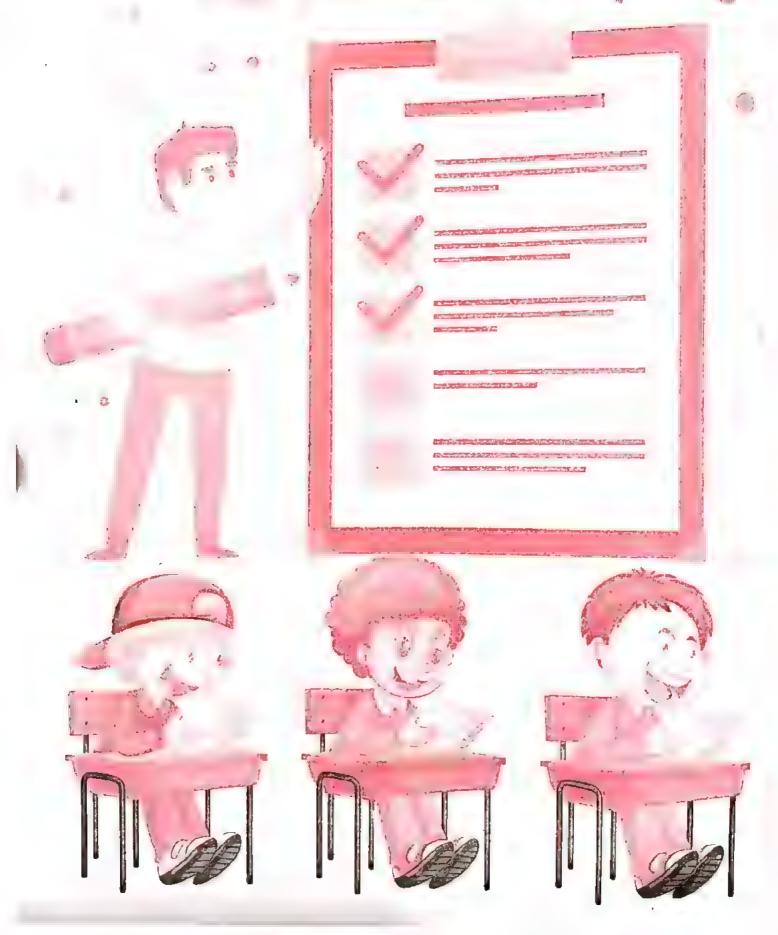
We don't have a cup for everyone. (enough)

2 They have lots of bread in the kitchen. (too much)





Revision	Unit(6)		
There is to	oo much coffee.		(cups of coffee
We don't	have much cheese to	make sandwi	ches. (enough)
Read th	e following passage an	d answer the qu	restions below: (4Ms
lots of gras relax there	are parks in towns a ss, trees, plants and a. Lots of people like h near our house in Cai Friday. People put lit y clean.	flowers. People naving their pic ro. I sometime	e can go, play and nics there. There's s go there with my
A	er the following questio	ns;	
_	are parks? o people go to parks?	*****	
	e the correct answer:		
3 There	are (boxes - boards have (parties - picr	– bins) for litte pics – lessons	er in the park.  Nat parks.
	a paragraph of four		
WIILE		desert"	
	s to help you:		
des	sert – hard life – litt ather – animals – pe	le rain — little eople — tents ·	- mud bricks
Copy	the following sente	ncei	(2Ms
A E	good beginning	makes a	good end.
		<b>47</b> 0	
U.T. C.	Series	47"	Connect Plus





1	Supply the missing parts in the following	dialogues
	Subuly life missing parts in the tanowing	ulaiveus
	Capped and introduced but to in the following	

(2Ms)

Arwa : How fast can you run?

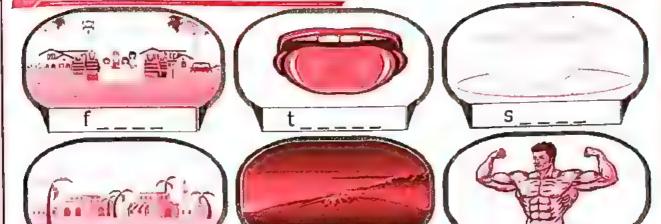
Athlete:.....

Arwa : ..... ?

Athlete: Yes, I will win the next race.

## Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



# Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1) The (athlete track event) around the field is very long.
- 2 I think the athlete wearing red (win will win winning).
- (Deserts Lakes Rivers) are very hot and dry.
- 4 I'm (go goes going) to wear a helmet.
- 5 There are lots of (carbohydrates fats vitamins) in fruit.
- 6 Have you (ever never since) tried coffee?
- We (might might not can) play football. It's very hot today.
- The (South Pole North Pole equator) is the point at the furthest north of the world.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

No, he won't play tennis.

(Will)

2 You should have a healthy body.

(unhealthy)





3 It had a long tail.	(not)
We don't have a cup for everyone.	(enough)
Read the following passage and answer the q	uestions below: (4Ms)
Yesterday, the weather was nice. It was Dad wanted to take us out to enjoy this fine us on a boat trip on the river. It was a won our sandwiches and enjoyed the fresh air. At afternoon we walked back home. We were very	warm and sunny.  e weather. He took derful trip. We ate t five o'clock in the
Answer the following questions:	
What was the weather like yesterday?	***************************************
When did they walk back home?	
Choose the correct answer:	
The trip was (nice – noisy – bad).	
They were very (sad – quiet – happy).	
Write a paragraph of four sentences of	n: (4Ms)
Words to help you: Your best friend"	
name – age – grade – hobbies – interests– in th	e future – hopes to be
Convethe following sontones	
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
A good book is a good friend.	
Connect Plus 3	





# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)

: Are you going to go to the park at the weekend? Sameh

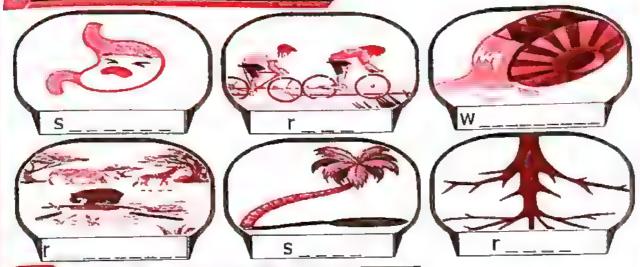
Maged

: What are you going to do? Sameh

Maged

# Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



# Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1) Players usually (worry support warm up) before they start the match.
- 2 It (will won't is) be easy to win today. It will be difficult.
- 3 Muscles are attached (at to for) bones.
- 4 There (am not isn't aren't) enough bridges in my town.
- 5 You (should shouldn't will) eat cookies every day.
- 6 The (mountain oasis ground) is a place in the desert where there's water.
- 1 I have (visiting visit visited) an oasis with my family three times.
- There was a (thunderstorm flood volcano) in Egypt. Water filled all streets and roads.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

(don't like) 1 like fish and chicken.

2 Yes, I've tried Siwan food. (Have)

	(easy)
It will be difficult to win today.	,,,,,,,+
They have lots of bread in the kitchen.	(too much)
W	
Read the following passage and answer the	questions below: (4Ms)
Eating healthy food helps people do their be It helps them control their weight and stops tired during the day. Good nutrition can help p as well, from tooth decay in children to heart	est at work and at play. them feeling weak or revent health problems disease in adults.
There are some healthy eating tips that y should eat a variety of food. You should choo processed food. You should eat plenty of fru should use sugar and salt in moderation.	ou should follow. You l
Answer the following questions:	
How can good nutrition help us?	
② Find words in the passage that give the same mea	ning as: - stop - advice.
Choose the correct answer:	
3 You should eat (a little – a few – plenty)	of fruit and vegetables.
4 Eating healthy food helps people control their (he	
Write a paragraph of four sentences	
"Nature"	
Allah – great creator – nature – wonde – hills – lakes – islands – forests – oceans – weather – cold – hot –	seas - rivers -
***************************************	
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
One hour today is worth two	tomorrow.



Mai





# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)

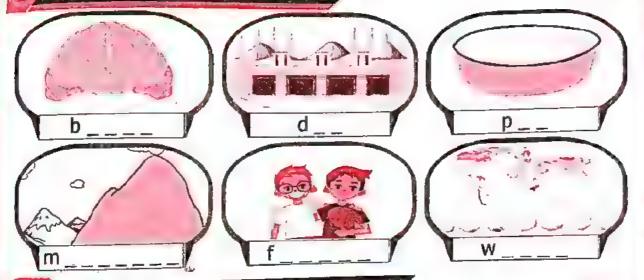
: Do you ever skip breakfast? Mai

Ola

: I always drink a glass of water every hour. Ola

# Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



# Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- Water on the surface of streets can go down a (drain barrier dam).
- ② Dina jumped (high higher the highest) than Lara.
- 3 We need (veins arteries nutrients) to help us grow.
- There isn't (enough too many too) tea in my cup.
- There's (protein fiber calcium) in meat and fish.
- 6 Should he (go goes going) to bed early?
- ② I (might might not can't) eat a sandwich. I'm hungry.
- 8 Lions and cheetahs (hunt grow hide) other animals for food.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

- Football is my favorite sport. I'm not a good footballer. (but)
- (not) She might drink orange juice.



3 I gave my mum a present.

(have)

We have lots of trees in the garden.

(too many)

Read the following passage and answer the questions below:

Why is getting enough sleep so important for children? Most children between the ages of five and ten need about ten hours of sleep, but the average child this age only sleeps, about nine hours a day. Getting enough sleep is important because it allows your body to rest for the next day. Children are always busy: going to school, doing chores, playing with friends, going to sports practice, taking music lessons, doing homework ... . When your body doesn't get enough sleep, you can feel tired, sad or angry. Sometimes it is hard to concentrate. Children who don't sleep enough can get sick. Be sure to get enough sleep and you'll feel a lot better.

# Answer the following questions:

Why is getting enough sleep important for children?

What happens if your body doesn't get enough sleep?

# Choose the correct answer:

Be sure to get enough sleep and you'll feel (lazy - bad - better).

Most children between the age of five and ten need about (ten eleven - seven) hours of sleep.

# Write a paragraph of four sentences on:

(4Ms)

# Words to help you:

"Rainforests"

grow - hot countries - plants - trees - live - animals - birds useful – environment – people – cut down – in danger



Copy the following sentence:

(2Ms)

What you don't know won't hurt you.









	30
il Su	pply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)
Rana	1 ?
Sara	: Yes, I eat healthy food.
Rana	: Can you remember a food in the protein section?
Sara	%
Su	pply the missing letters: (6Ms)
d	
	p
B Ch	loose the correct word in brackets: (8Ms)
(1) Late	of (modals - sports - athletes) are competing in the race.

- (1) Lots of (medals -
- 2 I can't go to the club today (so but because) I have much homework.
- 3 Blood carries (stomach acid oxygen and nutrients) around the body.
- 4 He (buy is going to buy buys) a new bike next week.
- Milk and cheese are (daily diary dairy) foods.
- 6 She shouldn't (eat eats eating) or drink a lot of sugar.
- Water on the surface of streets can go down a (drain barrier dam).
- The (cheetah fennec fox sloth) moves very slowly.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

- 1 She's training hard so she will win the first medal. (because)
- 2 Have you ever climbed a mountain.

(No, ....)

	(too many)
Cars filled the streets of the city.	
No, I shouldn't drink lots of sweet drinks.	(Should)
	ons below: (4Ms)
Read the following passage and answer the questi	most never rains
Deserts are generally hot, dry regions where it all Some parts of deserts are covered with sand. The sand sand dunes. Other parts of deserts have rocky hills the Sahara Desert is the biggest desert in the world Africa. It measures about 9 million square kilometres big as the United States. There are many different plain the desert. They are all able to live with very little.	dy hills are called and mountains. It is in northern as. It is almost as ants and animals
Answer the following questions:	
What is the weather like in the desert?	
2 What is a sand dune?	*****************
How big is the Sahara Desert?	******************
Choose the correct answer:	
The Sahara Desert is (nine thousand – nine millio hundred) square kilometres.	n – nine
1 The Sahara Desert is in (Asia - Europe - Africa	).
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	(4Ms)
"Words to help you:	
uncle's – farm – large – grow – grain – raise – animals – machines – harvest – produce – crops	
***************************************	
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
Obey your parents and teachers.	(21110)
The state of the s	
15K	

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# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)

: What might you do tomorrow? Khalid

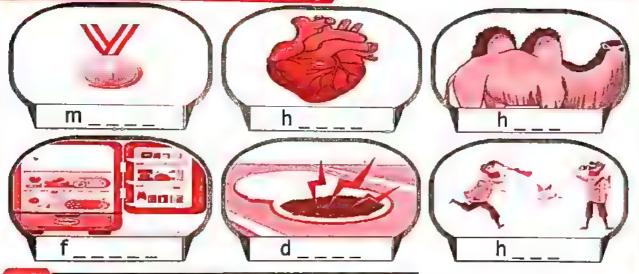
Adel

: Will you play football with us? Khalid

Adel

# Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)



## Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1) He is a fast (footballer runner cyclist). He rides his bike very fast.
- (2) He wants to come first (so because but) he trains hard.
- 3 Your heart moves (vessels blood stomach) around your body.
- (4) (Are Have Do) you going to wear your helmet?
- 5 There are (vitamins fats carbohydrates) in olive oil and butter.
- 6 He's a (volunteer firefighter police officer). He works without getting paid.
- There (am is are) too much cheese in my sandwich.
- We have (see saw seen) a big lake.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

(so) 1 was hungry. I ate all my sandwiches.

He isn't good at throwing or jumping. (is good)

Connect Play 3

	(Where)
3 I went to the wildlife park.	
4 You should never be dehydrated.	(should always)
The state of the s	estions below:
Read the following passage and answer the que	estions below: (4Ms)
I think life will be different in the future. In in time, I think my town will be bigger than to modern buildings. I hope they will be more be travel by other means of transport. They may of food. Students may not go to schools. They People may spend their time in different ways for the future will be better.	eautiful. People may leat some new kinds may learn at home.
Answer the following questions:	
How will the buildings be like in thirty years	in time?
2 What will people eat in the future?	***********
Choose the correct answer:	
Students may learn at (streets - home - clubs	s) in the future.
The future will be (bad – worse – better).	
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	(4Ms)
"My favourite sport"  Ideas to help you:	
🄝 favourite sport. 🤝 How long have you	
Where do you play it?	•
	3.3.4
Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
Never bite the hand that feeds	you.
Connect Plus 3	The second second





				The state of the s
	Supply the missing	والمراجع والم والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراجع والمراج	F-18-112-1	The second secon
5 1		Jan   12:1   2:1   2:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1   1:1		
4				12000-1111-1111-1111-111-11

(2Ms)

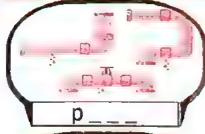
Nada : What's your favorite sport?

Rana : .....

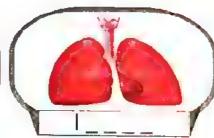
Rana: I go to the track 3 times a week.

# Supply the missing letters:

(6Ms)

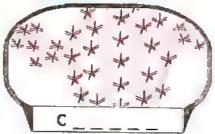












# Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1 The (race winner track) is exciting. The fastest one will win.
- ② Will she (run runs running) fast in the race?
- 3 Our (teeth skin brain) protects us from dirt, germs and the sun.
- 4 Is he going to (climb climbs climbing) the mountain?
- (Fiber Calcium Cereal) is good for our bones.
- 6 There is too (enough many much) water in the glass.
- ① It might not (climbed climbs climb) trees.
- (Has Have Did) you ever climbed a tree?

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

She plays with her friends.

(tomorrow)

He took lots of sandwiches.

(taken)

Assumption of the pull of the
Crocodiles are dangerous animals. They live in rivers and near them. They hunt animals such as goats and small cows for food. They have very sharp teeth. They hide in water to catch animals which come to drink. A crocodile hits with its head or tail and then pulls the animal to eat it under water.  Answer the following questions:  What kind of animal is a crocodile? How do they catch animals?  The underlined word "They" refers to (rivers – cows – crocodiles). Crocodiles have sharp (head – tail – teeth).  Write a paragraph of four sentences on:  (4Ms)  "How to be fit"
near them. They hunt animals such as goats and small cows for food. They have very sharp teeth. They hide in water to catch animals which come to drink. A crocodile hits with its head or tail and then pulls the animal to eat it under water.    Answer the following questions:   What kind of animal is a crocodile?     How do they catch animals?
<ul> <li>What kind of animal is a crocodile?</li> <li>How do they catch animals?</li> <li>The underlined word "They" refers to (rivers – cows – crocodiles).</li> <li>Crocodiles have sharp (head – tail – teeth).</li> <li>Write a paragraph of four sentences on:         <ul> <li>(4Ms)</li> <li>Guiding words:</li> <li>important – be healthy – eat – drink – fresh – practice –</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>What kind of animal is a crocodile?</li> <li>How do they catch animals?</li> <li>The underlined word "They" refers to (rivers – cows – crocodiles).</li> <li>Crocodiles have sharp (head – tail – teeth).</li> <li>Write a paragraph of four sentences on:         <ul> <li>(4Ms)</li> <li>Guiding words:</li> <li>important – be healthy – eat – drink – fresh – practice –</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
The underlined word "They" refers to (rivers – cows – crocodiles). Crocodiles have sharp (head – tail – teeth).  Write a paragraph of four sentences on:  (4Ms)  How to be fit"  important – be healthy – eat – drink – fresh – practice –
Crocodiles have sharp (head – tail – teeth).  Write a paragraph of four sentences on:  (4Ms)  How to be fit*  important – be healthy – eat – drink – fresh – practice –
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:  (4Ms)  "How to be fit"  important – be healthy – eat – drink – fresh – practice –
important – be healthy – eat – drink – fresh – practice –
important – be healthy – eat – drink – fresh – practice –
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
exercise – club – friends – like
Copy the following sentence: (2Ms)
Practice makes perfect.





# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

(2Ms)

Tamer : Have you ever visited Siwa?

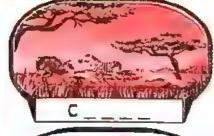
Ramy :

What interesting things can we see there?

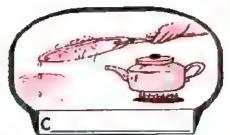
**Tamer** 

# Supply the missing letters:

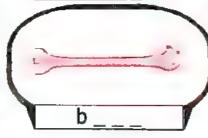
(6Ms)

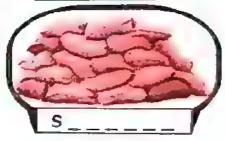












#### Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- Always (support pressure damage) your friend.
- Ramy jumped (the farthest far farther) of his three friends.
- ③ Our (skull jaw ribs) protects our brain and eyes.
- 4 Is she going to play video games? _ No, she (doesn't is isn't).
- ⑤ We can get (carbohydrates protein vitamins) in bread, pasta and rice.
- Should I drink water? _ Yes, (I should you shouldn't you should).
- The (swamp tropical polar) parts of the world are very hot.
- There are lots of dates in the (acacia tamarisk palm) tree.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

We ride our bikes on Friday.

(going to)

Doing exercise is good for your body.

(should)





(A) What might you do tomorrow?	(1)
What might you do tomorrow?	(heenuse)
He didn't work hard. He came fourth in the race.	(pecause)
***************************************	
Read the following passage and answer the question	ons below: (4Ms)
regardent following passage	se koops your
Exercise is fun. It makes you feel good. Exercise body strong and fit. You should do exercise every doing exercise you should eat good food that confats and vitamins that give you energy. You sho enough sleep to be healthy. So exercise, food and keys for good health.	tains proteins, uld also have
Answer the following questions:	
1 What are the keys for good health?	****************
2 Why should you eat food that contains vitamins	s?
Choose the correct answer:	
3 Exercise is (fun – fan – boring).	
Exercise makes you feel (bad – good – sad).	
Write a paragraph of four sentences on:	(4Ms)
Guiding words:	
last holiday - father - took - car - saw -	animals –
enjoyed – like – ate – drank – sper	nt
7 Copy the following sentence:	(2Ms)
Prevention is better than cure.	

जिलावनी शिष्ठ 3





# Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue: (2Ms)

**Faris** 

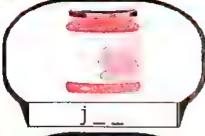
: This book is about famous Egyptian world records. Magid

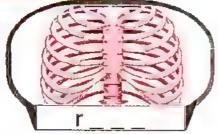
: Can you tell me one of these records? **Faris** 

Magid

# Supply the missing letters:

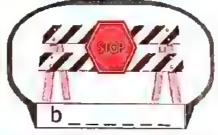
(6Ms)













# Choose the correct word in brackets:

(8Ms)

- 1 They made a new world (map country record). They made the largest GPS drawing.
- ② I don't like pizza (and or but) pasta.
- The (lungs heart brain) moves blood around the body.
- 4 Are they going to (has have had) chicken for dinner?
- (5) There (am not isn't are not) enough rice in the fridge.
- 6 I've (ever never already) eaten basil. I don't know it.
- Tit might not (digs dig digging) burrows.
- (8) There aren't (too too much enough) rulers in the bag.

# Rewrite the following sentences doing as shown:

(4Ms)

He's going to go to the club.

(not)

No, I've never seen a snake.

(Have)

(enough) There isn't a book for every pupil in the class. (Will) 4 Yes, she will throw the ball. Read the following passage and answer the questions below: (4Ms) Mr. Amr is a doctor in a big hospital. He likes his work very much because he can help sick people. He is 35 years old. His wife is a teacher. She likes her work too. She is 30 years old. They have three children. Two boys and a girl. Ahmed and Nour are twins. They are in primary four. Mona is the oldest one. She is in primary five. Ahmed and Nour have got a big dog. Mona has got a white cat. Answer the following questions: How old is Mr. Amr? Why does Mr. Amr like his work? B // Choose the correct answer: His wife is a (teacher – doctor – nurse). Mona has got a (white dog – white cat – white bird). (4Ms) Write a paragraph of four sentences on "Your school" **Guiding words:** clean - tidy - useful - teachers - help break - play - enjoy - library Copy the following sentence: (2Ms) It is always darkest before the dawn. Connect Plus 3 64

Revision Tests

Step Ahead Answer Key nect Plus (3) The Set Book Final Revision General Tests andanaca.



# Part (1) The Set Book &

# Unit (1

#### *Lesson (1)**

#### O Supply the missing parts:

I like running.

- Yes, I am.

#### 2 Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

1- track 4- jump

2- throw

3- athletes 6- medal

5- race 7- competed 8- win

9- distance

10- measures 11- far 13- Who 14-high

12- fast

#### 3 Choose the word(s): (Structures)

1- will win

2- will be 3- won't 6- Will

5- won't 8- Won't

9- will

7- run 10- will

#### Choose the word(s): (Adjectives)

1- higher 4- farther 2- the fastest 3- slowest 5- faster

6- the farthest

4- get

7- slower than

8- the highest

#### 6 Choose the word(s):

athletes / track / race / wins / throw / distance / measures / competed / jump / medal

# 6 Supply the missing letters:

- track athlete race
- medal win run
- throw jump measure

#### Read and complete:

1) distance

2) throw

3) win

4) measuring 5) compete 6) jump

#### 8 Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- He will get a medal.
- 2- Will he play tennis?
- 3- Yes, he will.
- 4- How far can she jump?
- 5- He will wear a red T-shirt tomorrow.
- 6- How fast can be run?
- 7- Will she throw the ball?
- 8- No. I won't.
- 9- It won't be easy to win today.
- The winner will be happy.

#### **Lesson (2)**

#### U Supply the missing parts:

- I can run 100 meters in one minute.
- Yes, I do.
- Will you win the next race?

## Supply the missing letters:

- exercise runner train
- support warm up healthy food
- parents friend worried

#### Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

1- train

2- warm up 3- exercise

4- support

5- record

6- healthy

7- fit

8- problem

#### Choose the word(s): (Structures)

1- and 2- but 3- because 4- or

6- often 7- will win 5- so

8- Which

#### G Complete the table using:

1- and 2- because 3- but 4- so 5- or

#### Choose the word(s):

- A) 1- Three times a week.
  - 2- Because She's a really good friend to her. B) 3- didn't win 4- fruit

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences:

My favorite sport is football. I like it because it's exciting. I play it 3 times a week, I play it with my friends.

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- I don't like fish or chicken.
- 2- He came fourth in the race because he didn't work hard.
- 3- Football is my favorite sport but I'm not a good footballer.
- 4- I was hungry so I ate all my sandwiches.
- 5- He is good at throwing and jumping.
- 6- She will win the first medal because she's training hard.

#### **Lesson (3)*

#### U Supply the missing parts:

- Yes, I have.
- Who is your best friend?
- I listen to my friends and support them.

#### Write the correct word:

- secrets scared swimming
- competition smile apologize

#### O Complete the table using

Good	Bad
1) listen	1) spread rumors
2) support	2) make fun of
3) have fun	3) tell secrets
4) apologize	4) pressure someone

#### O Choose the word(s):

- 1) fun 2) support 3) secrets 4) have
- 5) spread 6) ideas 7) pressure
- 8) epologize 9) scared 10) kind

#### S Read the passage and answer:

- A) 1- Because Sherif spread his secret
  - 2- Because he's scared of water,
- B) 3- happier 4- apologized

#### Sort and complete the table:

C sounds like k	C sounds like s
1) cake	1) otadel
2) camel	2) city
3) colline	3) face
4) cold	4) ico
5) fact	5) penal
6) music	6)rce

#### ** Lesson (4) **

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- What are you doing?
- What is it about?
- Yes. The Egyptian Mau can run up to 48 kilometers an hour

#### Supply the missing letters:

- football cyclist cup
- pyramids world national team

#### Ochoose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1- second 2- record
- 3- kilometer
- 4- pyramids 5- minute
- 6- cyclist
- 7- scored
- 8- meter 9- footballer
- 10) Cup 11) cha
- 11) challenge 12) an

#### • Read the passage and answer:

- A) 1- They made the largest GPS drawing by broycle.
  - 2- At the Great Pyramids of Giza
- B) 3- cat 4- heart

# Write a paragraph of four sentences:

I like Mohamed Salph. Hike him because he is a very good player. He plays for Liverpool, He won lots of cups and medals with his team.

#### "-" Unit (1) Test (1) "-"

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- What's your favorite sport?
- How often do you go to the track?

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- medal race winner
- distance friend athlete

#### Choose the correct word.

- 1- will win 2- faster 3- because 4- support
- 5- come 6- highest 7- or

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- Will you make fun of your friend?
- 2- How fast can be run?
- 3- Al: can jump farther than Mazen.
- 4- I will help my mum

#### S Read the following passage:

- A) 1- It's something which is the fastest, biggest, oldest, or smallest in the world
  - 2- He scored the highest number of goals in one season-32 goals.
- B) 3- seven
- 4- football

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences:

I do lots of things to get ready for a competition. I train hard. I eat healthy food. I measure my time, I get support from other people.

# Unit (2)

#### **Lesson (1)**

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- brain skeletan blood
- heart fungs body

#### Match (A) with (B):

- 1- A gas which all living organisms need.
- 2- We need these to help us grow
- These carry blood without a lot of oxygen in it to the heat.
- These carry blood with oxygen in it away from the heart
- A liquid that carries oxygen and numents around your body
- 6) Veins and artenes

# Read the following passage:

- A) 1- About 70 times a minute.
  - 2- it moves blood around the body.
- B) 3- brain
- 4- skeleton

## S Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Blood carries oxygen and nutrients to all parts of the body.
  - 2- The heart pumps it out to the rest of the body in the arteries.
- B) 3- Veins
- 4- lungs

#### **Lesson (2)**

#### O Supply the dialogue:

- No, I'm not. Why
- I'm going to visit my grandma.

#### 3 Choose the correct word:

- 1) is 2) are 3) am 4) are 5) is
- 6) are 7) going 8) go 8) is going to wear
- 10) is going to buy 11) Are 12) climb 13) isn't 14) have 15) going 16) Is

## O Supply the missing letters:

- skeleton bone muscles
- ribs skull brain
- knee elbow jaw
- heart lungs arm

#### S Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Because it keeps us strong and helps us move.
- 2- We need muscles to move our bones.
- B) 3- elbows
- 4- hard

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences: I'm going to play with my friends. I'm going to watch TV. I'm going to visit my grandparents. I'm going to go to the park. I'm going to eat lunch there.

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- She's going to play with her friends tomorrow.
- 2) We're going to ride our bikes on Friday.
- 3) He's not going to go to the dub.
- 4) is she going to wear her sunglasses?
- 5) I'm going to watch TV.
- 6) Are you going to watch TV?
- 7) Is he going to help at home?
- We're going to go to Alexandria next week.
- 9) No, I'm not.
- 10) Yes, she is

#### **Lesson (3)**

#### Supply the missing parts:

- No. I don't.

- I usually have sandwiches and fruit.
- How often do you eat fruit?

## **9** Supply the missing letters:

- hungry argument night
- vegetables juice sleep
- relaxed cross water
- tired fruit late
- breakfast lunch dinner

#### Write the correct phrases:

- 1) be positive 2) be in a good mood
- 3) have an argument
- 4) be calm
- 5) stay up late
- 6) skip breakfast

#### Complete the sentences using:

- 1) stay up late
- 2) be positive
- 3) is in good mood 4) have an argument
- 5) skip breakfast
- 6) is calm

#### **6** Put a (✓) or (≈):

- Laila (*) Adam (✓) Dareen (✓)
- Zain (*) Malak (*)

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences: I'm healthy. I exercise every day. I sleep 8 hours a day. I watch TV one hour every

hours a day. I watch TV one hour every night. I never play video games. I usually eat healthy food.

#### **Lesson (4)**

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- No, It isn't.
- Is it our lungs?
- Is it our skin?

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- sunburn skin sunscreen
- germs weather hot
- top middle bottom

#### 3 Read the passage and answer:

- 1- cook / warm
- 2- Water
- 3- blood vessels
- 4- bones / muscles
- 5- sunburn

#### **Lesson (5)**

- Complete the sentences using:
- 1) mouth
- 2) teeth
- 3) chew / tongue
- 4) saliva :
- 5) swallow 6) stomach
- breaks down
- 8) absorb

- Supply the missing letters: - stomach - mouth - swallow
- teeth chew tongue
- absorb jaw liquid

#### Read the following passage:

- A) 1- We get energy and nutrients.
  - 2- This is a liquid made in our mouth.
- B) 3- mouth
- 4- absorb

#### Number in order:

- 1- We chew food in our mouths
- Saliva helps break down the food in our mouths.
- 3- We swallow the food.
- 4) Muscles help push food from our mouths into our stomach.
- Stomach acid breaks down the food in our stomach.
- 6) The body absorbs nutrients from our food.

#### *-* Unit (2) Test (2) *-*

#### Tupply the missing parts:

- How often do you sleep?
- Yes, I do.

## Supply the missing letters:

- skull heart lungs
- elbow skin germs

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1- going 2- always 3- is 4- to
- 6- nutrients 7- wear 8- blood 5- go

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- Is he going to ride a horse?
- 2- I'm going to play with my friends.
- 3- No, they aren't.
- 4- We're not going to do exercise after school.

#### Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Hady is going to read some books.
  - 2- Sameh is going to go to the cinema.
- B) 3- one sister
- 4- holiday

## Write a paragraph of four sentences:

There are a lot of organs in our body. The heart moves blood around our body. The skeleton makes us strong. The stomach helps in digestion. The skin protects us. Our bones make us move.

#### Lesson (1)

#### U Supply the missing parts:

- Do you eat healthy food?
- Yes. Milk and cheese.

@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

Yes. Pasta, bread and rice.

#### Supply the missing letters:

- carbohydrates protein vegetables
- fats sugar dairy
- balance energy bona

#### **U** Read the following passage:

- 1) vitamins 2) protein 3) dairy 4) fats
- 5) Calcium B) carbohydrates 7) fiber
- 8) mineral 9) protein 10) Carbohydrates
- 12) sugar 11) Fats

## Write a paragraph of four sentences: leat healthy food. I have milk, eggs and

cheese for breakfast. I have fish and vegetables for lunch. I have sandwiches and fruit for dinner.

#### **Lesson (2) **

#### Match (A) with (B):

- 1) when your body gets enough water.
- when your body doesn't get enough.
- the parts of your body that move.
- 4) things you don't want in your body; they can make you ill.
- 5) how hot or cold you feel.
- a liquid that comes out of your skin when you are hot.

#### Supply the missing parts:

- Do you eat enough fruit or vegetables?
- But you should eat enough fruit or vegetables.
- Yes, I know I should.

#### Supply the missing letters:

- soil sweat joints
- roots toxins health
- temperature organs headache

#### Choose the word(s):

- 1) should 2) shouldn't 3) go 4) eat
- 5) drink
  - 6) Should
- 7) drink
- 8) you should 9) should 10) you shouldn't

## S Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Our blood is about 82% water.
  - 2- You feel tired and you don't have a lot of energy. You can get a headache or find it difficult to think.
- B) 3- sweat
- 4- toxins

#### Read and complete:

- 1) should 2) shouldn't 3) Should / should 4) shouldn't
- 5) Should / shouldn't
- 6) should

# Write a paragraph of four sentences:

Water is very important. Water helps our body. Animals need water to live. Plants need water to grow.

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- You should do exercise.
- You shouldn't drink soda.
- You should always be hydrated.
- 4- Should you drink enough water?
- 5- No. I shouldn't.
- 6- You should make your body strong.
- 7- You shouldn't sleep for only five hours.
- 8- Yes, you should.
- 9- Should you drink lots of sweet drinks?
- You shouldn't have an unhealthy body.

#### * * Lesson (3) * *

#### U Supply the missing parts:

- Candies is my favorite snack.
- Why? Is sugar unhealthy?

## Match (A) and (B):

- how much you should eat at one time.
- the amount of energy in food
- 3- a mineral we need.
- 4- the right amount.
- 5- more than we need.

#### Read and answer the questions:

- 1- chocolate brownie.2- chocolate brownie.
- 3- chocolate brownie.
- cake and chocolate brownie.
- 5- Yes, Chocolate brownie.
- 6- Yes. Chocolate brownie.

#### Read the following passage:

- A) 1- To find out what is in our food that helps us decide if it is healthy or unhealthy.
  - 2- Sodium is a mineral.
- B) 3- calories
- 4- half

## *Lesson (4) * *

#### f U Supply the missing letters:

- electricity container fire
- can fridge jar
- sick heat sand

#### Complete using the following words:

- 1) water / nutrients
- 2) salt / preserve
- 3) containers
- 4) electricity

#### Read the following passage:

- A) 1- to keep it fresh and safe.
  - You put the food in a liquid with salt, and close the can. No air gets into the jar or can.
- B) 3- bad
- 4- healthy

#### **Lesson (5)**

#### Read the following passage:

- A) 1- It stops our arteries working as well. as they should. Over a long time, this can damage our heart.
  - 2- If we have too much sugar, our brains get a lot of energy quickly. This can make our brain confused.
- B1 3- mouth
- 4- absorb

#### Supply the missing letters:

- snack dentist anxious
- teaspoon list yogurl

## Write a paragraph of four sentences:

I eat biscuits. It's one of my snacks, It contains 290 calorles, It contains 19 grams fats. It contains 22 grams sugar.

#### *-* Unit (3) Test (3)*-*

#### f U Supply the missing parts:

- No, you shouldn't.
- What should I have?

#### Supply the missing letters:

- pollution water sugar
- vegetables dentist fire station

## Choose the correct word:

- 1- should
- 2- sugar
- 3- drink
- 4- Calones 5- dehydrated 6- preserve
- 7- carbohydrates 8- you shouldn't.

## Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- You shouldn't drink pure water.
- 2- Should I eat unhealthy food.



Or: Yes, you should eat healthy food.

- 3- You shouldn't have sweet snacks.
- 4- No, you shouldn't.

#### 6 Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Dalia eats chicken and rice for lunch.
  - 2- at nine o'clock in the evening.
- B) 3- chicken
- 4- biscuits
- Write a paragraph of four sentences: We should eat fruit and vegetables. We

shouldn't drink soda. We should drink enough water. We shouldn't eat candies or sweets.

#### Unit (4)

#### **Lesson (1)*1

## O Supply the missing parts:

- No, it wasn't.
- Was it a fennec fox?

#### Write the correct word under each:

- 1) fennec fox 2) sea lion 3) cobra
- 4) spider monkey 5) chimpanzee
- 6) macaw 7) sloth 8) cheetah

## Choose the word(s):

- 1- went
- 2- Was
- 3) had

- 4) look
- moved
- 6) Was

- 7) saw
- 8) wasn't

#### **Lesson (2)**

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- What might you do tomorrow?
- I might meet my friends.
- ~ I might not play video games.

#### ② Supply the missing letters:

- nest burrow river
- hunt hide chase
- hole grass leaves
- turtle rabbit goose
- pwl penguin whate

#### Choose the word(s):

- 1- might not 2- might 3- live 4- might
- 5- might not 6- climb 7- might
- B- build
- 9- might not
- 10- dig

#### Read the following passage:

A) 1- By watching what they do in wildlife parks.

- 2- Animals take shelter so they can stay warm, be safe from other animals and protect their families.
- B) 1- nests 2- holes 3- burrows / shelter 4- hide 5- chase / hunt 6- live

#### Read and match:

- 1) lives in a large group called a colony.
- 2) lives in a hole in a tree.
- 3) takes shelter under rocks in rivers.
- 4) hunt other animals to eat.

#### **Lesson (3)**

#### Write the correct word under each:

- 1) rainforest 2) wetland 3) polar
- 4) grassland 5) desert 6) equator

#### 2 Read the following passage:

- 1) polar
- 2) rainforest
- 3) wetland
- 4) rainforest 5) rainforest
  - 6) wetland

#### 3 Read the following passage:

- Because the equator gets the most sunshine.
- Because they don't get a lot of sunshine.
- 3) Wetland and rainforests.
- 4) Desert and grassland.

#### **Lesson (4)**

## O Supply the missing letters:

- rainforest tent insect
- spider butterfly lizard
- frog snake hunt

#### Read the following passage:

#### A) Read and mark (<) or (=)

- 1-(*)
- 2-(1)
- 3-(1)
- 4- (×)
- 5-(1)
- 6-

#### B) Read again and complete:

- 1) emergent 2) food 3) sloths 4) humid
- 5) frogs 6) forest floor 7) sunlight

#### **Lesson (5) **

#### Write the correct word under each:

- flood drought deforestation
- machine pollution fire
- volcano factory garbage

#### 2 Read the following passage:

#### A) Write the word that refers to each:

- 1- pollution 2- building 3- volcanoes
- 4- deforestation
  - 5- flood
- 6- fire 7- drought

#### B) Read again and write one word:

- 1) Flood 2) Deforestation 3) Pollution
- 4) Building 5) volcano /ash
- 6) plants / food 7) drought

#### **3** Read these positive effects:

- 1) flood 2) volcano 3) fire
- Read again and choose:
- 1) water brings nutrients to the land.
- 2) the ash is good for the soil.
- 3) the nutrients go into the soil.

#### *-* Unit (4) Test (4) *-*

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- I might watch TV.
- I might do my homework.

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- nest macaw rainforest
- desert volcano pollution

#### S Choose the correct word:

- 1- North Pole 2- might not 3- hunt
- 4- might 5- sloth 6- eat
- 7- tropical 8- Was

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- She might not drink orange juice.
- 2- Where did you go?
- 3- I might help at home.
- 4- It didn't have a long tail

#### 6 Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Because the lake is a habitat for lots of wildlife. It is also a beautiful place for people to visit and relax. 2- Yes, I do.
- B) 3- edge 4- pollute

## 6 Write a paragraph of four sentences:

The penguin lives in the polar parts. The camel lives in the desert. The lion lives in the rainforest. The polar bear lives in the polar parts.

# Unit (5)

#### **Lesson (1)**

#### Supply the missing parts:

- No, it haven't. Yes, it is.
- Monuments, fresh water, trees and plants.

#### 2 Write the correct word under each:

- 1) food 2) shade
- 3) medicine

4) baskets 5) protection

#### Write the correct word:

- 1) soak 2) underground river 3) herb
- 4) oasis 5) surface
  - ) surface 6) spring

#### Supply the missing letters:

- lake desert mountain
- shade dates storm
- ground wood palm tree
- farmer medicine sick

#### S Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1) oasis 2) s
  - 2) spring
- 3) herbs
- 4) sandstorm 5) Deserts 6) medicine
- 7) rivers 8) palm 9) farmer 10) shade

#### 6 Choose the word(s): (Structures)

- 1- has 2- have 3- have 4- has
- 5- have 6- has 7- have 8- visited
- 9- seen 10- Have 11- never
- 12-swum 13-taken 14-have lived
- 15- ever 16- haven't

## **?** Read the passage and answer:

- A) 1- To make baskets. 2- Acacia trees.
- B) 3- shade 4- Basil
- C) Match:
- 1) you can get hard wood from this tree.
- 2) this special tree gives lots of shade.
- you can make baskets with the leaves of this tree.
- you can put this herb in food or drink.
- these small trees protect the oasis from sandstorms.
- 6) this herb has vitamins and minerals in it.

#### **3** Write a paragraph of four sentences:

Siwa Oasis is an interesting place, it's in the desert. There's water in springs there. People can grow plants. They can keep animals. There are date palm trees there. There are also monuments there.

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) Have you ever seen a snake?
- 2) He has taken lots of sandwiches.
- 3) No. I haven't
- They have seen lots of interesting places.
- 5) Have you ever tried Siwari food?
- 6) She has swum in the swimming pool.
- 7) Yes, I have
- I have given my mum a present.

#### **Lesson (2)**

#### Write the correct word number each:

- cloud heat experiment
- river float evaporation
- sea condensation wind

#### Read the passage and answer:

- A) 1- It makes it evaporate.
  - 2- Precipitation is when water falls from the clouds as rain, snow, or hail.
- B) 3- rises up
- 4- Groundwater
- C) Complete:
- 1) Precipitation
- 2) runoff
- groundwater
- 4) evaporation
- 5) Condensation
- water cycle

#### Match (A) with (B):

- The sun turns water into vapor. Vapor. rises into the atmosphere.
- 2) Water vapor rises and starts to cool. It becomes clouds.
- Water falls from the clouds as rain. snow or hail.
- 4) When rain falls on high ground, it runs down mountains as rivers.
- Some water soaks into the ground and flows in rivers that are under the ground.
- How water in rivers becomes clouds. then rainfall, then runoff, then rivers that are under the ground.

## Complete using the following words:

- * rivers deeper sea.
- ground surface take cycle

#### S Read the water facts then answer:

- 1) False
- 2) True
- 3) False

- 4) False
- 5) True

## **Lesson (3) **

## f U Supply the missing letters ;

- came! dry hooves
- cactus hump wet
- map spines tube
- skin fur roots
- spring summer winter
- fall hundred thousand

## Match (A) with (B):

- It doesn't often rain here.
- 2) There is a lot of rain here for most of the year.
- There is water on the ground here.

- The water here is ice.
- There is a lot of rain in fall and winter. There is less in spring and summer.

#### Read the passage and answer:

- A) 1- They change the way they behave in order to survive in their habital.
  - 2- Plants need water to grow, and animals need to drink to live.

#### B) Write T (True) or F (False)

- 1- (=) 2-(4)
- 3-(=)

- 4- (x)
- 5-(4)
- 6-(*)

## Ocrcle the word with the (e) sound:

- 1) acacia
- 2) cheetah 3) under
- 4) shelter
- 5) doctor

#### *-* Unit (5) Test (5)*-*

#### f U Supply the missing parts:

- Have you ever climbed a mountain?
- Yes, I do.

#### Supply the missing letters:

- casis shade evaporation
- river fall spines

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1- Have 2- river 3- lived 4- condenses
- 5- never 6- shelter 7- eaten 8- spring

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- Have you ever eaten dates?
- 2- He has seen lots of beautiful birds.
- 3- No. I haven't.
- 4- She has given me her pen.

#### **S** Read the following passage:

- A) 1- It's very hot.
- 2- Yes, it is.
- B) 3- windy
- 4- sunny

## Write a paragraph of four sentences:

Water is very important. Humans need to drink water every day. Animals need water to live. Plants need water to grow,

# Unit (6

#### *Lesson (1)*

## U Supply the missing letters:

- flood canal drain
- dam barrier pump
- sandbag pipe rain
- lightning airport street

- Choose the word(s):
- 1) flood 2) dam 3) drain 4) pump
- 5) pipes 6) canal 7) barrier 8) sandbags

#### Read the following passage:

- A) 1- There was a flood in Egypt.
  - Because there was a flood.
- B) 3- closed 4- Cairo

#### **Lesson (2)**

- Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)
- 1) minimize 2) wash away 3) install
- 5) ruin 4) protect 6) collapse

## 2 Choose the word(s): (Structures)

- 1) many 2) much 3) enough
- 4) enough 5) are 8) is 7) isn't
- 8) aren't 9) much 10) enough 11) many 12) enough 13) is 14) is 15) is 16) are

#### Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Flood water can ruin homes, shops, and offices, it can wash away roads or make bridges and homes collapse.
- 2- We can minimize the dangerous effects of flooding.
- B) 3- Meteorologists 4- pumps

#### C) Read again and match:

- to damage or destroy something.
- to carry something away with water.
- Io fall down. 4) to keep something safe.
- to say what might happen in the future.
- 6) to tell people that something bad will happen, so they can prepare.
- to put something in.
- 8) to make something smaller or less.

## Rewrite the following sentences:

- There are too many glasses of water.
- There isn't enough money to buy the T-shirt.
- There aren't enough cups. Or: We don't have enough cups.
- 4) There's too much bread in the kitchen.
- There are too many trees in the garden.
- There are too many cups of coffee.
- There aren't enough books
- 8) There isn't enough cheese to make sandwiches Or; We don't have enough cheese to make sandwiches.
- 9) There are too many cars in the streets of the city.

#### There is too much sugar in her tea.

#### **Lesson (3)**

#### Write the words in the correct:

TYTHE HE WOLDS III the Correct.	
Negative	Positive
bossy	brave - polite
cowardly	wise - loyal
lazy	cooperative
mean	generous
selfish	responsible
moody	caring

#### Circle two correct words of each:

- funny / bossy - moody / selfish
- calm / generous polite / cooperative
- responsible / brave

#### Read the passage and answer:

- A) Put a (✓) or (*):
  - 2-(4) 1- (×)
- 3- (×) 4- ( )

#### B) Find words in the text that mean...:

- 1) dangerous
- 2) rescue 3) scary
- sick / Injured heavy rainfall

#### **Lesson (4)**

#### U Supply the missing letters:

- farmer well imgation
- soil spray drip
- Ancient Egyptians statue farm

#### Read the following passage:

- A) Answer the following questions:
- 1) From wells, canals or rivers.
- Pumps.
- It can take too much water out of rivers, lakes, and springs.
- Because it covers a whole field in water.
- B) Put a (√) or (×):
- 1- (×)
- 2- (×)
- 3- (\(\sigma\) 4- (🗸)

#### **Lesson (5) **

#### • Read the following passage:

- A) Answer the following questions:
- 2.500 years old.
- More than 200.
- 3) Six.
- Because of gravity.
- Because it's the largest dam in the world. 7) Salt.
- To higher ground.
- It uses a lot of energy.
- B) Write T (True) or F (False): 1- (=) 2-(1)
  - 3. (×)

- 5- (🗸)
- 6- (4)
- 7- (×)

## Match (A) with (B):

- 1) taking salt out of seawater.
- it carries water long distances.
- it turns around like a wheel.
- 4) a take created by stopping water in a
- a wheel that uses running water to create energy.

#### *-* Unit (6) Test (6)*-*

#### U Supply the missing parts:

- No, I don't.
- I have only three pounds.

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- waterwheel bucket flood
- pump irrigation Ancient Egyptians

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1- High Dam 2- much
- 3- volunteer
- 4- enough
- 5- pipes 6- many
- 7- drains
- 8- isn't

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- There are too many plates of meet.
- 2- There isn't enough water for deserts to be green land.
- There is too much salt in his food.
- 4- There aren't enough pencils for my friends. Or: I don't have enough pencils for my friends.

#### S Read the following passage:

- A) 1- Near Benha, 2- Seven.
- B) 3- happy
- 4- cows

# Write a paragraph of four sentences:

It's a shadoof. It's very old. It was used in an oasis in the desert. It worked when a bucket went into a well and brought up water.

# Part (2) Final Revision

# Revision on unit (1)

#### U Supply the missing letters:

- track / athlete / measure
- jump / throw / run

- win / race / medal
- field / distance / competition
- exercise / warm up / healthy food
- friend / parents / apologize
- sad / happy / scared
- swimming / city / citadel
- space / bicycle / footballer
- score / national team / cup
- cvclist / pyramids / heart
- map / famous / meter

#### Ohoose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1) record
- 2) track
- 3) warm up 6) Exercise
- 4) second 7) race
- 5) athlete 8) far
  - 9) medal 10) support
- 11) compete 12) cyclist
  - 13) win
- 14) fast
- 5) train
- 16) kilometer 17) healthy 18) distance 19) measures
- 20) fit
- 21) high
- 22) challenge

## 3 Choose the word(s): (Structures)

- 1) will win
- 2) come
- 3) won't 4) won't
- 5) will 8) will be
- 9) Will
- 6) won't
- 7) get 10) will

#### Choose the word(s): (Adjectives)

- 1) faster
- 2) highest
- 3) slower than

6) father

- 4) the fastest 5) the highest 7) faster
  - 8) the farthest

# S Choose the word(s): (Structures)

1) so 2) and 3) so 4) or 5) but 6) because

#### Read the check (✓) or cross (ዶ):

1-(*)  $2-(\checkmark)$  3-(*)  $4-(\checkmark)$   $5-(\checkmark)$ 

## Read and order:

- 1- How far can she iump?
- 2- How fast can be run?
- 3- How far can she throw the ball?
- 4- How high can he jump?

#### Write sentences showing:

Good friends	Good friends
never	should
spread rumors	listen



make fun of	support
tell secrets	have fun
pressure sameone	apologize

#### O Circle the different (c) sound:

1- city 2- ice 3- cake 4- race

#### Read and tick:

1- hour 2- centimeter 3- kilometer 4- second

## • Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- Will you make fun of your friend?
- 2- How fast can she run?
- 3- Samy can jump farther than Ziad.
- 4- It won't be easy to win today.
- 5- I don't like high jump or long jump.
- 6- Will he play tennis?
- 7- Yes, he will.
- 8- How far can he jump?
- 9- He went to bed late so he was late for school.
- Or; He was late for school because he went to bed late.
- 10- He will wear a red T-shirt tomorrow.
- 11- Cycling is her favorite sport but she is not a fast cyclist.
- 12- How fast can she run?
- 13- He is good at football and tennis
- 14- No, I won't.
- 15- The winner will be happy.
- 16- He will win the competition because he's training hard
- 17- I will meet my friends.

## > 1 Unit (1) Test (1) 1 /

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- I will go to the club.
- Will you meet your friends there?

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- track apologize swimming
- cyclist athlete winner

#### 3 Choose the correct word:

- 1) won't 2) higher 3) but 4) slowest
- 5) so 6) will win 7) often 8) run

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) He will get a medal tomorrow.
- She trains every day because she wants to win a medal.
- i don't like basketball or handball.

#### 4) Will she throw the ball.

#### S Read the following passage:

- A-1- He wants to compete in the school long jump competition.
  - 2- He warms up with him and measures the distance he jumps.
- B-3- third 4- three

# Write a paragraph of four sentences: Football is my hobby. I go to the club every week. I play it with my friends. I sometimes play it at school. I want to be a famous player.

# Revision on unit (2)

#### O Supply the missing letters:

- brain / skeleton / heart
- lungs / bone / knee
- nbs / elbow / jaw
- -leg / arm / helmet
- wear / mountain / park
- rock / sunglasses / pad
- climb / tired / cross
- relaxed / hungry / fruit
- vegetables / candies / soda
- breakfast / lunch / dinner
- cup / juice / sleep
- angry / skin / germs
- sunscreen / hot / cook
- top / middle / bottom
- weather / wood / food
- body / stomach / mouth
- teeth / tongue / moon

#### Ochoose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1) muscles 2) Bones 3) heart
- 4) oxygen and nutrients 5) skin 6) Oxygen
- 7) Arteries 8) skull 9) nutrients 10) blood

#### Ochoose the word(s): (Structures)

- 1) is 2) are 3) am 4) are 5) is 6) are
- 7) going 8) going 9) go 10) wear 11) is
- 12) always 13) to 14) isn't 15) go
- 16) is going to wear 17) Are

#### Ocomplete the sentences using:

- 1) heart 2) skin 3) lungs
- 4) arteries 5) muscles 6) skeleton
- 7) skull 8) saliva 9) stomach 10) tongue



#### Match (A) with (B):

- 1) breaks down food in our stomach.
- the sun, as well as dirt and germs.
- soft organs such our heart and lungs.
- 4) oxygen and nutrients around the body.
- 5) in our veins, because it is used in the body.
- 6) chew food, to move our jaw.

### **©** Read and complete:

- 1- Veins
- 2- blood
- 3- nutrients
- 4- Arteries 5- blood vessels

#### Read and circle:

- 1- liquid
- 2- gas 3- without 4- with
- B Write in the correct table:

Long 'oo' sound	Short 'oo' sound
1) room	1) foot
2) tool	2) good
3) root	3) wood

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- is he going to ride a horse?
- 2- I'm going to visit my grandparents
- 3- No, they aren't.
- 4- We're not going to do exercise after
- 5- She's going to play with her friends tomorrow.
- 6- Are you going to watch TV?
- 7- No. I'm not.
- 8- Yes, she is.
- 9- is he going to help at home?
- 10-We're going to go to Alex next week.

# 

## U Supply the missing parts:

- Yes, I am.
- What are you going to go there?

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- skeleton sunscreen tongue
- knee heart bone

#### S Choose the correct word:

- 1) going 2) Is 3) brain 4) is going to buy
- 5) climb 6) never 7) tired 8) have

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) We're going to ride our bikes on Friday.
- He's not going to go to the club.
- 3) is she going to wear her sunglasses?
- i'm going to have a walk.

#### S Read the following passage:

- A-1- Fady is going to ride his bicycle in the morning.
  - 2- Farida is going to clean her bedroom in the morning.
- B- 3- four
- 4- watch TV

# **6** Write a paragraph of four sentences:

The human body is very amazing. We have thirty two teeth. We have 206 bones. They are strong and hard. We should eat the food that is good for our body. We shouldn't eat the food that is bad for our body.

# Revision on unit (3)

#### Tupply the missing letters:

- sugar / dairy / balance
- plate / strong / apple
- drink / eat / banana
- bread / pasta / rice
- -eggs / cereal / fish
- meat / olive oil / milk
- cheese / cake / biscuit
- animals / plants / water
- roots / tea / ill
- cookies / cold / salt
- chocolate brownie / can / iar
- pot / fire / mango
- salt / grapes / fridge
- heat / pollution / fire station
- dentist / teaspoon / list

#### Ochoose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1) sugar
  - 2) Calories 3) dehydrated
- 4) preserve 5) carbohydrates 6) vitamins 9) carbohydrates 8) fats
- 7) prolein
- 11) mineral 12) protein 10) fiber
- 13) dry 14) Fats 15) liquid 16) Blood
- 17) Carbohydrates 18) toxins 19) sweat
- 20) salt 21) stomach
- 23) containers

#### S Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1) vitamins 2) Carbohydrates 3) Protein
- 4) bones 5) oils 6) cake 7) sugar

#### Read and circle:

- teeth / heart / short / long / too much / worried
- Choose the word(s): (Structures)
- 1) should 2) dnnk
- 3) you shouldn't

5) shouldn't 6) go 7) eat 4) should 8) you shouldn't 9) dnnk 10) Should

6 Complete the sentences using:

2- should 3- shouldn't 1- should

4- shouldn't

Read and complete:

1- should train 2- He shouldn't skip

3- He shouldn't eat 4- He should eat

5- He shouldn't drink 6- He should drink

3 Do the quiz:

1- From the soil. 2-82 % 3-75%

4- You feel tired and you can't think.

5- 1.5 liters

Rewrite the following sentences:

1- You should drink pure water.

2- Should I eat unhealthy food?

3- You shouldn't have sweet snacks.

4- No, you shouldn't.

5- You shouldn't drink soda

6- You should always be hydrated.

7- Should you drink enough water?

8- You shouldn't have an unhealthy body.

9- You should make your body strong.

10- No. I shouldn't.

## % [ Unit (3) Test (3) [ ]

U Supply the missing parts:

What time do you get up?

I usually have milk, cheese and jam.

Supply the missing letters:

dairy – fridge – fruit

sugar – teeth – vegetables

Chaose the correct word:

1) Calcium 2) should 3) dairy 4) drink

5) hydrated 6) sugar 7) you should 8) soil

Rewrite the following sentences:

1) You should do exercise.

Yes, you should.

You shouldn't sleep for only five hours.

4) Should you drink lots of sweet drinks?

S Read the following passage:

A-1- Every Thursday.

2- Tomatoes, peas, potatoes and lettuce. B- 3- ice cream 4- juice

## Write a paragraph of four sentences:

You shouldn't eat too many sweets. You shouldn't eat crisps, biscuits or chocolate. You should eat fish, meat, vegetables and fruit. You shouldn't drink soda. You should drink enough water.

# Revision on unit (4)

#### Supply the missing letters:

- wildlife / tail / ears

- insect / river / grass

- stick / leaves / chase

– hunt / hide / turtle

- owl / goose / rabbit

penguin / whale / fox

- elephant / lion / meat

world / ground / desert

rainforest / feathers / birds

- spider / butterfly / lizard

- frog / snake / touch

smell / hear / sea

rain / tent / volcano

- garbage / machine / office

- factory / smoke / storm

lake / city / farm

## Match (A) with (B):

It lives in the sea.

2) It takes shelter under rocks in rivers.

It's long and thin and doesn't have legs.

It sleeps a lot and moves very slowly.

It lives in a hole in a tree.

6) It digs a burrow and lives in the desert.

# $oldsymbol{ \mathfrak{S}}$ Complete the sentences using:

1- rainforest 2- desert 3- equator

4- wetland 5- polar zone

6- temperate zone

## Read and circle:

snow / aren't any / burrows / warm / rivers / trees

## Read and choose:

1- Equator

2- South Pole

3- Grassland

4- Wetland and Desert

## 6 Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

1) North Pole

2) hunt

3) sloth

4) tropical

5) Cobra

6) Swamp

7) Butterflies 8) Equator

10) Pollution 11) disaster 12) Swamps

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#### Choose the word(s): (Structures)

- 1) might not 2) might 5) might
  - 6) Was
- 3) eat 4) Was
- 9) climb
- 10) look
- 7) might 8) had 11) might not
- 12) moved 13) build
- 14) Was
- 15) might not 16) saw 17) wasn't 18) dig

#### S - Unit (4) Test (4) | - -

#### U Supply the missing parts:

- Were you at school yesterday?
- I went to the park.

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- penguin fire garbage
- rainforest nest desert

#### 3 Choose the correct word:

- 1) might not 2) South Pole 3) went
- 5) nests 4) Macaw 6) might not
- 7) Volcanoes
- 8) live

#### • Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) Was it a fennec fox?
- 2) What did you love seeing?
- might go out with my friends.
- He might not come with us.

#### S Read the following passage:

- A-1- We sometimes visit the zoo in
  - summer.
- 2- It likes water.
- B- 3- big
- 4- bananas

## Write a paragraph of four sentences:

The lion is a wild animal, it lives in the forest. It eats other small animals. It's dangerous. We can see it at the zoo.

# Revision on unit (5)

# O Supply the missing letters:

- oasis / river / shade
- lake / mountain / desert
- herbs / olive oil / storm
- monuments / ground / wood
- paim tree / dates / plants
- medicine / sick / farmer
- -- tree / flowers / basket
- bowl / spoon / family
- earth / evaporation / condensation
- cloud / sea / wind
- sky / rain / experiment
- cactus / camel / hooves
- hump / spines / tube

- skin / fur / roots
- winter / summer / fall
- spring / map / drink

#### Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1) adapted 2) river
- 3) condenses
- 4) shelter
  - 5) spring 8) pasis
- 6) salt 9) spearmint
- 7) hooves 10) evaporate
- 11) sandstorm
- 12) condenses 13) Deserts 14) survive
- 15) medicine 16) Cactus 17) palm
- 18) farmer 19) shade 20) humps 21) fur

#### Structures)

- 1) has 2) have 3) have 4) has 5) have
- 6) has 7) have 8) Have 9) visited
- 10) lived 11) haven't 12) never 13) taken
- 14) have lived 15) Have 16) swum

#### Ocrrect the verbs as in the example:

- 2) hasn't eaten
- has traveled
- 4) haven't seen
- 5) have slept

## S Look and write as in the example:

- 2) Has he ever climbed a tower?
  - No, he hasn't
- 3) Has she ever swum in the sea?
  - Yes, she has,
- 4) Have they ever flown a helicopter?
  - No, they haven't.
- 5) Have you ever seen a cobra?
  - No, I haven't.
- B) Has it ever rained in the desert?
  - Yes, it has.

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- Have you ever eaten dates?
- He has seen lots of beautiful birds.
- 3- No. I haven't.
- 4- She has given me her pen.
- 5- They have seen lots of interesting
- B- Have you ever tried Siwan food?
- 7- Yes, I have.
- 8- I have given my mum a present.

#### S - Unit (5) Test (5) 122

#### U Supply the missing parts:

- I drink 1.5 liters of fresh water.
- From wells, lakes or rivers.

## Supply the missing letters:

desert – sick – water

condensation – hooves – pasis

#### 3 Choose the correct word:

- 1) spring 2) seen 3) herbs 4) ever
- 5) rivers 6) eaten 7) Precipitation 8) never

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) Have you ever seen a snake?
- 2) He has taken lots of sandwiches.
- 3) No. I haven't.
- 4) She has swum in the swimming pool.

#### 6 Read the following passage:

- A-1- In summer, the weather is very hot. 2- In fall.
- B- 3- seasons

4- winter

## **6** Write a paragraph of four sentences:

The camel is a big animal, it's perfect for the desert life. It has long eyelashes and nose to keep the sand out. It has wide feet to walk on the sand. It has humps to store food and water.

# Revision on unit (6)

#### O Supply the missing letters:

- flood / dam / pump
- drain / pipe / canal
- -sandbag / builder / lightning
- rain / ground / build
- river / airport / port
- street / scientist / engineer
- shop / office / road
- bridge / weather / injured
- scared / pleased / firefighter
- police officer / present / boat
- train / friend / farm
- Irrigation / spray / drip
- field / statue / Ancient Egyptians
- waterwheel / machine / castle
- bucket / temple / home

## 2 Choose the word(s): (Vocabulary)

- 1) High Dam 2) waterwheels 3) flood
- 4) volunteer 5) collapse 6) wells
- 7) pipes B) protect 9) drains
- 10) Meteorologists 11) dam 12) warn
- 13) pump 14) aqueducts 15) emergency
- 16) canal 17) rescue 18) barrier
- 19) sandbags 20) Desalination

#### **3** Read and complete:

- * rivers waterwheel irrigation
- * citadel tower canal

- * turbines electricity
- * fresh water technologies

#### Read and choose:

- 1) dam 2) oasis 3) sandbags
- 4) wash away 5) not much fresh water

## 6 Correct the verbs as in the example:

- 1) are 2) is 3) is 4) are 5) much
- 6) enough 7) many 8) isn't 9) are
- 10) is 11) isn't 12) aren't 13) much
- 14) enough 15) many 16) enough

#### G Circle the word:

- 1- cobra 2- water 3- enormous
- 4- wetland 5- nervous

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1- There are too many plates of meat.
- There isn't enough water for deserts to be green land.
- 3- There is too much slat in his food.
- 4- There aren't enough pencils to give my friends.
- 5- There are too many bottles of water.
- 6- There isn't enough money to buy the skirt.
- 7- There are too many trees in the park.
- 8- There aren't enough books for pupils in the class.
- 9- There are too many people in the streets of Cairo.
- 10- There is too much salt in her pizza.

#### S Unit (6) Test (6) 12

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- No, you can't.
- 2 Supply the missing letters:
- pipe farmer canal
- waterwheel airport pump

#### 3 Choose the correct word:

- 1) ruin 2) enough 3) drain 4) many
- 5) irrigation 6) enough 7) pipes 8) much

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- There aren't enough cups.
- 2) There is too much bread in the kitchen.
- 3) There are too many cups of coffee.
- There isn't enough cheese to make sandwiches.



#### S Read the following passage:

- A-1- Parks are places with lots of grass, trees, plants and flowers.
  - People can go, play and relax there.
     Lots of people like having their picnics there.
- B 3 bins

4- picnics

6 Write a paragraph of four sentences:

The life in deserts is a hard life. There is little rain. There is little water, It's hot and dry. There aren't many animals. There aren't many people there. They live in tents or houses made of mud bricks.

# Part (3) school Exams

#### Test (1)

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- -I can run 90 meters in 40 seconds.
- Will you win the race?

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- flood tongue sugar
- pasis volcano athlete

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1) track 2) will win 3) deserts 4) going
- 5) vitamins 6) ever

7) might not

8) North Pole

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) Will he play tennis?
- 2) You shouldn't have an unhealthy body.
- 3) It didn't have a long tail.
- 4) There aren't enough cups.

#### S Read the following passage:

- A- 1- It was warm and sunny.
  - 2- At five o'clock in the afternoon.
- B-3-nice

4- happy

#### 6 Write a paragraph of four sentences:

Manar is my best friend. She's nine years old. She's in grade three. She likes reading and painting. She hopes to be a doctor in the future.

#### Test (2)

#### O Supply the missing parts:

- Yes, I am.
- I'm going to fly my kite.

#### 2 Supply the missing letters:

- stomach race waterwheel
- rainforest shade roots

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1) warm up 2) won't 3) to
- 4) aren't
- 5) shouldn't 6) oasis 7) visited 8) flood

#### • Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) I don't like fish or chicken.
- 2) Have you ever tried Siwan food?
- 3) It won't be easy to win today.
- 4) There is too much bread in the kitchen.

#### • Read the following passage:

- A- 1- Good nutrition can help prevent health problems. 2- prevent - tips
- B-3-plenty 4- weight

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences:

Allah is a great creator. Look at the nature around us. There are mountains, hills and lakes. There are also islands, forests, seas rivers and oceans. The weather is different. It might be cold, hot, warm or cool.

# Test (3)

#### Supply the missing parts:

- No. I don't.
- How often do you drink water.

#### Supply the missing letters:

- brain dam pot
- mountain friends world

#### O Choose the correct word:

- 1) drain 2) higher 3) nutrients 4) enough
- 5) protein 6) go
- 7) might
- 8) hunt

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) Football is my favorite sport but I'm not a good footballer.
- She might not drink orange juice.
- I have given my mum a present.
- There are too many trees in the garden.

#### • Read the following passage:

- A- 1- Because it allows your body to rest for the next day.
  - 2- You can feel tired, sad or angry.
- B-3-better 4-ten

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences:

Rainforests grow in hot countries. There are lots of plants and trees there. Animals and birds live in rainforests. They are useful to the environment. Rain forests are in danger because people cut down trees.

# Test (4)

#### Supply the missing parts:

- Do you eat healthy food?
- Yes. Meat and fish.

#### Supply the missing letters:

- desert fire winner
- pump lake skeleton

#### Choose the correct word;

- 1) athletes 2) because
- 3) oxygen and nutrients 4) is going to buy
- 5) dairy 6) eat 7) drain 8) sloth

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) She will win the first medal because she's training hard.
- No, I haven't.
- 3) There are too many cars in the streets of the city.
- 4) Should you drink lots of sweet drinks?

#### Read the following passage:

- A- 1- Deserts are generally hot, dry regions.
  - 2- They are sandy hills.
  - 3- The Sahara Desert is the biggest desert in the world. It measures about 9 million square kilometers.
- B-4- nine million
- 5- Africa

#### 6 Write a paragraph of four sentences:

My uncle's farm is large. He grows grains. He keeps animals. He has machines on his farm. He produces lots of crops.

## Test (5)

#### Supply the missing parts:

- I might watch a movie.
- Yes, I will.

#### Supply the missing letters:

- medal heart hump
- fridge drain hunt

#### S Choose the correct word:

- 1) cyclist 2) so
  - 3) blood
- 4) Are 8) seen
- 5) fats 6) volunteer 7) is

#### Rewrite the following sentences:

- I was hungry so I ate all my sandwiches.
- 2) He is good at throwing and jumping.
- Where did you go?
- You should always be hydrated.

#### S Read the following passage:

- A- 1- They will be modern and more beautiful.
  - 2- They may eat some new kinds of food.
- B-3-home
- 4- better

#### 6 Write a paragraph of four sentences:

Football is my favorite sport. I play it in the club. I play it with my friends. My favorite player is Mohamed Salah. I hope to be a famous player.

# Test (6)

#### Supply the missing parts:

- Running.
- How often do you go to the track?

#### Supply the missing letters:

- pipe pollution lungs
- distance insect cactus

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1) race 2) run 3) skin 4) climb
- 5) Calcium 6) much 7) climb 8) Have

#### • Rewrite the following sentences:

- She will (is going to) play with her friends tomorrow.
- 2) He has taken lots of sandwiches.
- There isn't enough cheese to make sandwiches.
- 4) Yes, you should.

#### G Read the following passage:

- A- 1- Crocodiles are dangerous animals.
  - 2- They hide in water to catch animals which come to drink. A crocodile hits with its head or tall and then pulls the animal to eat it under water.
- B- 3- crocodiles
- 4- teeth

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences:

It's important to be fit. You should be healthy. You should eat and drink fresh and healthy foods and drinks. You should exercise. You can go to the club with your friends to train there.

#### **Test (7)**

#### Supply the missing parts:

- No. I haven't.
- Monuments, springs of water, plants, trees and animals.

#### Supply the missing letters:

- chase heat condensation
- throw bone sandbag

#### Choose the correct word:

1) support 2) the farthest 3) skull

- 4) isn't 5) carbohydrates 6) you should
- 7) tropical 8) palm

#### • Rewrite the following sentences:

- We are going to ride our bikes on Friday.
- 2) You should do exercise.
- 3) I might wash my dad's car.
- He came fourth in the race because he didn't work hard.

#### 6 Read the following passage:

- A- 1- Exercise, food and sleep are the keys for good health.
  - 2- To be healthy and have energy.
- B- 3- fun 4- good

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences:

We went to the zoo last holiday. We went in my father's car, We saw lots of animals. We enjoyed a lot. We ate and drank there. We spent a nice time. We were happy.

# Test (8)

#### Supply the missing parts:

- What's this book about?
- Yes. Our national team has won the African Cup the most times in Africa.

#### 8 Supply the missing letters:

- jar ribs jump
- wildlife barrier evaporation

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1) record 2) or 3) heart 4) have
- 5) isn't 8) never 7) dig 8) enough

#### • Rewrite the following sentences:

- 1) He's not going to go to the club.
- 2) Have you ever seen a snake?
- There aren't enough books for pupils in the class.
- 4) Will she throw the ball?

#### 6 Read the following passage:

- A- 1- He is 35 years old.
  - 2- Because he can help sick people.
- B- 3- teacher 4- white cat

#### Write a paragraph of four sentences:

My school is clean and tidy, it's very useful to us. Teachers there help us a lot. We play and enjoy in the break. We go to the library to read. I like my school.